

Cisco

Exam Questions 300-730

Implementing Secure Solutions with Virtual Private Networks (SVPN)



NEW QUESTION 1

DRAG DROP

Drag and drop the correct commands from the right onto the blanks within the code on the left to implement a design that allow for dynamic spoke-to-spoke communication. Not all commands are used.

Select and Place:

Answer Area

Router A
interface Tunnell
ip address 10.0.0.1 255.255.255.0
ip nhrp mp multicast dynamic
ip nhrp network-id 1
ip nhrp
no ip split-horizon eigrp 10
tunnel source GigabitEthernet1
tunnel mode gre multipoint

interface GigabitEthernet1
ip address 1.1.1.1 255.255.255.0

router eigrp 10
network 10.0.0.0 0.0.0.255

Router B
interface Tunnell
ip address 10.0.0.2 255.255.255.0
ip nhrp nhs nbma multicast
ip nhrp network-id 1
ip nhrp
tunnel source GigabitEthernet1
tunnel mode gre multipoint

interface GigabitEthernet1
ip address 2.2.2.2 255.255.255.0

router eigrp 10
network 10.0.0.0 0.0.0.255

- A. Mastered
B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Reference: https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/ios-xml/ios/sec_conn_dmvpn/configuration/xr-16/sec-conn-dmvpn-xr-16-book/sec-conn-dmvpn-summaps.html

NEW QUESTION 2

On a FlexVPN hub-and-spoke topology where spoke-to-spoke tunnels are not allowed, which command is needed for the hub to be able to terminate FlexVPN tunnels?

- A. interface virtual-access
B. ip nhrp redirect
C. interface tunnel
D. interface virtual-template

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 3

Which two parameters help to map a VPN session to a tunnel group without using the tunnel-group list? (Choose two.)

- A. group-alias
- B. certificate map
- C. optimal gateway selection
- D. group-url
- E. AnyConnect client version

Answer: BD

NEW QUESTION 4

Which method dynamically installs the network routes for remote tunnel endpoints?

- A. policy-based routing
- B. CEF
- C. reverse route injection
- D. route filtering

Answer: C

Explanation:

Reference: https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/ios-xml/ios/sec_conn_vpnnav/configuration/12-4t/sec-vpn-availability-12-4t-book/sec-rev-rte-inject.html

NEW QUESTION 5

Which command identifies a Cisco AnyConnect profile that was uploaded to the flash of an IOS router?

- A. svc import profile SSL_profile flash:simos-profile.xml
- B. anyconnect profile SSL_profile flash:simos-profile.xml
- C. crypto vpn anyconnect profile SSL_profile flash:simos-profile.xml
- D. webvpn import profile SSL_profile flash:simos-profile.xml

Answer: C

Explanation:

Reference: <https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/docs/security/anyconnect-secure-mobility-client/200533-AnyConnect-Configure-Basic-SSLVPN-for-I.html>

NEW QUESTION 6

Cisco AnyConnect Secure Mobility Client has been configured to use IKEv2 for one group of users and SSL for another group. When the administrator configures a new AnyConnect release on the Cisco ASA, the IKEv2 users cannot download it automatically when they connect. What might be the problem?

- A. The XML profile is not configured correctly for the affected users.
- B. The new client image does not use the same major release as the current one.
- C. Client services are not enabled.
- D. Client software updates are not supported with IKEv2.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 7

Under which section must a bookmark or URL list be configured on a Cisco ASA to be available for clientless SSLVPN users?

- A. tunnel-group (general-attributes)
- B. tunnel-group (webvpn-attributes)
- C. webvpn (group-policy)
- D. webvpn (global configuration)

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 8

Refer to the exhibit.



Based on the exhibit, why are users unable to access CCNP Webserver bookmark?

- A. The URL is being blocked by a WebACL.
- B. The ASA cannot resolve the URL.
- C. The bookmark has been disabled.
- D. The user cannot access the URL.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 9

Which two statements about the Cisco ASA Clientless SSL VPN solution are true? (Choose two.)

