

Microsoft

Exam Questions AZ-303

Microsoft Azure Architect Technologies (beta)





NEW QUESTION 1

- (Exam Topic 1)

You need to configure the Device settings to meet the technical requirements and the user requirements. Which two settings should you modify? To answer, select the appropriate settings in the answer area.

Answer Area

 Save  Discard

Users may join devices to Azure AD ⓘ

All Selected None

Selected

No member selected

Additional local administrators on Azure AD joined devices ⓘ

Selected None

Selected

No member selected

Users may register their devices with Azure AD ⓘ

All None

Require Multi-Factor Auth to join devices ⓘ

Yes No

Maximum number of devices per user ⓘ

50

Users may sync settings and app data across devices ⓘ

All Selected None

Selected

No member selected

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Box 1: Selected

NEW QUESTION 2

- (Exam Topic 1)

You are planning the move of App1 to Azure. You create a network security group (NSG).

You need to recommend a solution to provide users with access to App1. What should you recommend?

- A. Create an outgoing security rule for port 443 from the Internet to the web servers.
- B. Associate the NSG to all the subnets.
- C. Create an incoming security rule for port 443 from the Internet to the web servers.
- D. Associate the NSG to all the subnets.
- E. Create an incoming security rule for port 443 from the Internet to the database tier.
- F. Associate the NSG to the subnet that contains the web servers.
- G. Create an outgoing security rule for port 443 from the Internet to the database tier.
- H. Associate the NSG to the subnet that contains the web servers.

Answer: C

Explanation:

As App1 is public-facing we need an incoming security rule, related to the access of the web servers. Scenario: You have a public-facing application named App1. App1 is comprised of the following three tiers: a SQL database, a web front end, and a processing middle tier. Each tier is comprised of five virtual machines. Users access the web front end by using HTTPS only.

NEW QUESTION 3

- (Exam Topic 1)

You need to recommend an identity solution that meets the technical requirements.

What should you recommend?

- A. federated single-on (SSO) and Active Directory Federation Services (AD FS)

- B. password hash synchronization and single sign-on (SSO)
- C. cloud-only user accounts
- D. Pass-through Authentication and single sign-on (SSO)

Answer: D

Explanation:

Active Directory Federation Services is a feature and web service in the Windows Server Operating System that allows sharing of identity information outside a company's network.

Scenario: Technical Requirements include:

Prevent user passwords or hashes of passwords from being stored in Azure. References: <https://www.sherweb.com/blog/active-directory-federation-services/>

NEW QUESTION 4

- (Exam Topic 1)

You need to implement a backup solution for App1 after the application is moved. What should you create first?

- A. a recovery plan
- B. an Azure Backup Server
- C. a backup policy
- D. a Recovery Services vault

Answer: D

Explanation:

A Recovery Services vault is a logical container that stores the backup data for each protected resource, such as Azure VMs. When the backup job for a protected resource runs, it creates a recovery point inside the Recovery Services vault.

Scenario:

There are three application tiers, each with five virtual machines. Move all the virtual machines for App1 to Azure.

Ensure that all the virtual machines for App1 are protected by backups.

References: <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/backup/quick-backup-vm-portal>

NEW QUESTION 5

- (Exam Topic 2)

You have an Azure subscription that contains an Azure key vault named KeyVault1 and the virtual machines shown in the following table.

Name	Connected to
VM1	VNET1/Subnet1
VM2	VNET1/Subnet2

KeyVault1 has an access policy that provides several users with Create Key permissions. You need to ensure that the users can only register secrets in KeyVault1 from VM1. What should you do?

- A. Create a network security group (NSG) that is linked to Subnet1.
- B. Configure the Firewall and virtual networks settings for KeyVault1.
- C. Modify the access policy for KeyVault1.
- D. Configure KeyVault1 to use a hardware security module (HSM).

Answer: C

Explanation:

You grant data plane access by setting Key Vault access policies for a key vault. Note 1: Grant our VM's system-assigned managed identity access to the Key Vault.

- Select Access policies and click Add new.
- In Configure from template, select Secret Management.
- Choose Select Principal, and in the search field enter the name of the VM you created earlier. Select the VM in the result list and click Select.
- Click OK to finishing adding the new access policy, and OK to finish access policy selection.

Note 2: Access to a key vault is controlled through two interfaces: the management plane and the data plane. The management plane is where you manage Key Vault itself. Operations in this plane include creating and deleting key vaults, retrieving Key Vault properties, and updating access policies. The data plane is where you work with the data stored in a key vault. You can add, delete, and modify keys, secrets, and certificates.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/managed-identities-azure-resources/tutorial-windows-vm> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/key-vault/general/secure-your-key-vault2>

NEW QUESTION 6

- (Exam Topic 2)

You have Azure Storage accounts as shown in the following exhibit.

Home > Storage accounts

Storage accounts

Contoso

+ Add Edit columns Refresh Assign Tags Delete

Subscriptions: All 2 selected – Don't see a subscription? Switch directories

Filter by name... All subscriptions All resource groups All types All locations No grouping

3 items

	NAME	TYPE	KIND	RESOURCE ...	LOCATION	SUBSCRIPTL...	ACCESS T...	REPLICAT...
<input type="checkbox"/>	storageaccount1	Storage account	Storage	ContosoRG1	East US	Subscription 1	-	Read-access ge... ***
<input type="checkbox"/>	storageaccount2	Storage account	StorageV2	ContosoRG1	Central US	Subscription 1	Hot	Geo-redundant... ***
<input type="checkbox"/>	storageaccount3	Storage account	BlobStorage	ContosoRG1	East US	Subscription 1	Hot	Locally-redund... ***

Use the drop-down menus to select the answer choice that completes each statement based on the information presented in the graphic.
NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

You can use [answer choice] for Azure Table Storage.

storageaccount1 only
storageaccount2 only
storageaccount3 only
storageaccount1 and storageaccount2 only
storageaccount2 and storageaccount3 only

You can use [answer choice] for Azure Blob storage.

storageaccount3 only
storageaccount2 and storageaccount3 only
storageaccount1 and storageaccount3 only
all the storage accounts

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Note: The three different storage account options are: General-purpose v2 (GPv2) accounts, General-purpose v1 (GPv1) accounts, and Blob storage accounts.

- > General-purpose v2 (GPv2) accounts are storage accounts that support all of the latest features for blobs, files, queues, and tables.
- > Blob storage accounts support all the same block blob features as GPv2, but are limited to supporting only block blobs.
- > General-purpose v1 (GPv1) accounts provide access to all Azure Storage services, but may not have the latest features or the lowest per gigabyte pricing.

References:

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/common/storage-account-options

NEW QUESTION 7

- (Exam Topic 2)

You have an Azure key vault named KV1.

You need to ensure that applications can use KV1 to provision certificates automatically from an external certification authority (CA).

Which two actions should you perform? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. From KV1, create a certificate issuer resource.
- B. Obtain the CA account credentials.
- C. Obtain the root CA certificate.
- D. From KV1, create a certificate signing request (CSR).
- E. From KV1, create a private key,

