

201-450 Dumps

LPIC-2 Exam 201 Part 1 of 2 version 4.5

<https://www.certleader.com/201-450-dumps.html>



NEW QUESTION 1

In the following output from top, which processes contribute to the percentage of time that the CPU spends in the state of wa?

Tasks: 193 total, 1 running, 190 sleeping, 2 stopped, 0 zombie

Cpu(s): 0.5%us, 0.3%sy, 0.0%ni, 98.2%id, 1.0%wa, 0.0%hi, 0.0%si, 0.0%st

- A. Processes waiting for user interaction.
- B. Processes that were already closed and are waiting to be launched again.
- C. Processes that have not been scheduled yet because they haven't been fully loaded into RAM or are in swap.
- D. Processes waiting for IO operations to complete.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 2

When is historical data of resource usage important? (Select THREE correct answers.)

- A. Predicting when resources will need to be increased.
- B. Selecting a computer vendor.
- C. Identifying processes killed during out of memory occurrences.
- D. Diagnosing capacity problems.
- E. Troubleshooting a software problem.

Answer: ADE

NEW QUESTION 3

In the following output, what percentage of time was the CPU waiting for pending I/O?

```
# vmstat 1 100
```

```
procs -----memory----- ---swap-- -----io---- --system-- ----cpu----
r b swpd free buff cache si so bi bo in cs us sy id wa
0 0 0 282120 134108 5797012 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 100 0
0 0 0 282120 134108 5797012 0 0 0 0 1007 359 0 0 100 0
0 0 0 282120 134108 5797012 0 0 0 0 1117 577 0 0 100 0
0 0 0 282120 134108 5797012 0 0 0 0 1007 366 0 0 100 0
```

- A. 100
- B. 35.9
- C. 57.7
- D. 36.6

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 4

In this example output, which descriptions match the purpose of the free, buff and cache columns? (Choose THREE correct answers.)

```
# vmstat 1 100
```

```
procs -----memory----- ---swap-- -----io---- --system-- ----cpu----
r b swpd free buff cache si so bi bo in cs us sy id wa
0 0 0 282120 134108 5797012 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 100 0
0 0 0 282120 134108 5797012 0 0 0 0 1007 359 0 0 100 0
0 0 0 282120 134108 5797012 0 0 0 0 1117 577 0 0 100 0
0 0 0 282120 134108 5797012 0 0 0 0 1007 366 0 0 100 0
```

- A. Used swap space
- B. RAM available for filesystem buffers
- C. Available free RAM
- D. RAM used for buffers
- E. RAM used for filesystem cache

Answer: CDE

NEW QUESTION 5

Which of the following commands will provide the PIDs of the processes sorted by which are using the most CPU cycles on the Linux system?

- A. top
- B. uptime
- C. ps aux
- D. vmstat
- E. freemem

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 6

What option in the collectd configuration file is required in order to define what to start monitoring?

- A. LoadModule
- B. Module
- C. Plugin
- D. LoadPlugin

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 7

In capacity planning exercises, which tools assist in listing and identifying processes of interest? (Choose TWO correct answers.)

- A. acpid
- B. lsof
- C. pstree
- D. telinit

Answer: BC

NEW QUESTION 8

In the following output, the load averages represent the system load averages for what time frames? 12:10:05 up 18 days, 19:00, 2 users, load average: 0.47, 24.71, 35.31

- A. 1, 5 and 15 minutes
- B. 1, 15 and 30 minutes
- C. 1, 15, and 30 seconds
- D. 15, 30 and 60 minutes
- E. 15, 30 and 60 seconds

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 9

Which of the following tools are used to measure memory usage? (Choose THREE correct answers.)

- A. mpstat
- B. pstree
- C. sar
- D. top
- E. vmstat

Answer: CDE

NEW QUESTION 10

Which commands are used to load modules into the Linux kernel? (Choose TWO correct answers.)

- A. insmod
- B. loadmod
- C. kernload
- D. modprobe
- E. probemod

Answer: AD

NEW QUESTION 10

What is the purpose of the command udevadm monitor?