- A. When a client connects to the Cisco ASA WebVPN portal and tries to access HTTP resources through the URL bar, the client uses the local DNS to perform FQDN resolution.
- B. The `rewriter enable` command under the global `webvpn` configuration enables the rewriter functionality because that feature is disabled by default.
- C. A Cisco ASA can simultaneously allow Clientless SSL VPN sessions and AnyConnect client sessions.
- D. When a client connects to the Cisco ASA WebVPN portal and tries to access HTTP resources through the URL bar, the ASA uses its configured DNS servers to perform FQDN resolution.
- E. Clientless SSLVPN provides Layer 3 connectivity into the secured network.

Answer: CD

NEW QUESTION 10

Which feature allows the ASA to handle nonstandard applications and web resources so that they display correctly over a clientless SSL VPN connection?

- A. single sign-on
- B. Smart Tunnel
- C. WebType ACL
- D. plug-ins

Answer: B

Explanation:

Reference: https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/asa/asa90/configuration/guide/asa_90_cli_config/vpn_clientless_ssl.html#29951

NEW QUESTION 10

Which command automatically initiates a smart tunnel when a user logs in to the WebVPN portal page?

- A. `auto-upgrade`
- B. `auto-connect`
- C. `auto-start`
- D. `auto-run`

Answer: C

Explanation:

Reference: https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/asa/asa91/configuration/vpn/asa_91_vpn_config/webvpn-configure-policy-group.html

NEW QUESTION 12

Refer to the exhibit.


```
group-policy DfltGrpPolicy internal
group-policy DfltGrpPolicy attributes
  banner none
  dns-server value 10.10.10.10
  vpn-tunnel-protocol ssl-clientless
  default-domain value cisco.com
  address-pools value ACPool

group-policy Admin_Group internal
group-policy Admin_Group attributes
  vpn-simultaneous-logins 10
  vpn-tunnel-protocol ikev2 ssl-clientless
  split-tunnel-policy tunnelall

tunnel-group Admins type remote-access
tunnel-group Admins general-attributes
  default-group-policy Admin_Group
tunnel-group Admins webvpn-attributes
  group-alias Admins enable

tunnel-group Employee type remote-access
tunnel-group Employee webvpn-attributes
  group-alias Employee enable

webvpn
  enable outside
  anyconnect image disk0:/anyconnect-win-4.7.01076-webdeploy-k9.pkg 1
  anyconnect enable
  tunnel-group-list enable
```

Which VPN technology is allowed for users connecting to the Employee tunnel group?

- A. SSL AnyConnect
- B. IKEv2 AnyConnect
- C. crypto map
- D. clientless

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 13

Refer to the exhibit.

```
Spoke1#
  local ident (addr/mask/prot/port): (192.168.1.1/255.255.255.255/ 47/0)
  remote ident (addr/mask/prot/port): (192.168.2.1/255.255.255.255/ 47/0)
  #pkts encaps: 200, #pkts encrypt: 200
  #pkts decaps: 0, #pkts decrypt: 0,
local crypto endpt.: 192.168.1.1,
remote crypto endpt.: 192.168.2.1
  inbound esp sas:
  spi: 034B32CA36 (1261619766)
  outbound esp sas:
  spi: 0xD601918E (1760427022)

Spoke2#
  local ident (addr/mask/prot/port): (192.168.2.1/255.255.255.255/ 47/0)
  remote ident (addr/mask/prot/port): (192.168.1.1/255.255.255.255/ 47/0)
  #pkts encaps: 210, #pkts encrypt: 210,
  #pkts decaps: 200, #pkts decrypt: 200,
local crypto endpt.: 192.168.2.1,
remote crypto endpt.: 192.168.1.1
  inbound esp sas:
  spi: 03D601918E (1760427022)
  outbound esp sas:
  spi: 034BS2CA36 (1261619766)
```

An engineer is troubleshooting a new GRE over IPsec tunnel. The tunnel is established but the engineer cannot ping from spoke 1 to spoke 2. Which type of traffic is being blocked?

- A. ESP packets from spoke2 to spoke1
- B. ISAKMP packets from spoke2 to spoke1
- C. ESP packets from spoke1 to spoke2
- D. ISAKMP packets from spoke1 to spoke2

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 15

An engineer is troubleshooting a new DMVPN setup on a Cisco IOS router. After the show crypto isakmp sa command is issued, a response is returned of "MM_NO_STATE." Why does this failure occur?