Answer: CD

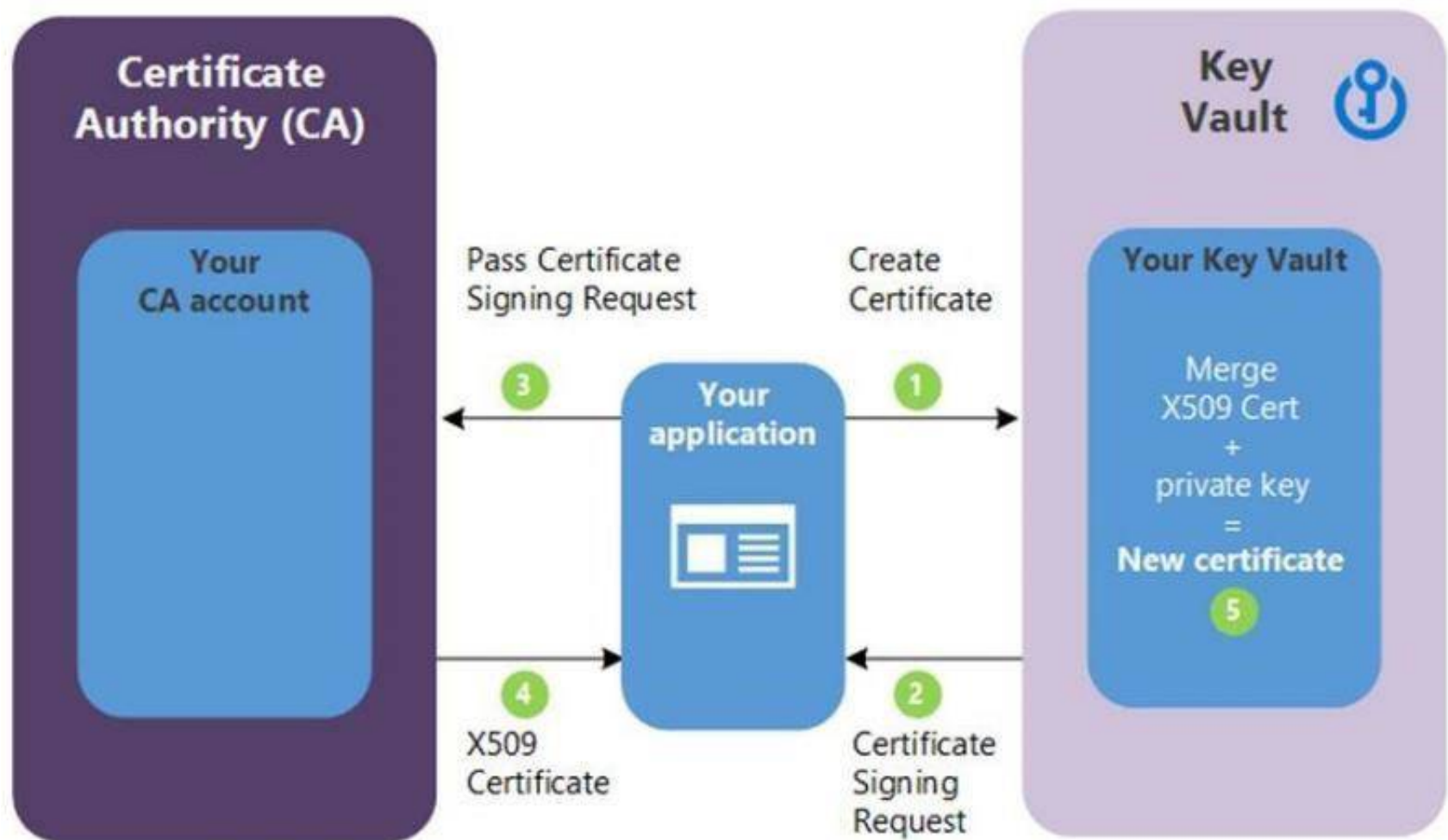
Explanation:

C: Obtain the root CA certificate (step 4 in the picture below)

D: From KV1, create a certificate signing request (CSR) (step 2 in the picture below) Note:

Creating a certificate with a CA not partnered with Key Vault

This method allows working with other CAs than Key Vault's partnered providers, meaning your organization can work with a CA of its choice.



The following step descriptions correspond to the green lettered steps in the preceding diagram.

- > In the diagram above, your application is creating a certificate, which internally begins by creating a key in your key vault.
- > Key Vault returns to your application a Certificate Signing Request (CSR).
- > Your application passes the CSR to your chosen CA.
- > Your chosen CA responds with an X509 Certificate.
- > Your application completes the new certificate creation with a merger of the X509 Certificate from your CA.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/key-vault/certificates/certificate-scenarios>

NEW QUESTION 8

- (Exam Topic 2)

You create a virtual machine scale set named Scale1. Scale1 is configured as shown in the following exhibit. The subscription contains the Azure SQL databases shown in the following table.

INSTANCES

* Instance count: 4

* Instance size: DS1_v2 (1 vCPU, 3.5 GB)

Deploy as low priority: No

Use managed disks: Yes

+ Show advanced settings

AUTOSCALE

Autoscale: Disabled

* Minimum number of VMs: 2

* Maximum number of VMs: 20

Scale out

* CPU threshold (%): 80

* Number of VMs to increase by: 2

Scale in

* CPU threshold (%): 30

* Number of VMs to decrease by: 4

Use the drop-down menus to select the answer choice that completes each statement based on the information presented in the graphic.
NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

If Scale1 is utilized at 85 percent for six minutes, Scale1 will be running [answer choice].

- 2 virtual machines
- 4 virtual machines
- 6 virtual machines
- 8 virtual machines
- 10 virtual machines

If Scale1 is first utilized at 25 percent for six minutes, and then utilized at 50 percent for six minutes, Scale1 will be running [answer choice].

- 2 virtual machines
- 4 virtual machines
- 6 virtual machines
- 8 virtual machines
- 10 virtual machines

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Box 1:
The Autoscale scale out rule increases the number of VMs by 2 if the CPU threshold is 80% or higher. The initial instance count is 4 and rises to 6 when the 2 extra instances of VMs are added.
Box 2:
The Autoscale scale in rule decreases the number of VMs by 4 if the CPU threshold is 30% or lower. The initial instance count is 4 and thus cannot be reduced to 0 as the minimum instances is set to 2. Instances are only added when the CPU threshold reaches 80%.
References:
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-monitor/platform/autoscale-overview>
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-monitor/platform/autoscale-best-practices> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-monitor/platform/autoscale-common-scale-patterns>

NEW QUESTION 9

- (Exam Topic 2)
You have an Azure subscription that contains multiple resource groups. You create an availability set as shown in the following exhibit.

Create availability set ☐ X

*Name

AS1

*Subscription

Azure Pass

*Resource group

RG1

Create new

*Location

West Europe

Fault domains

2

Update domains

3

Use managed disks

No(Classic)

Yes(Alignet)

You deploy 10 virtual machines to AS1.
Use the drop-down menus to select the answer choice that completes each statement based on the information presented in the graphic.
NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

During planned maintenance, at least [answer choice] virtual machines will be available.

- 4
- 5
- 6
- 8

To add another virtual machines to AS1, the virtual machines must be added to [answer choice].

- any region and the RG1 resource group
- the West Europe region and any resource group
- the West Europe region and the RG1 resource group

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Box 1: 6

Two out of three update domains would be available, each with at least 3 VMs.

An update domain is a group of VMs and underlying physical hardware that can be rebooted at the same time. As you create VMs within an availability set, the Azure platform automatically distributes your VMs across these update domains. This approach ensures that at least one instance of your application always remains running as the Azure platform undergoes periodic maintenance.

Box 2: the West Europe region and the RG1 resource group References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/virtual-machines/windows/regions-and-availability>

NEW QUESTION 10

- (Exam Topic 2)

Note: This question is part of series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2019. Server1 is a container host. You are creating a Dockerfile to build a container image.

You need to add a file named File1.txt from Server1 to a folder named C:\Folder1 in the container image. Solution: You add the following line to the Dockerfile.

ADD File1.txt C:/Folder1/

You then build the container image. Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

Explanation:

Copy is the correct command to copy a file to the container image. The ADD command can also be used. However, the root directory is specified as '/' and not as 'C:/'.

Reference:

https://docs.docker.com/develop/develop-images/dockerfile_best-practices/#add-or-copy <https://docs.docker.com/engine/reference/builder/>

NEW QUESTION 10

- (Exam Topic 2)

You network contains an Active Directory domain named adatum.com and an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant named adatum.onmicrosoft.com.

Adatum.com contains the user accounts in the following table.

Name	Member of
User1	Domain Admins
User2	Schema Admins
User3	Incoming Forest Trust Builders
User4	Replicator
User5	Enterprise Admins

Adatum.onmicrosoft.com contains the user accounts in the following table.

Name	Role
UserA	Global administrator
UserB	User administrator
UserC	Security administrator
UserD	Service administrator

You need to implement Azure AD Connect. The solution must follow the principle of least privilege. Which user accounts should you use? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Adatum.com:

User1
User2
User3
User4
User5

Adatum.onmicrosoft.com:

UserA
UserB
UserC
UserD

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Box 1: User5

In Express settings, the installation wizard asks for the following: AD DS Enterprise Administrator credentials
 Azure AD Global Administrator credentials

The AD DS Enterprise Admin account is used to configure your on-premises Active Directory. These credentials are only used during the installation and are not used after the installation has completed. The Enterprise Admin, not the Domain Admin should make sure the permissions in Active Directory can be set in all domains. Box 2: UserA

Azure AD Global Admin credentials are only used during the installation and are not used after the installation has completed. It is used to create the Azure AD Connector account used for synchronizing changes to Azure AD. The account also enables sync as a feature in Azure AD.

