



Microsoft

Exam Questions MS-203

Microsoft 365 Messaging

NEW QUESTION 1

- (Exam Topic 3)

Your company named ADatum Corporation has a Microsoft Exchange Online subscription that contains the sharing policies shown in the following table.

Name	Domain	Enabled	Default
Policy1	{Anonymous:CalendarSharingFreeBusySimple, fabrikam.com:CalendarSharingFreeBusyReviewer, ContactsSharing}	True	True
Policy2	{contoso.com:CalendarSharingFreeBusyDetail}	True	False
Policy3	{litware.com:CalendarSharingFreeBusyReviewer}	True	False

The subscription contains the mailboxes shown in the following table.

Name	Sharing policy
User1	Policy1
User2	Policy2
User3	Policy3

ADatum does business with the partner companies shown in the following table.

Name	SMTP domain	Email platform
Fabrikam, Inc.	Fabrikam.com	On-premises Exchange Server 2019
Contoso, Ltd.	Contoso.com	Third-party email server
Litware, Inc.	Litware.com	Exchange Online

For each of the following statements, select Yes if the statement is true. Otherwise, select No.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Statements	Yes	No
For User1 to share contacts with the users at Fabrikam, a federation trust is required.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
User2 can share free/busy hours, subject, and location with the users at Contoso.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
User3 can share calendars with the users at Litware.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Statements	Yes	No
For User1 to share contacts with the users at Fabrikam, a federation trust is required.	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
User2 can share free/busy hours, subject, and location with the users at Contoso.	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
User3 can share calendars with the users at Litware.	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

NEW QUESTION 2

- (Exam Topic 3)

You manage a hybrid deployment between Microsoft Exchange Online and on-premises Exchange Server 2019. The deployment contains a primary SMTP

domain named contoso.com.

Users have email addresses that use a syntax of firstname.lastname@contoso.com.

A user named Ben Smith receives a new client computer. You configure the computer1 to access Ben Smith's mailbox. Ben Smith reports that he cannot connect to his mailbox from the new computer.

You verify that other users can connect successfully to their mailbox and that new users can discover their mailboxes by using Autodiscover.

You need to ensure that Ben Smith can connect to his mailbox from the new computer. What should you do?

- A. Modify the primarySmtpAddress property for the mailbox of Ben Smith.
- B. Modify the email address of Ben Smith to use a syntax of firstname.lastname@contoso.onmicrosoft.com
- C. Modify the RemoteRoutingAddress parameter for the mailbox of Ben Smith.
- D. Modify the email address of Ben Smith to use a syntax of lastname.firstname@contoso.com

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 3

- (Exam Topic 3)

You have a Microsoft Exchange Server 2019 organization.

A compliance manager plans to create retention policies for the mailboxes of executive users. The policies will move specific emails to an archive mailbox.

You need to create an archive mailbox for each executive user. What should you do?

- A. Run the New-Mailbox cmdlet
- B. Enable mailbox journaling.
- C. Enable In-Place Archiving for each mailbox.
- D. Run the set-Mailbox cmdlet.

Answer: C

Explanation:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/exchange/policy-and-compliance/in-place-archiving/in-place-archiving?view=>

NEW QUESTION 4

- (Exam Topic 3)

You have a Microsoft Exchange Online tenant named contoso.com.

You create a partnership with two other companies named fabhkam.com and wingtiptoy.com. All the mailboxes of fabnkam.com are hosted in Microsoft 365. All the mailboxes of wingtiptoy.com are hosted in an on-premises Exchange Server 2019 organization.

You need to ensure that all the email messages sent from contoso.com to fabrikam.com and wingtiptoy.com is encrypted by using TLS.

What should you do?

- A. Configure one connector.
- B. Create an organizational relationship.
- C. Create two remote domains.
- D. Run the Office 365 Exchange Hybrid Configuration wizard.
- E. Configure two mail flow rules.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/exchange/mail-flow-best-practices/use-connectors-to-configure-mail-flow/set>

NEW QUESTION 5

- (Exam Topic 3)

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have a Microsoft Exchange Server 2019 organization that contains 200 mailboxes.

