

300-710 Dumps

Securing Networks with Cisco Firepower (SNCF)

<https://www.certleader.com/300-710-dumps.html>



visit - <https://www.certleader.com>

- A. The action of the rule is set to trust instead of allow.
- B. The rule must specify the security zone that originates the traffic.
- C. The rule is configured with the wrong setting for the source port.
- D. The rule must define the source network for inspection as well as the port.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 6

- (Exam Topic 5)

An engineer is troubleshooting a device that cannot connect to a web server. The connection is initiated from the Cisco FTD inside interface and attempting to reach 10.0.1.100 over the non-standard port of 9443. The host the engineer is attempting the connection from is at the IP address of 10.20.10.20. In order to determine what is happening to the packets on the network, the engineer decides to use the FTD packet capture tool. Which capture configuration should be used to gather the information needed to troubleshoot this issue?

A)

B)

C)

Add Capture

Name*: Server1_Capture Interface*: diagnostic

Match Criteria:

Protocol*: IP

Source Host*: 10.20.10.20 Source Network: 255.255.255.255

Destination Host*: 10.0.1.100 Destination Network: 255.255.255.255

☐ SGT number: 0 (0-65533)

Buffer:

Packet Size: 1518 14-1522 bytes ☒ Continuous Capture ☒ Trace

Buffer Size: 524288 1534-33554432 bytes ☐ Stop when full Trace Count: 50

Save Cancel

D)

Add Capture

Name*: Server1_Capture Interface*: diagnostic

Match Criteria:

Protocol*: IP

Source Host*: 10.0.1.100 Source Network: 255.255.255.255

Destination Host*: 10.20.10.20 Destination Network: 255.255.255.255

☐ SGT number: 0 (0-65533)

Buffer:

Packet Size: 1518 14-1522 bytes ☒ Continuous Capture ☒ Trace

Buffer Size: 524288 1534-33554432 bytes ☐ Stop when full Trace Count: 50

Save Cancel

- A. Option A
- B. Option B
- C. Option C
- D. Option D

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 7

- (Exam Topic 5)

An engineer has been tasked with providing disaster recovery for an organization's primary Cisco FMC. What must be done on the primary and secondary Cisco FMCs to ensure that a copy of the original corporate policy is available if the primary Cisco FMC fails?

- A. Restore the primary Cisco FMC backup configuration to the secondary Cisco FMC device when the primary device fails.
- B. Configure high-availability in both the primary and secondary Cisco FMCs.
- C. Connect the primary and secondary Cisco FMC devices with Category 6 cables of not more than 10 meters in length.
- D. Place the active Cisco FMC device on the same trusted management network as the standby device.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 8

- (Exam Topic 5)

A security engineer found a suspicious file from an employee email address and is trying to upload it for analysis, however the upload is failing. The last registration status is still active. What is the cause for this issue?

- A. Cisco AMP for Networks is unable to contact Cisco Threat Grid on premise.
- B. Cisco AMP for Networks is unable to contact Cisco Threat Grid Cloud.

- C. There is a host limit set.
- D. The user agent status is set to monitor.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 9

- (Exam Topic 5)

What is a feature of Cisco AMP private cloud?

- A. It supports anonymized retrieval of threat intelligence
- B. It supports security intelligence filtering.
- C. It disables direct connections to the public cloud.
- D. It performs dynamic analysis

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 10

- (Exam Topic 5)

An administrator is configuring their transparent Cisco FTD device to receive ERSPAN traffic from multiple switches on a passive port, but the Cisco FTD is not processing the traffic. What is the problem?

- A. The switches do not have Layer 3 connectivity to the FTD device for GRE traffic transmission.
- B. The switches were not set up with a monitor session ID that matches the flow ID defined on the CiscoFTD.
- C. The Cisco FTD must be in routed mode to process ERSPAN traffic.
- D. The Cisco FTD must be configured with an ERSPAN port not a passive port.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 10

- (Exam Topic 5)

An engineer configures an access control rule that deploys file policy configurations to security zones or tunnel zones, and it causes the device to restart. What is the reason for the restart?

- A. Source or destination security zones in the access control rule matches the security zones that are associated with interfaces on the target devices.
- B. The source tunnel zone in the rule does not match a tunnel zone that is assigned to a tunnel rule in the destination policy.
- C. Source or destination security zones in the source tunnel zone do not match the security zones that are associated with interfaces on the target devices.
- D. The source tunnel zone in the rule does not match a tunnel zone that is assigned to a tunnel rule in the source policy.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 15

- (Exam Topic 5)

An engineer is configuring Cisco FMC and wants to limit the time allowed for processing packets through the interface. However, if the time is exceeded, the configuration must allow packets to bypass detection. What must be configured on the Cisco FMC to accomplish this task?