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/connect/active-directory-aadconnect-accounts-permissio>

NEW QUESTION 11

- (Exam Topic 2)

Your company has an office in Seattle.

You have an Azure subscription that contains a virtual network named VNET1. You create a site-to-site VPN between the Seattle office and VNET1.

VNET1 contains the subnets shown in the following table.

Name	IP address space
Subnet1	10.1.1.0/24
GatewaySubnet	10.1.200.0/28

You need to redirect all Internet-bound traffic from Subnet1 to the Seattle office. What should you create?

- A. a route for Subnet1 That uses the virtual network gateway as the next hop
- B. a route for GatewaySubnet that uses the virtual network gateway as the next hop
- C. a route for GatewaySubnet that uses the local network gateway as the next hop
- D. a route for Subnet1 that uses The local network gateway as the next hop

Answer: B

Explanation:

A route with the 0.0.0.0/0 address prefix instructs Azure how to route traffic destined for an IP address that is not within the address prefix of any other route in a subnet's route table. When a subnet is created, Azure creates a default route to the 0.0.0.0/0 address prefix, with the Internet next hop type. We need to create a custom route in Azure to use a virtual network gateway in the Seattle office as the next hop.

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/virtual-network/virtual-networks-udr-overview>

NEW QUESTION 14

- (Exam Topic 2)

You have a virtual network named VNet1 as shown in the exhibit.

Refresh

Move

Delete

Resource group (change)

Production

Address space

10.2.0.0/16

Location

West US

DNS servers

Azure provided DNS service

Subscription (change)

Production subscription

Subscription ID

14d26092-8e42-4ea7-b770-9dcef70fb1ea

Tags (change)

Click here to add tags

Connected devices

Search connected devices

Device	Type	Ip Address	Subnet
No results.			

No devices are connected to VNet1.
You plan to peer VNet1 to another virtual network named Vnet2 in the same region. VNet2 has an address space of 10.2.0.0/16.
You need to create the peering. What should you do first?

A. Modify the address space of VNet1.
B. Configure a service endpoint on VNet2
C. Add a gateway subnet to VNet1.
D. Create a subnet on VNet1 and VNet2.

Answer: A

Explanation:
The virtual networks you peer must have non-overlapping IP address spaces. References:
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/virtual-network/virtual-network-manage-peering#requirements-and-cons>

NEW QUESTION 18
- (Exam Topic 2)
You have an Azure subscription that contains the storage accounts shown in the following table.

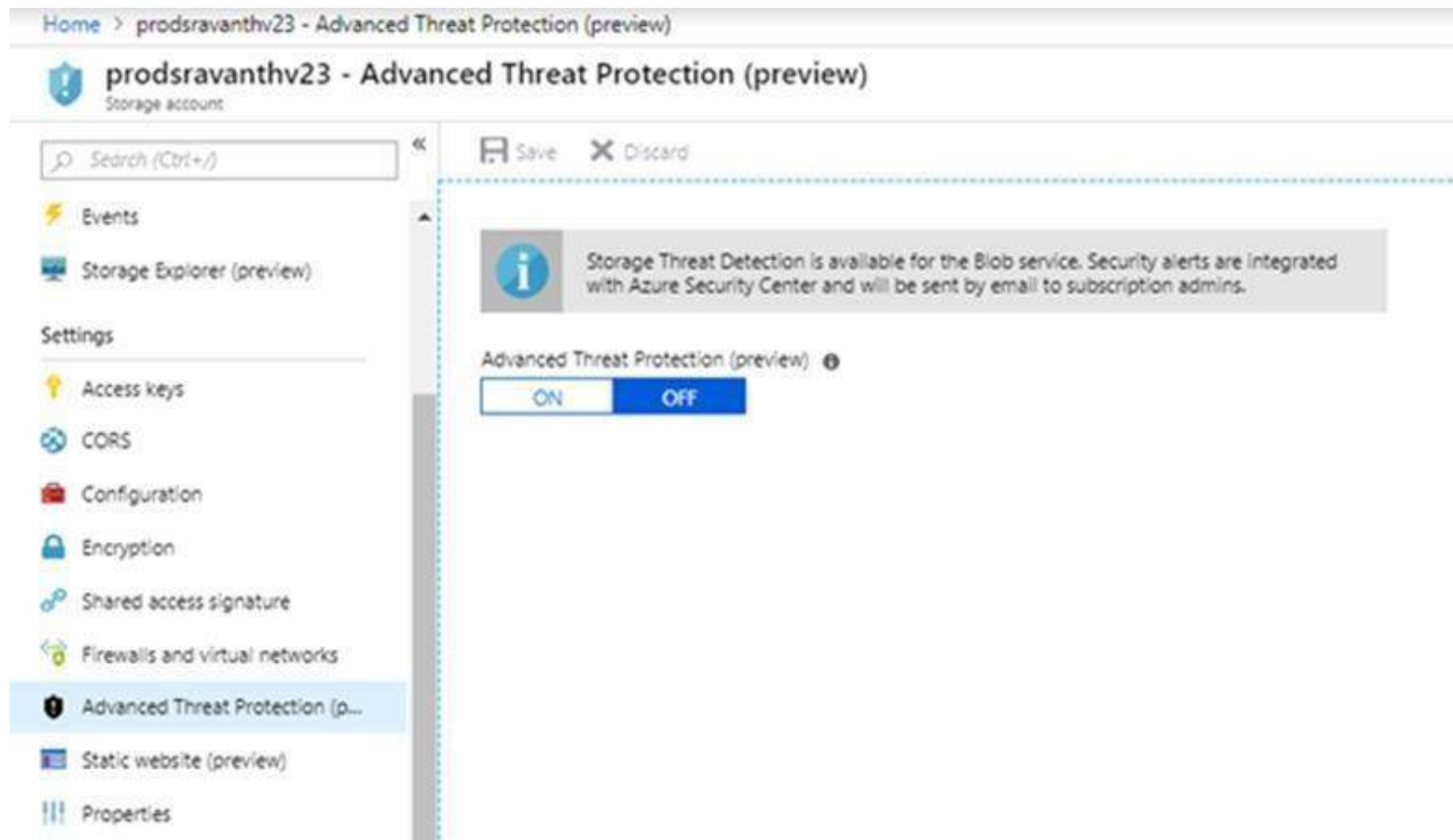
Name	Contains
storagecontoso1	A blob service and a table service
storagecontoso2	A blob service and a file service
storagecontoso3	A queue service
storagecontoso4	A file service and a queue service
storagecontoso5	A table service

You enable Azure Advanced Threat Protection (ATP) for all the storage accounts. You need to identify which storage accounts will generate Azure ATP alerts.
Which two storage accounts should you identify? Each correct answer presents part of the solution. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. storagecontoso1
B. storagecontoso2
C. storagecontoso3
D. storagecontoso4
E. storaaecontoso5

Answer: AB

Explanation:
Advanced threat protection for Azure Storage is currently available only for Blob Storage.



<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/common/storage-advanced-threat-protection?tabs=azure-portal>

NEW QUESTION 21

- (Exam Topic 2)

You have an Azure subscription that contains a resource group named RG1. You have a group named Group1 that is assigned the Contributor role for RG1. You need to enhance security for the virtual machines in RG1 to meet the following requirements:

- Prevent Group1 from assigning external IP addresses to the virtual machines.
- Ensure that Group1 can establish an RDP connection to the virtual machines through a shared external IP address.

What should you use to meet each requirement? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Prevent Group1 from assigning external IP addresses to the virtual machines:

Azure Policy
 Azure Bastion
 Virtual network service endpoints
 Azure Firewall
 Azure Web Application Firewall (WAF)

Ensure that Group1 can establish an RDP connection to the virtual machines through a shared external IP address:

Azure Policy
 Azure Bastion
 Virtual network service endpoints
 Azure Firewall
 Azure Web Application Firewall (WAF)

- A. Mastered
 B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Prevent Group1 from assigning external IP addresses to the virtual machines:

Azure Policy
 Azure Bastion
 Virtual network service endpoints
 Azure Firewall
 Azure Web Application Firewall (WAF)

Ensure that Group1 can establish an RDP connection to the virtual machines through a shared external IP address:

Azure Policy
 Azure Bastion
 Virtual network service endpoints
 Azure Firewall
 Azure Web Application Firewall (WAF)

NEW QUESTION 24

- (Exam Topic 2)

You have an Azure subscription that contains the storage accounts shown in the following table.