- A. It listens to kernel events produced by a udev rule and print information to the console.
- B. It monitors the /dev directory for new devices.
- C. It monitors the udev process and prints performance statistics to the console.
- D. It communicates with D-Bus to setup new devices.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 12

After installing a compiled kernel, it can not find any modules that are needed to be loaded. What make target was likely missed while installing the kernel?

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

make modules_install, modules_install

NEW QUESTION 16

Which of the following terms are used to describe 3.x kernel releases? (Choose TWO correct answers.)

- A. beta
- B. final
- C. longterm
- D. prerelease
- E. stable

Answer: CE

NEW QUESTION 20

Which keyword is used in the /etc/inittab file to define the SysV-init default system runlevel?

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

initdefault

NEW QUESTION 23

Which command is used to install a new LILO boot loader?

- A. lilo
- B. lilo-config
- C. lilo-install
- D. install-lilo

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 24

A server requires a GRUB2 boot option which will always boot to runlevel 1. Which line of a GRUB2 configuration file starts the beginning of the settings needed to make this new choice available?

- A. initrd
- B. linux
- C. menuentry
- D. runlevel

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 28

In case the file containing the Linux kernel is lost, what happens when the system is booting?

- A. The system starts normally since the bootloader copies the kernel to the master boot record of the hard disk.
- B. Instead of the kernel, the initramfs is loaded and instructed to mount the root filesystem and reinstall the kernel from the original package or from source.
- C. The bootloader mounts the root filesystem read-only and launches /bin/sh directly in order to allow the administrator to reinstall the kernel.
- D. Without a kernel a system cannot boot and, depending on the bootloader, an error is displayed.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 31

Where is the LILO boot loader code typically installed on a system with only a single Linux installation and no other operating systems?

- A. In the master boot record.
- B. In the boot sector.
- C. In the /boot directory.
- D. At the start of the kernel.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 32

After changing the default runlevel in the SysV-init configuration file, the system boots in a different than intended runlevel. Where else could this different runlevel be defined?

- A. In the /etc/sysctl.conf
- B. In the boot loader configuration file
- C. In the /etc/runlevel file
- D. In the /boot/initramfs file
- E. In the /etc/rc.d/rc.local file

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 34

Why is the root file system mounted read-only during boot and remounted with write permission later on?

- A. Because if problems with the root file system are detected during the boot, fsck can be run, without risk of damage.
- B. Because this way crackers cannot collect information about root with boot sniffers.
- C. To avoid writing to the disk, unless the root password is known.
- D. To avoid other operating systems overwriting the Linux root partition.
- E. Because the disk has its own write protection that cannot be changed by the operating system.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 35

During booting, when the Linux kernel loads an initramfs file, which command from the initramfs will be executed first, if present?

- A. /init
- B. /initrd
- C. /linuxrc
- D. /rc.local
- E. /sbin/init

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 40

What keyword is missing in the following line from /etc/fstab in order to make a USB flash device writeable by the user fred when mounted: /dev/sda1 /mnt/usbflash vfat defaults,users, _____ =fred,umask=022, 0 0 (Provide the option name only without any settings)

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

uid

NEW QUESTION 42

Due to extreme system use, a Linux system requires some additional swap space. To initialize 5GB of additional swap space, which combination of commands should be used?

- A. dd if=/dev/zero of=/tmp/swapfile bs=1024 count=5120000; mkswap /tmp/swapfile; mount /tmp/swapfile
- B. dd if=/dev/zero of=/tmp/swapfile bs=1024 count=5120000; swapon /tmp/swapfile
- C. dd if=/dev/zero of=/tmp/swapfile bs=1024 count=5120000; mkswap /tmp/swapfile; swapon /tmp/swapfile
- D. touch -5G /tmp/swapfile; swapon /tmp/swapfile
- E. mkswap /tmp/swapfile 512000; swapon /tmp/swapfile

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 44

Which of the following best describes the format of the /etc/fstab file?

- A. device name; filesystem type; mount point; mount options; dump filesystem; fsck order
- B. device name; mount point; filesystem type; mount options; dump filesystem; fsck order
- C. device name; mount point; mount options; filesystem type; dump filesystem; fsck order
- D. mount point; filesystem type; device name; mount options; dump filesystem; fsck order
- E. mount point; device name; filesystem type; mount options; dump filesystem; fsck order

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 48

Which files are updated as devices are mounted and unmounted to provide information on the currently mounted devices and the options used? (Choose TWO correct answers.)