You need to add a second email address to each mailbox. The address must have a syntax that uses the first letter of each user's last name, followed by the user's first name, and then @fabrikam.com.

Solution: You convert all the mailboxes to shared mailboxes, and then you run the Set-Mailbox cmdlet and specify the -EmailAddressPolicyEnabled \$false parameter.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

Explanation:

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/exchange/email-addresses-and-address-books/email-address-policies/email-add> Email address policies define the rules that create email addresses for recipients in your Exchange organization.

The basic components of an email address policy are:

Email address templates: Define the email address format for the recipients (for example

<firstname>@contoso.com or <lastname>.<firstname>@contoso.com).

Recipient filter: Specifies the recipients whose email addresses are configured by the policy.

Priority: Specifies the order to apply the email address policies (important if a recipient is identified by more than one policy).

The EmailAddressPolicyEnabled parameter specifies whether to apply email address policies to this recipient. Valid values are:

\$true: Email address policies are applied to this recipient. This is the default value.

\$false: Email address policies aren't applied to this recipient.

NEW QUESTION 6

- (Exam Topic 3)

You have two mailboxes named Mailbox1 and Mailbox2 that have the ProhibitSendReceiveQuota parameter set to 50 G.B
From a Microsoft Exchange Online tenant, you run the following PowerShell command.

```
PS C:\> Get-Mailbox | Select-Object Alias, RecipientTypeDetails | FT -AutoSize
```

Alias	RecipientTypeDetails
-----	-----
Mailbox1	SharedMailbox
Mailbox2	RoomMailbox

You receive the license status of each mailbox and discover the configurations shown in the following table.

Alias	SKUAssigned
Mailbox1	False
Mailbox2	False

You need to increase the quota for Mailbox1 and Mailbox2. What should you do first?

- A. Assign a license to each mailbox.
- B. Convert each mailbox into an equipment mailbox.
- C. Enable an archive for each mailbox.
- D. Place both mailboxes on retention hold.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Shared and resource mailboxes don't require a license. However, without a license, these mailboxes are limited to 50 GB. To increase the mailbox size, an E3 or E5 license must be assigned. This will increase the mailbox to 100 GB.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/office365/servicedescriptions/exchange-online-service-description/exchange-o>

NEW QUESTION 7

- (Exam Topic 3)

You have a Microsoft Exchange Server 2019 hybrid deployment.

You need to change the free/busy data access sharing level between the on-premises organization and Exchange Online.

What should you do? D18912E1457D5D1DDCBD40AB3BF70D5D

- A. Run the Hybrid Configuration wizard.
- B. Modify the organization relationship.
- C. Create an organization sharing policy.
- D. Create an individual sharing policy.

Answer: B

Explanation:

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/exchange/shared-free-busy>

NEW QUESTION 8

- (Exam Topic 3)

You have a Microsoft Exchange Online tenant named contoso.com.

Several users report that email messages sent to the users at another company named fabrikam.com contain a Winmail.dat attachment.

You need to prevent the fabrikam.com users from receiving Winmail.dat attachments. What should you do?

- A. Configure a remote domain that has the TNEFEnabled parameter set to \$False.
- B. Create an Outbound connector that has the validationRecipients parameter set to contoso.com.
- C. Create an Outbound connector that has the validationRecipients parameter set to fabrikam.com.
- D. Configure a remote domain that has the TrustedMailoutboundEnabled parameter set to \$False.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Reference:

<https://gcits.com/knowledge-base/how-to-fix-the-winmail-dat-attachment-issue/>

NEW QUESTION 9

- (Exam Topic 3)

You have a Microsoft Exchange Server 2019 organization.

You need to ensure that a user named User1 can prevent mailbox content from being deleted if the content contains the words Fabrikam and Confidential.