Name	Kind	Performance tier	Replication	Location
storage1	StorageV2	Premium	Locally-redundant storage (LRS)	East US
storage2	Storage	Standard	Geo-redundant storage (GRS)	UK West
storage3	BlobStorage	Standard	Locally-redundant storage (LRS)	North Europe

For each of the following statements, select Yes if the statement is true. Otherwise, select No. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

Statements	Yes	No
storage1 can host Azure file shares.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
There are six copies of the data in storage2.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
storage3 can be converted to a GRS account.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Answer Area

Statements	Yes	No
storage1 can host Azure file shares.	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
There are six copies of the data in storage2.	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
storage3 can be converted to a GRS account.	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

NEW QUESTION 28

- (Exam Topic 2)

Your network contains an on-premises Active Directory domain named contoso.com that contains a member server named Server1.

You have the accounts shown in the following table.

Name	Member of
CONTOSO\User1	Domain Admins
CONTOSO\User2	Domain Users
CONTOSO\User3	Enterprise Admin
SERVER1\User4	Users

You are installing Azure AD Connect on Server1.
 You need to specify the account for Azure AD Connect synchronization.
 The solution must use the principle of least privilege.
 Which account should you specify?

- A. CONTOSO\User2
- B. SERVER1\User4
- C. CONTOSO\User1
- D. CONTOSO\User3

Answer: A

Explanation:

The default Domain User permissions are sufficient Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/hybrid/reference-connect-accounts-permissions>

NEW QUESTION 29

- (Exam Topic 2)

An administrator plans to create a function app in Azure that will have the following settings:

- Runtime stack: .NET Core
- Operating System: Linux
- Plan type: Consumption
- Enable Application Insights: Yes

You need to ensure that you can back up the function app.

Which settings should you recommend changing before creating the function app? D18912E1457D5D1DDCBD40AB3BF70D5D

- A. Runtime stack
- B. Enable Application Insights
- C. Operating System
- D. Plan type

Answer: D

Explanation:

The Backup and Restore feature requires the App Service plan to be in the Standard, Premium or Isolated tier. Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/app-service/manage-backup#requirements-and-restrictions>

NEW QUESTION 34

- (Exam Topic 2)

You have an Azure subscription that contains 10 virtual machines on a virtual network.

You need to create a graph visualization to display the traffic flow between the virtual machines. What should you do from Azure Monitor?

- A. From Activity log, use quick insights.
- B. From Metrics, create a chart.
- C. From Logs, create a new query.
- D. From Workbooks, create a workbook.

Answer: C

Explanation:

Navigate to Azure Monitor and select Logs to begin querying the data Reference:

<https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/blog/analysis-of-network-connection-data-with-azure-monitor-for-virtual-mac>

NEW QUESTION 36

- (Exam Topic 2)

You have an Azure Cosmos DB account named Account1. Account1 includes a database named DB1 that contains a container named Container 1. The partition key for Container1 is set to /city.

You plan to change the partition key for Container1. What should you do first?

- A. Delete Container1
- B. Create a new container in DB1
- C. Regenerate the keys for Account1.
- D. Implement the Azure CosmosDB.NET SDK

Answer: B

Explanation:

The good news is that there are two features, the Change Feed Processor and Bulk Executor Library, in Azure Cosmos DB that can be leveraged to achieve a live migration of your data from one container to another. This allows you to re-distribute your data to match the desired new partition key scheme, and make the relevant application changes afterwards, thus achieving the effect of “updating your partition key”.

Reference:

<https://devblogs.microsoft.com/cosmosdb/how-to-change-your-partition-key/>

NEW QUESTION 40

- (Exam Topic 2)

You plan to automate the deployment of a virtual machine scale set that uses the Windows Server 2016 Datacenter image. You need to ensure that when the scale set virtual machines are provisioned, they have web server components installed. Which two actions should you perform? Each correct answer presents part of the solution. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. Create a new virtual machine scale set in the Azure portal.
- B. Create an automation account.
- C. Upload a configuration script.
- D. Modify the extensionProfile section of the Azure Resource Manager template.
- E. Create an Azure policy.

Answer: AD

Explanation:

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/virtual-machine-scale-sets/tutorial-install-apps-template>

NEW QUESTION 41

- (Exam Topic 2)

You have Azure virtual machines that have Update Management enabled. The virtual machines are configured as shown in the following table.

Name	Operating system	Resource group	Location
VM1	Windows Server 2012 R2	RG1	East US
VM2	Windows Server 2016	RG1	West US
VM3	Windows Server 2019	RG2	West US
VM4	Red Hat Enterprise Linux 7.7	RG2	West US
VM5	Ubuntu Server 18.04 LTS	RG1	East US
VM6	CentOS-based 7.7	RG1	East US

You need to ensure that all critical and security updates are applied to each virtual machine every month. What is the minimum number of update deployments you should create?

- A. 4
- B. 6
- C. 1
- D. 2

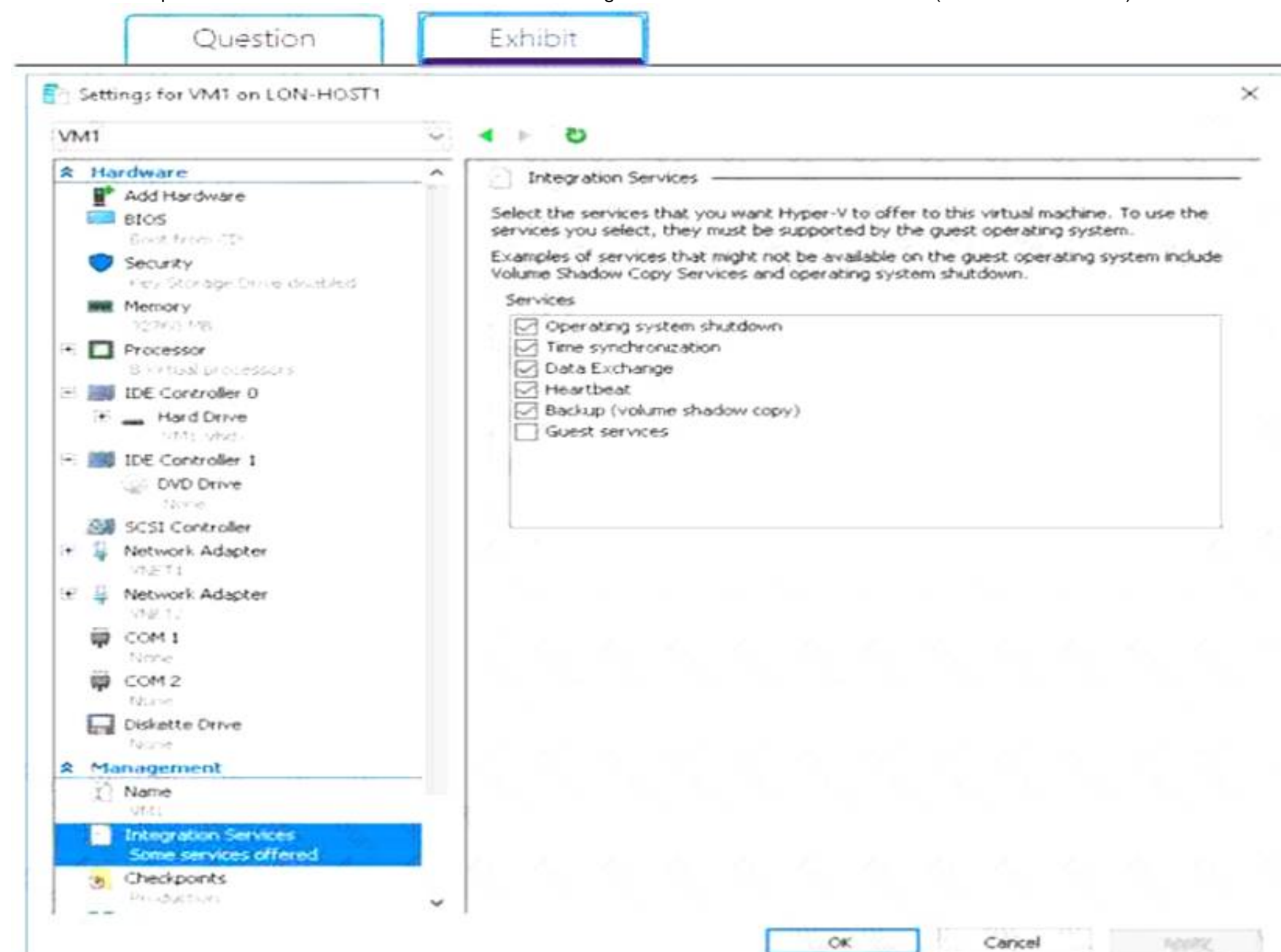
Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 45

- (Exam Topic 2)

You have an Azure subscription.