- A. Fast-Path Rules Bypass
- B. Cisco ISE Security Group Tag
- C. Inspect Local Traffic Bypass
- D. Automatic Application Bypass

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 16

- (Exam Topic 5)

Remote users who connect via Cisco AnyConnect to the corporate network behind a Cisco FTD device report that they get no audio when calling between remote users using their softphones. These same users can call internal users on the corporate network without any issues. What is the cause of this issue?

- A. The hairpinning feature is not available on FTD.
- B. Split tunneling is enabled for the Remote Access VPN on FTD.
- C. FTD has no NAT policy that allows outside to outside communication.
- D. The Enable Spoke to Spoke Connectivity through Hub option is not selected on FTD.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 17

- (Exam Topic 5)

A network administrator cannot select the link to be used for failover when configuring an active/passive HA Cisco FTD pair. Which configuration must be changed before setting up the high availability pair?

- A. An IP address in the same subnet must be added to each Cisco FTD on the interface.
- B. The interface name must be removed from the interface on each Cisco FTD.
- C. The name Failover must be configured manually on the interface on each Cisco FTD.
- D. The interface must be configured as part of a LACP Active/Active EtherChannel.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 19

- (Exam Topic 5)

Refer to the exhibit.

II. ASSESSMENT RESULTS	
AUTOMATING THE TUNING EFFORT	
During the assessment period, the following changes to your network were observed.	
NETWORK CHANGE TYPE	NUMBER OF CHANGES
A new operating system was found	310
A new host was added to the network	366
A device started using a new transport protocol	381
A device started using a new network protocol	373

And engineer is analyzing the Attacks Risk Report and finds that there are over 300 instances of new operating systems being seen on the network How is the Firepower configuration updated to protect these new operating systems?

- A. Cisco Firepower automatically updates the policies.
- B. The administrator requests a Remediation Recommendation Report from Cisco Firepower
- C. Cisco Firepower gives recommendations to update the policies.
- D. The administrator manually updates the policies.

Answer: C

Explanation:

Ref:

<https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/firepower/60/configuration/guide/fpmc-config-guide-v60/Tailor>

NEW QUESTION 22

- (Exam Topic 5)

A security analyst must create a new report within Cisco FMC to show an overview of the daily attacks, vulnerabilities, and connections. The analyst wants to reuse specific dashboards from other reports to create this consolidated one. Which action accomplishes this task?

- A. Create a new dashboard object via Object Management to represent the desired views.
- B. Modify the Custom Workflows within the Cisco FMC to feed the desired data into the new report.
- C. Copy the Malware Report and modify the sections to pull components from other reports.
- D. Use the import feature in the newly created report to select which dashboards to add.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 25

- (Exam Topic 5)

Refer to the exhibit.

```

6: 15:46:24.605132 192.168.40.11:62830 > 172.1.1.50:80: Seq 1719837470:1719837470(0) win 8192 len 1460,nop,wscale 8,nop,nop,sackOK>
Phase: 1
Type: L2-EGRESS-IFC-LOOKUP
Subtype: Destination MAC L2 Lookup
Result: ALLOW
Config:
Additional Information:
Destination MAC lookup resulted in egress ifc MGMT40_Outside1

Phase: 2
Type: CAPTURE
Subtype:
Result: ALLOW
Config:
Additional Information:
MAC Access list

Phase: 3
Type: ACCESS-LIST
Subtype:
Result: ALLOW
Config:
Implicit Rule
Additional Information:
MAC Access list

Phase: 4
Type: ACCESS-LIST
Subtype: log
Result: DROP
Config:
Access-group CSM_FW_ACL_global
access-list CSM_FW_ACL_advanced deny tcp any any object-group HTTP rule-id 268438528
access-list CSM_FW_ACL_remark rule-id 268438528 ACCESS POLICY: FTD Policy - Mandatory
access-list CSM_FW_ACL_remark rule-id 268438528 L4 Pol: HTTP
object-group service HTTP tcp
port-object eq www
Additional Information:

Result:
Input-interface: MGMT40_Inside1
Input-status: up
Input-line-status: up
Action: drop
Drop-reason: (acl-drop) Flow is denied by configured rule, Drop-location: frame 0x00005587afa07120 flow (NA)/NA
  
```

What must be done to fix access to this website while preventing the same communication to all other websites?

- A. Create an intrusion policy rule to have Snort allow port 80 to only 172.1.1 50.
- B. Create an access control policy rule to allow port 80 to only 172.1.1 50.
- C. Create an intrusion policy rule to have Snort allow port 443 to only 172.1.1.50
- D. Create an access control policy rule to allow port 443 to only 172.1.1 50

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 30

- (Exam Topic 5)

What is the advantage of having Cisco Firepower devices send events to Cisco Threat Response via the security services exchange portal directly as opposed to using syslog?