- A. /proc/dtab
- B. /etc/mtab
- C. /etc/fstab
- D. /proc/mounts
- E. /proc/devices

Answer: BD

NEW QUESTION 52

Which command is used to create a ISO9660 filesystem? (Specify ONLY the command without any path or parameters.)

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

mkisofs, genisoimage

NEW QUESTION 55

The correct command sequence to create and mount logical volumes on a Linux system is:

- A. lvcreate, pvcreate, vgcreate, mkfs, mount

- B. pvcreate, vgcreate, lvcreate, mkfs, mount
- C. vgcreate, lvcreate, pvcreate, mount, mkfs
- D. mkfs, pvcreate, vgcreate, lvcreate, mount
- E. pvcreate, lvcreate, vgcreate, mkfs, mount

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 60

Where would fsck put any unreferenced file or file fragments on a ext4 filesystem?

- A. recover
- B. lost+found
- C. back
- D. lost

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 65

A system has one hard disk and one CD writer which are both connected to SATA controllers. Which device represents the CD writer?

- A. /dev/hdb
- B. /dev/sdd
- C. /dev/scd1
- D. /dev/sr0
- E. /dev/sr1

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 67

Which of the following is a CD-ROM filesystem standard?

- A. OSI9660
- B. ISO9660
- C. SR0FS
- D. ISO8859
- E. ROM-EO

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 68

Due to extreme system use, a Linux system requires some additional swap space. To initialize 5GB of additional swap space, which combination of commands should be used?

- A. dd if=/dev/zero of=/tmp/swapfile bs=1024 count=5120000; mkswap /tmp/swapfile; mount /tmp/swapfile
- B. dd if=/dev/zero of=/tmp/swapfile bs=1024 count=5120000; swapon /tmp/swapfile
- C. dd if=/dev/zero of=/tmp/swapfile bs=1024 count=5120000; mkswap /tmp/swapfile; swapon/tmp/swapfile
- D. touch -5G /tmp/swapfile; swapon /tmp/swapfile
- E. mkswap /tmp/swapfile 512000; swapon /tmp/swapfile

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 73

Which of the following is an example path to a Linux software RAID array?

- A. /dev/raid0
- B. /dev/rd1
- C. /dev/pr0
- D. /dev/md1

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 78

What command will remove a physical volume from a volume group? (Specify ONLY the command without any path or parameters.)

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

vgreduce, /sbin/vgreduce

NEW QUESTION 80

Which of the following commands is used to set up a RAID volume?

- A. makerd
- B. mdadm
- C. mkfs.raid
- D. makeraid
- E. rdconfig

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 85

What action should be performed after increasing the size of a logical volume?

- A. Run vgresize.
- B. Increase the size of the filesystem used for the logical volume.
- C. Run lvresize.
- D. Remount the logical volume.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 86

Under which of the following circumstances would the command ping output the string (DUP!)?

- A. When the ICMP packets are send to a broadcast address and multiple hosts respond.
- B. When the host being sent ICMP packets is on a different network.
- C. When the router responds to the ICMP packet in addition to the host receiving the ICMP packets.
- D. When the host sending the ICMP packet is the same host as the one receiving the ICMP packets.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 91

Which program lists information about files and network connections opened by processes? (Specify ONLY the command without any path or parameters.)

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Isof, /usr/bin/Isof

NEW QUESTION 92

What should be done after updating the configuration file for syslogd in order to make the changes become effective? (Choose TWO correct answers.)

- A. No action is required, syslogd will notice the updated configuration file after a few minutes.
- B. Send the HUP signal to the syslogd process.
- C. Restart the syslogd service.
- D. Run the command syslogd -u.

Answer: BC

NEW QUESTION 95

The users of the local network complain that name resolution is not fast enough. Enter the command, without the path or any options, that shows the time taken to resolve a DNS query.