You have an on-premises virtual machine named VM1. The settings for VM1 are shown in the exhibit. (Click the Exhibit tab.)



You need to ensure that you can use the disks attached to VM1 as a template for Azure virtual machines. What should you modify on VM1?

- A. the hard drive
- B. Integration Services
- C. the memory
- D. the network adapters
- E. the processor

Answer: A

Explanation:

From the exhibit we see that the disk is in the VHDX format.

Before you upload a Windows virtual machines (VM) from on-premises to Microsoft Azure, you must prepare the virtual hard disk (VHD or VHDX). Azure supports only generation 1 VMs that are in the VHD file format and have a fixed sized disk. The maximum size allowed for the VHD is 1,023 GB. You can convert a generation 1 VM from the VHDX file system to VHD and from a dynamically expanding disk to fixed-sized.

References:

[https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/virtual-machines/windows/prepare-for-upload-vhd-image?toc=azure virtual-machines windows toc.json](https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/virtual-machines/windows/prepare-for-upload-vhd-image?toc=azure%20virtual-machines%20windows%20toc.json)

NEW QUESTION 48

- (Exam Topic 2)

You have an Azure subscription named Subscription1. Subscription1 contains the resources in the following table:

Name	Type
RG1	Resource group
RG2	Resource group
VNet1	Virtual network
VNet2	Virtual network

VNet1 is in RG1. VNet2 is in RG2. There is no connectivity between VNet1 and VNet2. An administrator named Admin1 creates an Azure virtual machine VM1 in RG1. VM1 uses a disk named Disk1 and connects to VNet1. Admin1 then installs a custom application in VM1.

You need to move the custom application to VNet2. The solution must minimize administrative effort. Which two actions should you perform? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

First action:

	V
Create a network interface in RG2.	
Detach a network interface.	
Delete VM1.	
Move a network interface to RG2.	

Second action:

	V
Attach a network interface.	
Create a network interface in RG2.	
Create a new virtual machine.	
Move VM1 to RG2.	

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

We cannot just move a virtual machine between networks. What we need to do is identify the disk used by the VM, delete the VM itself while retaining the disk, and recreate the VM in the target virtual network and then attach the original disk to it.

Reference:

<https://blogs.technet.microsoft.com/canitpro/2014/06/16/step-by-step-move-a-vm-to-a-different-vnet-on-azure/>

<https://4sysops.com/archives/move-an-azure-vm-to-another-virtual-network-vnet/#migrate-an-azure-vm-between-virtual-networks>

NEW QUESTION 50

- (Exam Topic 2)

You have the Azure SQL Database servers shown in the following table.

Name	Elastic pool
sqlserver1	Pool1
sqlserver2	Pool1, Pool2

You have the Azure SQL databases shown in the following table.

Name	Azure SQL Database server	Elastic pool
DB1	sqlserver1	None
DB2	sqlserver1	Pool1
DB3	sqlserver2	Pool1
DB4	sqlserver2	Pool2

You create a failover group named failover1 that has the following settings:

- Primary server: sqlserver1
- Secondary server: sqlserver2
- Read/Write failover policy: Automatic

• Read/Write grace period (hours): 1 hour

Statements	Yes	No
You can add DB1 to failover1.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
You can add DB3 to failover1.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
Sqlserver1 and sqlserver2 are in the same Azure region.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Statements	Yes	No
You can add DB1 to failover1.	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
You can add DB3 to failover1.	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
Sqlserver1 and sqlserver2 are in the same Azure region.	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

NEW QUESTION 53

- (Exam Topic 2)
You have an Azure subscription named Subscription1 that contains an Azure virtual network named VNet1. VNet1 connects to your on-premises network by using Azure ExpressRoute.
You need to connect VNet1 to the on-premises network by using a site-to-site VPN. The solution must minimize cost.
Which three actions should you perform? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.
NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. Create a VPN gateway that uses the VpnGw1 SKU.
- B. Create a connection.
- C. Create a local site VPN gateway.
- D. Create a gateway subnet.
- E. Create a VPN gateway that uses the Basic SKU.

Answer: ABC

Explanation:

References:
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-za/archive/blogs/canitpro/step-by-step-configuring-a-site-to-site-vpn-gateway-bet>

NEW QUESTION 55

- (Exam Topic 2)
: 292 HOTSPOT
From Azure Cosmos DB, you create the containers shown in the following table.

Container ID	Partition key	Unique key
Container1	/category	None
Container2	/id	/importance

You add the following item to Container1.

```
{
  "id": "1",
  "category": "personal",
  "name": "Name1",
  "description": "Description1"
}
```

You plan to add items to Azure Cosmos DB as shown in the following table.

Name	Content
Item1	{ "id": "1", "category": "personal", "name": "Name1", "description": "Description1" }
Item2	{ "category": "business", "name": "Name2", "description": "Description2" "importance": "High" }
Item3	{ "id": "3", "name": "Name3", "description": "Description3" }
Item4	{ "id": "4", "importance": "Low" }

You need to identify which items can be added successfully to Container1 and Container2.
What should you identify for each container? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.
NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Container1:

▼

Item2 only

Item1 and Item2 only

Item3 and Item4 only

Item2, Item3, and Item4 only

Item1, Item2, Item3, and Item4

Container2:

▼

Item4 only

Item2 and Item4 only

Item1, Item3, and Item4 only

Item1, Item2, Item3, and Item4

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Container1:

▼

Item2 only

Item1 and Item2 only

Item3 and Item4 only

Item2, Item3, and Item4 only

Item1, Item2, Item3, and Item4

Container2:

▼

Item4 only

Item2 and Item4 only

Item1, Item3, and Item4 only

Item1, Item2, Item3, and Item4

NEW QUESTION 59

- (Exam Topic 2)

You create the Azure resources shown in the following table.

Name	Resource type
VM1	Virtual machine
VM2	Virtual machine
Managed1	Managed identity
Managed2	Managed identity

You attempt to add a role assignment to a resource group as shown in the following exhibit.

Add role assignment

Role ⓘ

Reader ⓘ

Assign access to ⓘ

Azure AD user, group, or service principal

Select ⓘ

VM

VM1

Selected members:

No members selected. Search for and add one or more members you want to assign to the role for this resource.

[Learn more about RBAC](#)

What should you do to ensure that you can assign VM2 the Reader role for the resource group?

- A. Modify the Reader role at the subscription level.
- B. Configure just in time (JIT) VM access on VM2.
- C. Configure Access control (IAM) on VM2.
- D. Assign a managed identity to VM2.