- A. The ISAKMP policy priority values are invalid.
- B. ESP traffic is being dropped.
- C. The Phase 1 policy does not match on both devices.
- D. Tunnel protection is not applied to the DMVPN tunnel.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 20

Refer to the exhibit.

```
ISAKMP: (0):beginning Main Mode exchange
ISAKMP-PAK: (0):sending packet to 192.168.0.8 my_port 500 peer_port 500 (I) MM_NO_STATE
ISAKMP-PAK: (0):received packet from 192.168.0.8 dport 500 sport 500 Global (I) MM_NO_STATE
ISAKMP: (0):Old State = IKE_I_MM1 New State = IKE_I_MM2
ISAKMP: (0):found peer pre-shared key matching 192.168.0.8
ISAKMP: (0):local preshared key found
ISAKMP: (0):Checking ISAKMP transform 1 against priority 10 policy
ISAKMP: (0):      encryption AES-CBC
ISAKMP: (0):      keylength of 256
ISAKMP: (0):      hash SHA256
ISAKMP: (0):      default group 14
ISAKMP: (0):      auth pre-share
ISAKMP: (0):      life type in seconds
ISAKMP: (0):      life duration (basic) of 1200
ISAKMP: (0):atts are acceptable. Next payload is 0
ISAKMP-PAK: (0):sending packet to 192.168.0.8 my_port 500 peer_port 500 (I) MM_SA_SETUP
ISAKMP: (0):Old State = IKE_I_MM2 New State = IKE_I_MM3
ISAKMP-PAK: (0):received packet from 192.168.0.8 dport 500 sport 500 Global (I) MM_SA_SETUP
ISAKMP: (0):Old State = IKE_I_MM3 New State = IKE_I_MM4
ISAKMP: (0):found peer pre-shared key matching 192.168.0.8
ISAKMP: (1005):Old State = IKE_I_MM4 New State = IKE_I_MM4
ISAKMP: (1005):pre-shared key authentication using id type ID_IPV4_ADDR
ISAKMP-PAK: (1005):sending packet to 192.168.0.8 my_port 4500 peer_port 4500 (I) MM_KEY_EXCH
ISAKMP: (1005):Old State = IKE_I_MM4 New State = IKE_I_MM5
ISAKMP-PAK: (1005):received packet from 192.168.0.8 dport 500 sport 500 Global (I) MM_KEY_EXCH
ISAKMP: (1005):phase 1 packet is a duplicate of a previous packet.
ISAKMP: (1005):retransmitting due to retransmit phase 1
ISAKMP: (1005):retransmitting phase 1 MM_KEY_EXCH...
ISAKMP: (1005):: incrementing error counter on sa, attempt 1 of 5: retransmit phase 1
ISAKMP-PAK: (1005):sending packet to 192.168.0.8 my_port 4500 peer_port 4500 (I) MM_KEY_EXCH
ISAKMP-PAK: (1005):received packet from 192.168.0.8 dport 500 sport 500 Global (I) MM_KEY_EXCH
ISAKMP: (1005):phase 1 packet is a duplicate of a previous packet.
ISAKMP: (1005):retransmitting due to retransmit phase 1
```

A site-to-site tunnel between two sites is not coming up. Based on the debugs, what is the cause of this issue?

- A. An authentication failure occurs on the remote peer.
- B. A certificate fragmentation issue occurs between both sides.
- C. UDP 4500 traffic from the peer does not reach the router.
- D. An authentication failure occurs on the router.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 23