What should you do?

- A. Add User1 to the Discovery Management management role group.
- B. Assign the Legal Hold and Mailbox Import Export management roles to User1.
- C. Add User1 to the Records Management management role group.
- D. Add User1 to the Compliance Management management role group.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Alternatively, assign the Mailbox Search and Legal Hold management roles to User1 Reference:
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/exchange/policy-and-compliance/holds/holds?view=exchserver-2019>

NEW QUESTION 10

- (Exam Topic 3)

You have a Microsoft Exchange Online tenant that has Office 365 Advanced Threat Protection (ATP) enabled. The tenant contains a user named Ben Smith who has a UPN of ben.smith@fabrikam.com. Ben Smith is protected by using an ATP anti-phishing policy. Ben Smith reports that emails sent from his personal account of ben.smith@relecloud.com are not delivered to his work email account. You need to ensure that personal emails are delivered to the ben.smith@fabrikam.com What should you do?

- A. Create a transport rule to assign the MS-Exchange-Organization-PhishThresholdLevel header a value of 2 for the message received from ben.smith@relecloud.com
- B. Add ben.smith@fabrikam.com as a trusted sender to the ATP anti-phishing policy.
- C. Add ben.smith@relecloud.com as a trusted sender to the ATP anti phishing.
- D. Add relecloud.com to the ATP anti-phishing list of misted domains.

Answer: C

Explanation:

Reference:
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/microsoft-365/security/office-365-security/configure-atp-anti-phishing-policies>

NEW QUESTION 10

- (Exam Topic 3)

All the users in your company have Microsoft 365 mailboxes. Each user connects to Microsoft Exchange Online and OneDrive for Business from a personal computer that runs Windows 10. You need to ensure that the users can save attachments to OneDrive for Business only when they connect to their mailbox from Outlook on the web. What should you create?

- A. an app protection policy in Microsoft Endpoint Manager
- B. a device compliance policy in Microsoft Endpoint Manager
- C. an Outlook Web App policy in Exchange Online
- D. an Exchange ActiveSync device access rule

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 14

- (Exam Topic 3)

You have a hybrid deployment that contains a Microsoft exchange Online tenant and anon premises Exchange Server 2019 server named Server1. Alt users use an email address suffix of @contoso.com. On Server1, you create a new mailbox that uses an email address of user1@contoso.com Users hosted in Exchange Online report that they receive a non-delivery report (NDR) When they attempt to send email messages to user1@contoso.com. The NDR contains the following text: "User1 wasn't found at contoso.com." You verify that the Exchange Online users can send email successfully to the other mailboxes hosted on Server1. Users hosted on Server1 can send email to user1@contoso.com successfully. You need to identify what causes the email delivery to fail. What should you use?

- A. the Azure Active Directory admin center
- B. the Exchange admin center
- C. Azure AD Connect Health
- D. the on-premises Exchange admin center

Answer: C

Explanation:

It's likely that the new user account hasn't replicated to Azure Active Directory. Azure AD Connect is responsible for account replication between on-prem AD and Azure AD.

NEW QUESTION 18

- (Exam Topic 3)

Your company has a Microsoft Exchange Server 2019 hybrid deployment. You are migrating mailboxes to Exchange Online by using remote mailbox move requests. A recent security breach at the company required that the passwords of all privileged accounts be changed. Since the password change, mailbox move requests are failing. You need to ensure that the mailbox migration can resume. What should you do first?

- A. From Exchange on-premises, run Set-MigrationEndpoint.
- B. From Exchange on-premises, run Set-MigrationConfig.
- C. From Exchange Online, run Set-MigrationConfig.
- D. From Exchange Online, run Set-MigrationEndpoint.
- E. Run iisreset /noforce on all the Exchange servers that have MRSPProxy enabled.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/powershell/module/exchange/move-and-migration/set-migrationendpoint?view>

NEW QUESTION 19

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