Answer: D

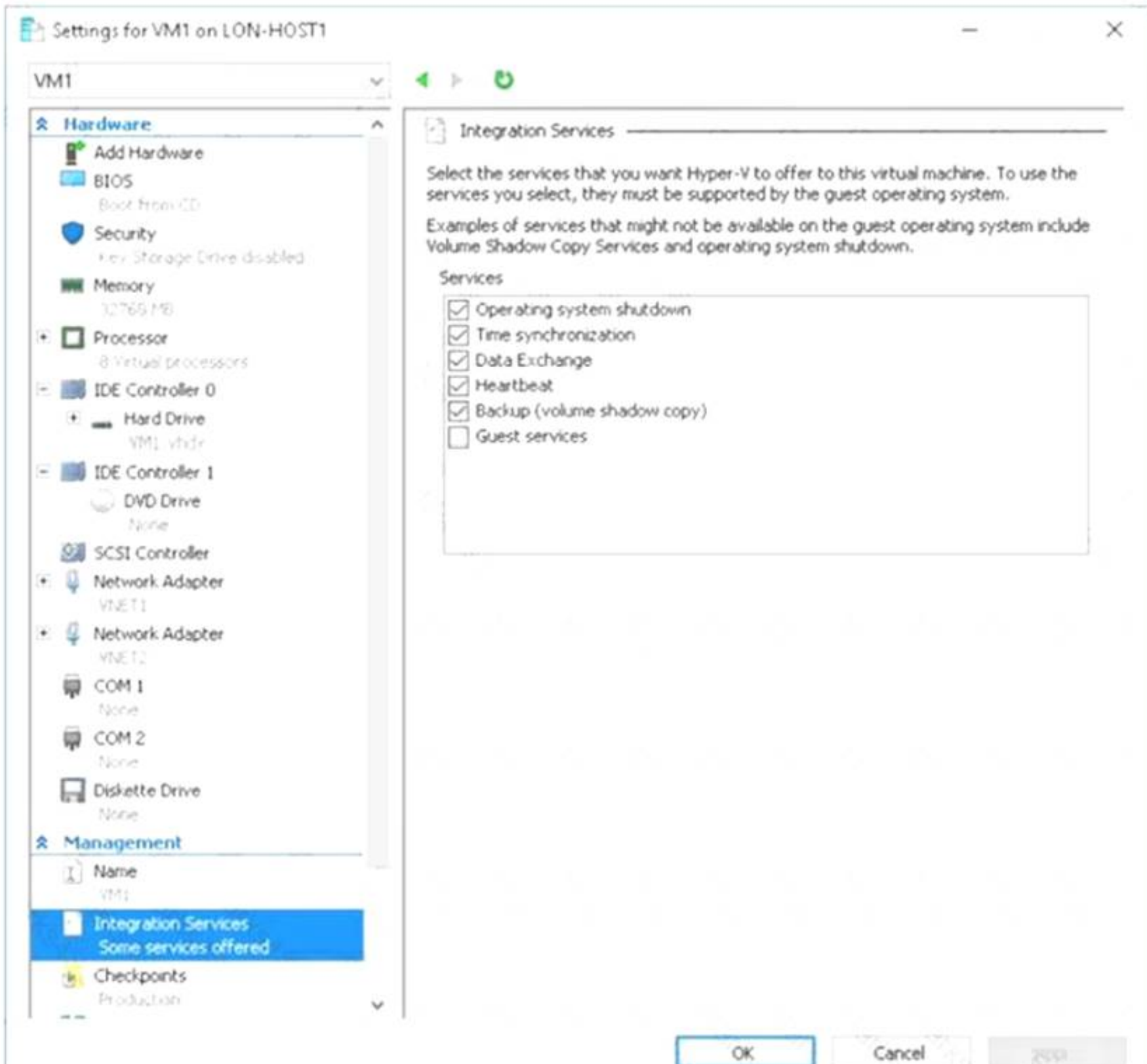
NEW QUESTION 63

- (Exam Topic 2)

You have an on-premises virtual machine named VM1 configured as shown in the following exhibit.

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VM is started.

You need to create a new virtual machine image in Azure from VM1.

Which three actions should you perform before you create the new image? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. Remove the Backup (volume shadow copy) integration service
- B. Generalize VM1
- C. Run Add-AzureRmVhd and specify a blob service container as the destination
- D. Run Add-AzureRmVhd and specify a file share as the destination
- E. Reduce the amount of memory to 16 GB
- F. Convert the disk type to VHD

Answer: BCF

NEW QUESTION 64

- (Exam Topic 2)

You have an Azure virtual machine named VM1 and an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant named adatum.com.

D18912E1457D5D1DDCBD40AB3BF70D5D

VM1 has the following settings:

- > IP address: 10.10.0.10
- > System-assigned managed identity: On

You need to create a script that will run from within VM1 to retrieve the authentication token of VM1. Which address should you use in the script?

- A. vm1.adatum.com.onmicrosoft.com
- B. 169.254.169.254
- C. 10.10.0.10
- D. vm1.adatum.com

Answer: B

Explanation:

Your code that's

running on the VM can request a token from the Azure Instance Metadata Service identity endpoint, accessible only from within the VM:

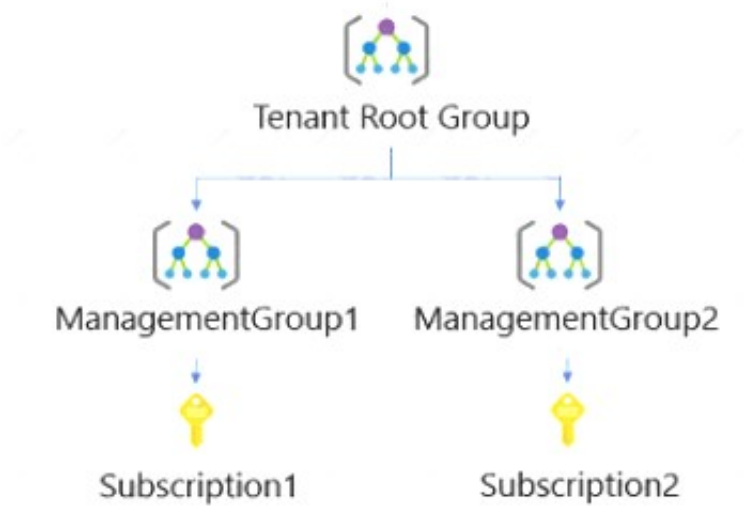
<http://169.254.169.254/metadata/identity/oauth2/token>

Reference:
https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/managed-identities-azure-resources/overview

NEW QUESTION 65

- (Exam Topic 2)

You have a hierarchy of management groups and Azure subscriptions as shown in the following table.



You create the Azure resources shown in the following table.

Name	Type	Created in
RG1	Resource group	Subscription1
RG2	Resource group	Subscription2
VM2	Virtual machine	RG2

You assign roles to users as shown in the following table.

User name	Role	On resource
User1	Contributor	ManagementGroup1
User2	Contributor	ManagementGroup2
User3	Reader	Tenant Root Group

For each of the following statements, select Yes if the statement is true. Otherwise, select No. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point

Statements	Yes	No
You can remove User1 from the Contributor role for RG1.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
User2 can delete VM2.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
You can add User3 as a Contributor for RG1.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Statements	Yes	No
You can remove User1 from the Contributor role for RG1.	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
User2 can delete VM2.	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
You can add User3 as a Contributor for RG1.	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

NEW QUESTION 69

- (Exam Topic 2)

Note: This question is part of series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.
After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.
You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2019. Server1 is a container host. You are creating a Dockerfile to build a container image. You need to add a file named File1.txt from Server1 to a folder named C:\Folder1 in the container image. Solution: You add the following line to the Dockerfile.

COPY File1.txt C:/Folder1/
 You then build the container image. Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

Explanation:

Copy is the correct command to copy a file to the container image but the root directory is specified as '/' and not as 'C:/'.

References:

https://docs.docker.com/develop/develop-images/dockerfile_best-practices/#add-or-copy <https://docs.docker.com/engine/reference/builder/>

NEW QUESTION 70

- (Exam Topic 2)

You create a container image named Image1 on a developer workstation.

You plan to create an Azure Web App for Containers named WebAppContainer that will use Image1. You need to upload Image1 to Azure. The solution must ensure that WebAppContainer can use Image1. To which storage type should you upload Image1?

- A. Azure Container Registry
- B. an Azure Storage account that contains a blob container
- C. an Azure Storage account that contains a file share
- D. Azure Container Instances

Answer: A

Explanation:

Configure registry credentials in web app.

App Service needs information about your registry and image to pull the private image. In the Azure portal, go to Container settings from the web app and update the Image source, Registry and save.

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/devops/pipelines/targets/webapp-on-container-linux>

NEW QUESTION 71

- (Exam Topic 2)

You have an Azure logic app named App1 and an Azure Service Bus queue named Queue1.

You need to ensure that App1 can read messages from Queue1. App1 must authenticate by using Azure Active Directory (Azure AD).

What should you do? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

On App1:

- Add a logic app step
- Configure Access control (IAM)
- Regenerate the access key
- Turn on the managed identity

On Queue1:

- Add a read-only lock
- Add a shared access policy
- Configure Access control (IAM)
- Modify the properties

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

On App1: Turn on the managed identity

To use Service Bus with managed identities, you need to assign the identity the role and the appropriate scope. The procedure in this section uses a simple application that runs under a managed identity and accesses Service Bus resources.

Once the application is created, follow these steps:

- > Go to Settings and select Identity.
- > Select the Status to be On.
- > Select Save to save the setting.

On Queue1: Configure Access Control (IAM)

Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) authorizes access rights to secured resources through role-based access control (RBAC). Azure Service Bus defines a set of built-in RBAC roles that encompass common sets of permissions used to access Service Bus entities and you can also define custom roles for accessing the data. Assign RBAC roles using the Azure portal

In the Azure portal, navigate to your Service Bus namespace. Select Access Control (IAM) on the left menu to display access control settings for the namespace. If you need to create a Service Bus namespace.