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

dig, time dig, time host, time nslookup

NEW QUESTION 97

Which command can be used to scan a specified network looking for IP addresses that appear to be in use?

- A. nmap
- B. tcpdump
- C. ip
- D. netscan
- E. hostdiscover

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 102

What is the command to add another IP address (192.168.1.2) to a network interface (eth0) that already has (at least) one IP address in the 192.168.1.0/24 subnet?

- A. ip add addr 192.168.1.2/32 dev eth0
- B. ifconfig eth0 192.168.1.2 netmask 255.255.255.255
- C. ip addr add 192.168.1.2/32 dev eth0
- D. ipconfig eth0 192.168.1.2

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 107

What does the -p3 option to the patch command do?

- A. It will strip off path information from each file mentioned in the patch file up to and including the third / character.
- B. patch continues execution as long as there are three or fewer errors.
- C. It instructs patch to look up to three lines of context before or after the declared line in the original file for a match.
- D. patch will keep three previous versions of each file in the output to prevent loss of change history.
- E. It instructs patch to conform more strictly to the POSIX standard.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 108

What is the device name for the first SCSI tape drive on a system when used without automatic rewinding after each write operation? (Please specify the full path to the device.)

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

/dev/nst0

NEW QUESTION 111

Which one of these directories should not be backed up?

- A. /backup
- B. /etc
- C. /opt
- D. /proc
- E. /var/log

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 113

Which file contains the message that is displayed above the login prompt of the system console? (Specify the full name of the file, including path.)

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

/etc/issue

NEW QUESTION 118

Which of the following commands lists IPv4 addresses and MAC addresses of network nodes that the local system has seen on its directly connected IP networks?

- A. arp
- B. ifconfig
- C. ipadm
- D. iwlist

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 119

After manually compiling and installing a new kernel, what has to be done regarding the initramfs?

- A. To initramfs is independent of the kernel and should not be modified unless the hardware configuration of the machine has changed
- B. Since the initramfs contains kernel modules, a new initramfs must be built for the new kernel
- C. During the compilation of the Linux kernel, a new initramfs is built automaticall
- D. The new initramfs only needs to be installed
- E. The system should be restarted since the initramfs reconfigures itself for the new kernel during the startup of the system

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 124

On a Linux node with multiple active networks interfaces, each having a default route to the Internet, which default route is preferred?

- A. The default route with the highest metric value
- B. The default route with the highest MTU value
- C. The default route with the lowest TTL value
- D. The default route with the highest TTL value
- E. The default route with the lowest metric value

Answer: E

NEW QUESTION 125

What is the purpose of a system mount unit?

- A. It is used by the command systemd-mount and allows users to mount partitions to mount points of their choice
- B. It is used only to mount network file systems to local mount point
- C. It cannot be used for local media
- D. It is created by the command systemd-fstab-generator to integrate entries from /etc/fstab into the system boot process
- E. It is used by the command mount when using system to mount and unmount file systems

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 127

Which of the filter keywords below could be used in the following command:

tcpdump -i eth0 _____ 203.0.113.8 (Choose three.)

- A. host
- B. ip
- C. src
- D. dst
- E. ipv6

Answer: ACD

NEW QUESTION 131

Which is the main configuration file for the SystemV init process? (Specify the full name of the file, including path.)

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

/etc/inittab

NEW QUESTION 132

What is the purpose of an initramfs during the Linux system start?

- A. It loads required modules and starts sub sytems like LVM to make the root file system accessible to the kernel
- B. It moves the kernel from normal system memory to initram memory to speed up kernel access
- C. It copies the root file system's content to RAM to speed up the system and reduce writes to disk
- D. It creates a ram disk to store volatile data for directories like /tmp to reduce writes to disk

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 136

.....

Thank You for Trying Our Product

* 100% Pass or Money Back

All our products come with a 90-day Money Back Guarantee.

* One year free update

You can enjoy free update one year. 24x7 online support.

* Trusted by Millions

We currently serve more than 30,000,000 customers.

* Shop Securely

All transactions are protected by VeriSign!

100% Pass Your 201-450 Exam with Our Prep Materials Via below:

<https://www.certleader.com/201-450-dumps.html>