Refer to the exhibit.


```
*Nov 26 00:52:20.002: IKEv2:(SESSION ID = 1,SA ID = 1):Received Packet [From 10.10.10.1:500/To 10.10.10.2:500/VRF i0:f0]
Initiator SPI : D5684E1462991856 - Responder SPI : 2162145C95256F6A Message id: 1
IKEv2 IKE_AUTH Exchange RESPONSE
*Nov 26 00:52:20.002: IKEv2-PAK:(SESSION ID = 1,SA ID = 1):Next payload: ENCR, version: 2.0 Exchange type: IKE_AUTH, flags: RESPONDER MSG-RESPONSE Message id: 1, length: 236
Payload contents:
VID Next payload: IDr, reserved: 0x0, length: 20
IDr Next payload: AUTH, reserved: 0x0, length: 12
Id type: IPv4 address, Reserved: 0x0 0x0
AUTH Next payload: SA, reserved: 0x0, length: 28
Auth method PSK, reserved: 0x0, reserved: 0x0
SA Next payload: TSi, reserved: 0x0, length: 40
last proposal: 0x0, reserved: 0x0, length: 35
Proposal: 1, Protocol id: ESP, SPI size: 4, #trans: 3 last transform: 0x3, reserved: 0x0: length: 8
type: 1, reserved: 0x0, id: 3DES
last transform: 0x3, reserved: 0x0: length: 8
type: 3, reserved: 0x0, id: SHA96
last transform: 0x0, reserved: 0x0: length: 8
type: 5, reserved: 0x0, id: Don't use ESN
TSi Next payload: TSr, reserved: 0x0, length: 24
Num of TSs: 1, reserved 0x0, reserved 0x0
TS type: TS_IPV4_ADDR_RANGE, proto id: 0, length: 16
start port: 0, end port: 65535
start addr: 30.30.30.0, end addr: 30.30.30.255
TSr Next payload: NOTIFY, reserved: 0x0, length: 24
Num of TSs: 1, reserved 0x0, reserved 0x0
TS type: TS_IPV4_ADDR_RANGE, proto id: 0, length: 16
start port: 0, end port: 65535
start addr: 20.20.20.0, end addr: 20.20.20.255
NOTIFY(SET_WINDOW_SIZE) Next payload: NOTIFY, reserved: 0x0, length: 12
Security protocol id: Unknown - 0, spi size: 0, type: SET_WINDOW_SIZE
NOTIFY(ESP_TFC_NO_SUPPORT) Next payload: NOTIFY, reserved: 0x0, length: 8
Security protocol id: Unknown - 0, spi size: 0, type: ESP_TFC_NO_SUPPORT
NOTIFY(NON_FIRST_FRAGS) Next payload: NONE, reserved: 0x0, length: 8
Security protocol id: Unknown - 0, spi size: 0, type: NON_FIRST_FRAGS

*Nov 26 00:52:20.003: IKEv2:(SESSION ID = 1,SA ID = 1):Process auth response notify
*Nov 26 00:52:20.003: IKEv2:(SESSION ID = 1,SA ID = 1):Searching policy based on peer's identity '10.10.10.1' of type 'IPv4 address'
*Nov 26 00:52:20.004: IKEv2-ERROR:(SESSION ID = 1,SA ID = 1):: Failed to locate an item in the database
*Nov 26 00:52:20.004: IKEv2:(SESSION ID = 1,SA ID = 1):Verification of peer's authentication data FAILED
*Nov 26 00:52:20.004: IKEv2:(SESSION ID = 1,SA ID = 1):Auth exchange failed
*Nov 26 00:52:20.004: IKEv2-ERROR:(SESSION ID = 1,SA ID = 1):: Auth exchange failed
Router#
*Nov 26 00:52:20.004: IKEv2:(SESSION ID = 1,SA ID = 1):Abort exchange
*Nov 26 00:52:20.004: IKEv2:(SESSION ID = 1,SA ID = 1):Deleting SA
```

The IKEv2 site-to-site VPN tunnel between two routers is down. Based on the debug output, which type of mismatch is the problem?

- A. preshared key
- B. peer identity
- C. transform set
- D. ikev2 proposal

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 26

Refer to the exhibit.

```
*Jul 16 20:21:25.317: ISAKMP (1004): received packet from 192.168.0.2 dport
500 sport 500 Global (R) MM_KEY_EXCH
*Jul 16 20:21:25.317: ISAKMP: reserved not zero on ID payload!
*Jul 16 20:21:25.317: %CRYPTO-4-IKMP_BAD_MESSAGE: IKE message from 192.168.0.2
failed its sanity check or is malformed
```

Which type of mismatch is causing the problem with the IPsec VPN tunnel?