Select the Role assignments tab to see the list of role assignments. Select the Add button on the toolbar and then select Add role assignment.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/service-bus-messaging/authenticate-application> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/service-bus-messaging/service-bus-managed-service-identity>

NEW QUESTION 72

- (Exam Topic 2)

You have the virtual machines shown in the following table.

Name	Operating system	Connected to
VM1	Red Hat Enterprise Linux 7.7	VNET1
VM2	Windows Server 2019	VNET2
VM3	Windows Server 2019	VNET3

You deploy an Azure bastion named Bastion1 to VNET1.

To which virtual machines can you connect by using Bastion1?

- A. VM1 only
- B. VM1 and VM2 only
- C. VM2 and VM3 only
- D. VM1, VM2, and VM3

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 74

- (Exam Topic 2)

Note: This question is part of series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2019. Server1 is a container host. You are creating a Dockerfile to build a container image.

You need to add a file named File1.txt from Server1 to a folder named C:\Folder1 in the container image. Solution: You add the following line to the Dockerfile.

COPY File1.txt /Folder1/

You then build the container image. Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: A

Explanation:

Copy is the correct command to copy a file to the container image. References:

https://docs.docker.com/develop/develop-images/dockerfile_best-practices/#add-or-copy <https://docs.docker.com/engine/reference/builder/>

NEW QUESTION 79

- (Exam Topic 2)

You have resources in three Azure regions. Each region contains two virtual machines. Each virtual machine has a public IP address assigned to its network interface and a locally installed application named App1.

You plan to implement Azure Front Door-based load balancing across all the virtual machines.

You need to ensure that App1 on the virtual machines will only accept traffic routed from Azure Front Door. What should you implement?

- A. Azure Private Link
- B. service endpoints
- C. network security groups (NSGs) with service tags
- D. network security groups (NSGs) with application security groups

Answer: C

Explanation:

Configure IP ACLing for your backends to accept traffic from Azure Front Door's backend IP address space and Azure's infrastructure services only. Refer the IP details below for ACLing your backend:

➤ Refer AzureFrontDoor.Backend section in Azure IP Ranges and Service Tags for Front Door's IPv4 backend IP address range or you can also use the service tag AzureFrontDoor.Backend in your network security groups.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/frontdoor/front-door-faq>

NEW QUESTION 81

- (Exam Topic 2)

You have an Azure subscription that contains a resource group named RG1. RG1 contains multiple resources. You need to trigger an alert when the resources in RG1 consume \$1,000 USD.

What should you do?

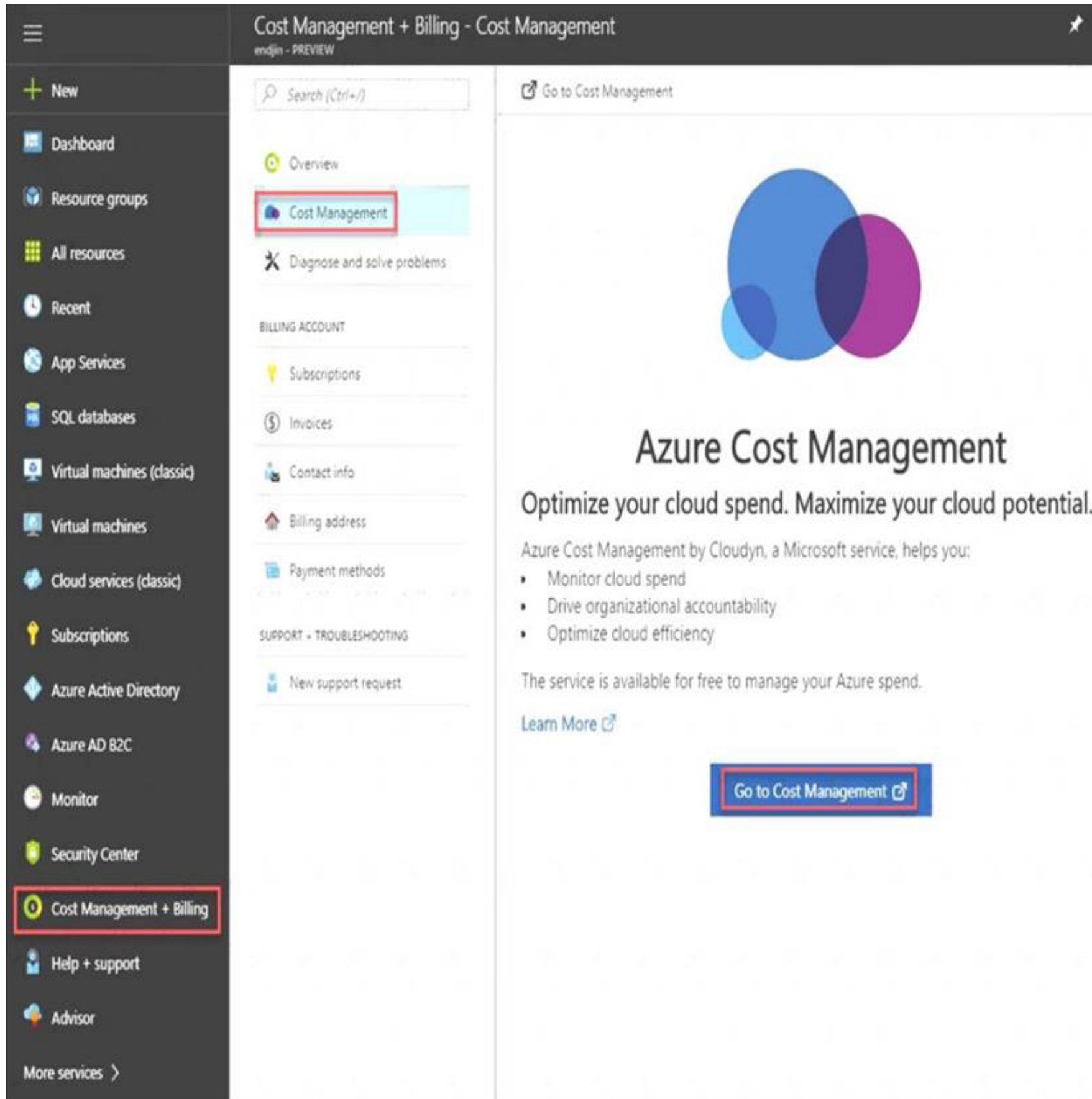
- A. From Cost Management + Billing, add a cloud connector.
- B. From the subscription, create an event subscription.
- C. From Cost Management + Billing create a budget.
- D. From RG1, create an event subscription.

Answer: C

Explanation:

Create budgets to manage costs and create alerts that automatically notify you are your stakeholders of spending anomalies and overspending.

To set it up, go to the Azure Portal, select 'Cost Management + Billing' -> 'Cost Management' -> 'Go to Cost Management'.



The screenshot displays the Azure portal interface for Cost Management + Billing. The left-hand navigation pane features a list of services, with 'Cost Management + Billing' highlighted by a red box. The main content area is titled 'Cost Management + Billing - Cost Management' and includes a search bar, a 'Go to Cost Management' link, and a list of navigation options. The 'Cost Management' option is highlighted with a red box. Below this, there are sections for 'BILLING ACCOUNT' (Subscriptions, Invoices, Contact info, Billing address, Payment methods) and 'SUPPORT + TROUBLESHOOTING' (New support request). The right-hand side of the page features a large graphic with the text 'Azure Cost Management' and 'Optimize your cloud spend. Maximize your cloud potential.' Below this, it lists three key benefits: Monitor cloud spend, Drive organizational accountability, and Optimize cloud efficiency. A 'Learn More' link and a 'Go to Cost Management' button are also present.

Note: Cost alerts are automatically generated based when Azure resources are consumed. Alerts show all active cost management and billing alerts together in one place. When your consumption reaches a given threshold, alerts are generated by Cost Management. There are three types of cost alerts: budget alerts, credit alerts, and department spending quota alerts.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/cost-management-billing/manage/getting-started>

NEW QUESTION 82

- (Exam Topic 2)

You have an Azure Kubernetes Service (AKS) cluster named Clus1 in a resource group named RG1. An administrator plans to manage Clus1 from an Azure AD-joined device.

You need to ensure that the administrator can deploy the YAML application manifest file for a container application.

You install the Azure CLI on the device. Which command should you run next?

- A. `kubectl get nodes`
- B. `az aks install-cli`
- C. `kubectl apply -f app1.yaml`
- D. `az aks get-credentials --resource-group RG1 --name Clus1`

Answer: C

Explanation:

`kubectl apply -f appl.yaml` applies a configuration change to a resource from a file or stdin. References:

<https://kubernetes.io/docs/reference/kubectl/overview/> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/cli/azure/aks>

NEW QUESTION 84

- (Exam Topic 2)

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant named contoso.com.

A user named Admin1 attempts to create an access review from the Azure Active Directory admin center and discovers that the Access reviews settings are unavailable. Admin 1 discovers that all the other Identity Governance settings are available. Admin1 is assigned The User administrator. Compliance administrator, and Security administrator roles. You need to ensure that Admin1 can create access reviews in contoso.com. .
Solution: You assign the Global administrator role to Admin1. Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

Explanation:
Instead use Azure AD Privileged Identity Management.
Note: PIM essentially helps you manage the who, what, when, where, and why for resources that you care about. Key features of PIM include:
> Conduct access reviews to ensure users still need roles
References:
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/privileged-identity-management/pim-configure>

NEW QUESTION 88
- (Exam Topic 2)

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.
After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.
Your company is deploying an on-premises application named Appl. Users will access App1 by using a URL of https://app1.contoso.com. You register App1 in Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) and publish Appl by using the Azure AD Application Proxy. You need to ensure that Appl appears in the My Apps portal for all the users.
Solution: You create a conditional access policy for App1.

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 91
- (Exam Topic 2)

You are developing an Azure Web App. You configure TLS mutual authentication for the web app. You need to validate the client certificate in the web app. To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

Property	Value
Client certificate location	<div><div></div><div>▼</div><div>HTTP request header</div><div>Client cookie</div><div>HTTP message body</div><div>URL query string</div></div>
Encoding type	<div><div></div><div>▼</div><div>HTML</div><div>URL</div><div>Unicode</div><div>Base64</div></div>

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Property	Value
Client certificate location	<div> <div></div> <div>▼</div> </div> <div> <div>HTTP request header</div> <div>Client cookie</div> <div>HTTP message body</div> <div>URL query string</div> </div>
Encoding type	<div> <div></div> <div>▼</div> </div> <div> <div>HTML</div> <div>URL</div> <div>Unicode</div> <div>Base64</div> </div>

NEW QUESTION 93

- (Exam Topic 2)

The developers at your company request that you create databases in Azure Cosmos DB as shown in the following table.

Name	Requirement
CosmosDB1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Provides a throughput of 1,200 RU/s Has multiple write regions Uses the Core (SQL) API
CosmosDB2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Provides a throughput of 800 RU/s Uses the MongoDB API
CosmosDB3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Provides a throughput of 1,200 RU/s Has only one write region Uses the Core (SQL) API
CosmosDB4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Provides a throughput of 2,000 RU/s Uses the MongoDB API

You need to create the Azure Cosmos DB databases to meet the developer request. The solution must minimize costs.

What are two possible ways to achieve the goal? Each correct answer presents a complete solution.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. Create three Azure Cosmos DB accounts, one for the databases that use the Core (SQL) API, one for CosmosDB2, and one for CosmosDB4.
- B. Create two Azure Cosmos DB accounts, one for CosmosDB2 and CosmosDB4 and one for CosmosDB1 and CosmosDB3.
- C. Create one Azure Cosmos DB account for each database.
- D. Create three Azure Cosmos DB accounts, one for the databases that use the MongoDB API, one for CosmosDB1, and one for CosmosDB3.

Answer: BD

Explanation:

Note:

Microsoft recommends using the same API for all access to the data in a given account.

One throughput provisioned container per subscription for SQL, Gremlin API, and Table accounts. Up to three throughput provisioned collections per subscription for MongoDB accounts.

The throughput provisioned on an Azure Cosmos container is exclusively reserved for that container. The container receives the provisioned throughput all the time.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/cosmos-db/set-throughput#set-throughput-on-a-container>

NEW QUESTION 98

- (Exam Topic 2)

You have SQL Server on an Azure virtual machine named SQL1.

You need to automate the backup of the databases on SQL1 by using Automated Backup v2 for the virtual machines. The backups must meet the following

requirements:

- Meet a recovery point objective (RPO) of 15 minutes.
- Retain the backups for 30 days.
- Encrypt the backups at rest.

What should you provision as part of the backup solution?

- A. Azure Key Vault
- B. an Azure Storage account
- C. a Recovery Services vault
- D. Elastic Database jobs

Answer: B

Explanation:

An Azure storage account is used for storing Automated Backup files in blob storage. A container is created at this location to store all backup files. The backup file naming convention includes the date, time, and database GUID.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/virtual-machines/windows/automated-backup>

NEW QUESTION 101

- (Exam Topic 2)

Note: This question is part of series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2019. Server1 is a container host. You are creating a Dockerfile to build a container image.

You need to add a file named File1.txt from Server1 to a folder named C:\Folder1 in the container image. Solution: You add the following line to the Dockerfile.

XCOPY File1.txt C:\Folder1\

You then build the container image. Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

Explanation:

Copy is the correct command to copy a file to the container image. Furthermore, the root directory is specified as '/' and not as 'C:/'.

References:

https://docs.docker.com/develop/develop-images/dockerfile_best-practices/#add-or-copy <https://docs.docker.com/engine/reference/builder/>

NEW QUESTION 106

- (Exam Topic 2)

You have an Azure Resource Manager template named Template1 in the library as shown in the following exhibit.

ARM Template

template1

```
1  {
2    "$schema": "https://schema.management.azure.com/
schemas/2015-01-01/deploymentTemplate.json#",
3    "contentVersion": "1.0.0.0",
4    "parameters": {},
5    "resources": [
6      {
7        "apiVersion": "2016-01-01",
8        "type": "Microsoft.Storage/storageAccounts",
9        "name": "[concat(copyIndex(), 'storage',
uniqueString(resourceGroup().id))]",
10       "location": "[resourceGroup().location]",
11       "sku": {
12         "name": "Premium_LRS"
13       },
14       "kind": "Storage",
15       "properties": {},
16       "copy": {
17         "name": "storagecopy",
18         "count": 3,
19         "mode": "Serial",
20         "batchSize": 1
21       }
22     ]
23   }
24 ]
25 }
```

Use the drop-down menus to select the answer choice that completes each statement based on the information presented in the graphic.
NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

During the deployment of Template1, you can specify [answer choice].

the number of resources to deploy

the name of the resources to deploy

the resource group to which to deploy the resources

the permissions for the resources that will be deployed

Template1 deploys [answer choice].

a single storage account in one resource group

three storage accounts in one resource group

three resource groups that each has one storage account

three resource groups that each has three storage accounts

A. Mastered
B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:
Reference:
<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-resource-manager/templates/template-syntax>

NEW QUESTION 107

- (Exam Topic 2)

You have an Azure subscription that contains the resources shown in the following table.

Name	Type	Address space
VNET1	Virtual network	10.1.1.0/24
Subnet1	Subnet	10.1.1.0/24
VM1	Virtual machine	<i>Not applicable</i>

Subnet1 is on VNET1. VM1 connects to Subnet1.

You plan to create a virtual network gateway on VNET1.

You need to prepare the environment for the planned virtual network gateway.

What are two ways to achieve this goal? Each correct answer presents a complete solution. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. Create a subnet named GatewaySubnet on VNET1.
- B. Delete Subnet1.
- C. Modify the address space used by Subnet1.
- D. Modify the address space used by VNET1
- E. Create a local network gateway.

Answer: AD

NEW QUESTION 108

- (Exam Topic 2)

Note: This question is part of series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

You have an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant named contoso.com.

A user named Admin1 attempts to create an access review from the Azure Active Directory admin center and discovers that the Access reviews settings are unavailable. Admin1 discovers that all the other Identity Governance settings are available.

Admin1 is assigned the User administrator, Compliance administrator, and Security administrator roles. You need to ensure that Admin1 can create access reviews in contoso.com.

Solution: You create an access package. Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

Explanation:

You do not use access packages for Identity Governance. Instead use Azure AD Privileged Identity Management.

Note: PIM essentially helps you manage the who, what, when, where, and why for resources that you care about. Key features of PIM include:

Conduct access reviews to ensure users still need roles References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/privileged-identity-management/pim-configure> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/governance/entitlement-management-overview>

NEW QUESTION 113

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