- A. crypto access list
- B. Phase 1 policy
- C. transform set
- D. preshared key

Answer: D

Explanation:

Reference: <https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/docs/security-vpn/ipsec-negotiation-ike-protocols/5409-ipsec-debug-00.html#ike>

NEW QUESTION 31

Refer to the exhibit.

HUB configuration:

```
crypto ikev2 profile default
match identity remote fqdn domain cisco.com
identity local fqdn hub.cisco.com
authentication local rsa-sig
authentication remote pre-shared-key cisco
pki trustpoint CA
aaa authorization group cert list default default
virtual-template 1
```

SPOKE 1 configuration:

```
crypto ikev2 profile default
match identity remote fqdn domain cisco.com
identity local fqdn spoke.cisco.com
authentication local rsa-sig
authentication remote pre-shared-key cisco
pki trustpoint CA
aaa authorization group cert list default default
virtual-template 1
```

SPOKE 2 configuration:

```
crypto ikev2 profile default
match identity remote fqdn domain cisco.com
identity local fqdn spoke2.cisco.com
authentication local pre-shared-key flexvpn
authentication remote rsa-sig
pki trustpoint CA
aaa authorization group cert list default default
virtual-template 1
```

What is a result of this configuration?

- A. Spoke 1 fails the authentication because the authentication methods are incorrect.
- B. Spoke 2 passes the authentication to the hub and successfully proceeds to phase 2.
- C. Spoke 2 fails the authentication because the remote authentication method is incorrect.
- D. Spoke 1 passes the authentication to the hub and successfully proceeds to phase 2.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 34

Which technology works with IPsec stateful failover?

- A. GLBR
- B. HSRP
- C. GRE
- D. VRRP

Answer: B

Explanation:

Reference: https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/ios/12_2/12_2y/12_2yx11/feature/guide/ft_vpnha.html#wp1122512

NEW QUESTION 36

What are two functions of ECDH and ECDSA? (Choose two.)

- A. nonrepudiation
- B. revocation
- C. digital signature
- D. key exchange
- E. encryption

Answer: CD

Explanation:

Reference: https://tools.cisco.com/security/center/resources/next_generation_cryptography

NEW QUESTION 41

What uses an Elliptic Curve key exchange algorithm?

- A. ECDSA
- B. ECDHE
- C. AES-GCM
- D. SHA

Answer: B

Explanation:

Reference: <https://blog.cloudflare.com/a-relatively-easy-to-understand-primer-on-elliptic-curve-cryptography/>

NEW QUESTION 45

Which two remote access VPN solutions support SSL? (Choose two.)

- A. FlexVPN
- B. clientless
- C. EZVPN
- D. L2TP
- E. Cisco AnyConnect

Answer: BE

NEW QUESTION 47

Which VPN solution uses TBAR?

- A. GETVPN
- B. VTI
- C. DMVPN
- D. Cisco AnyConnect

Answer: A

Explanation:

Reference: https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/ios-xml/ios/sec_conn_getvpn/configuration/xr-3s/sec-get-vpn-xr-3s-book/sec-get-vpn.html

NEW QUESTION 51

Which VPN does VPN load balancing on the ASA support?

- A. VTI
- B. IPsec site-to-site tunnels
- C. L2TP over IPsec
- D. Cisco AnyConnect

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 53

Which parameter must match on all routers in a DMVPN Phase 3 cloud?

- A. GRE tunnel key
- B. NHRP network ID
- C. tunnel VRF
- D. EIGRP split-horizon setting

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 54

A Cisco ASA is configured in active/standby mode. What is needed to ensure that Cisco AnyConnect users can connect after a failover event?

- A. AnyConnect images must be uploaded to both failover ASA devices.
- B. The vpn-session-db must be cleared manually.
- C. Configure a backup server in the XML profile.
- D. AnyConnect client must point to the standby IP address.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Reference: https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/asa/asa90/configuration/guide/asa_90_cli_config/ha_active_standby.html

NEW QUESTION 56

Which benefit of FlexVPN is a limitation of DMVPN using IKEv1?

- A. GRE encapsulation allows for forwarding of non-IP traffic.
- B. IKE implementation can install routes in routing table.
- C. NHRP authentication provides enhanced security.
- D. Dynamic routing protocols can be configured.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 57

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