- A. All types of Cisco Firepower devices are supported.
- B. An on-premises proxy server does not need to be set up and maintained.
- C. Cisco Firepower devices do not need to be connected to the Internet.
- D. Supports all devices that are running supported versions of Cisco Firepower.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 31

- (Exam Topic 5)

An organization has seen a lot of traffic congestion on their links going out to the internet There is a Cisco Firepower device that processes all of the traffic going to the internet prior to leaving the enterprise. How is the congestion alleviated so that legitimate business traffic reaches the destination?

- A. Create a flexconfig policy to use WCCP for application aware bandwidth limiting
- B. Create a VPN policy so that direct tunnels are established to the business applications
- C. Create a NAT policy so that the Cisco Firepower device does not have to translate as many addresses
- D. Create a QoS policy rate-limiting high bandwidth applications

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 33

- (Exam Topic 5)

Which two considerations must be made when deleting and re-adding devices while managing them via Cisco FMC (Choose two).

- A. Before re-adding the device In Cisco FMC, the manager must be added back.
- B. The Cisco FMC web interface prompts users to re-apply access control policies.
- C. Once a device has been deleted, It must be reconfigured before it is re-added to the Cisco FMC.
- D. An option to re-apply NAT and VPN policies during registration is available, so users do not need to re-apply the policies after registration is completed.
- E. There is no option to re-apply NAT and VPN policies during registration is available, so users need to re-apply the policies after registration is completed.

Answer: BE

NEW QUESTION 36

- (Exam Topic 5)

The network administrator wants to enhance the network security posture by enabling machine learning for malware detection due to a concern with suspicious Microsoft executable file types that were seen while creating monthly security reports for the CIO. Which feature must be enabled to accomplish this goal?

- A. Spero
- B. dynamic analysis
- C. static analysis
- D. Ethos

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 39

- (Exam Topic 5)

An engineer wants to perform a packet capture on the Cisco FTD to confirm that the host using IP address 192.168.100.100 has the MAC address of 0042 7734.103 to help troubleshoot a connectivity issue What is the correct tcpdump command syntax to ensure that the MAC address appears in the packet capture output?

- A. -nm src 192.168.100.100
- B. -ne src 192.168.100.100
- C. -w capture.pcap -s 1518 host 192.168.100.100 mac
- D. -w capture.pcap -s 1518 host 192.168.100.100 ether

Answer: B

Explanation:

Reference:

<https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/docs/security/firepower-ngfw/212474-working-with-firepower-threat-de>

NEW QUESTION 44

- (Exam Topic 5)

While configuring FTD, a network engineer wants to ensure that traffic passing through the appliance does not require routing or Vlan rewriting. Which interface

mode should the engineer implement to accomplish this task?

- A. passive
- B. transparent
- C. Inline tap
- D. Inline set

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 45

- (Exam Topic 5)

Refer to the exhibit.

EVASIVE APPLICATIONS				
Evasive applications try to bypass your security by tunneling over common ports and trying multiple communication methods. Only solutions that reliably identify applications are effective at blocking evasive applications. You should evaluate the risks of these applications and see if they are good candidates for blocking.				
APPLICATION	TIMES ACCESSED	APPLICATION RISK	PRODUCTIVITY RATING	DATA TRANSFERRED (MB)
SSL client	60,712	Medium	Medium	8,510.48

An administrator is looking at some of the reporting capabilities for Cisco Firepower and noticed this section of the Network Risk report showing a lot of SSL activity that could be used for evasion. Which action will mitigate this risk?

- A. Use SSL decryption to analyze the packets.
- B. Use encrypted traffic analytics to detect attacks
- C. Use Cisco AMP for Endpoints to block all SSL connections
- D. Use Cisco Tetration to track SSL connections to servers.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 48

- (Exam Topic 5)

A network administrator notices that inspection has been interrupted on all non-managed interfaces of a device. What is the cause of this?

- A. The value of the highest MTU assigned to any non-management interface was changed.
- B. The value of the highest MSS assigned to any non-management interface was changed.
- C. A passive interface was associated with a security zone.
- D. Multiple inline interface pairs were added to the same inline interface.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 52

- (Exam Topic 5)

An administrator receives reports that users cannot access a cloud-hosted web server. The access control policy was recently updated with several new policy additions and URL filtering. What must be done to troubleshoot the issue and restore access without sacrificing the organization's security posture?

- A. Create a new access control policy rule to allow ports 80 and 443 to the FQDN of the web server.
- B. Identify the blocked traffic in the Cisco FMC connection events to validate the block, and modify the policy to allow the traffic to the web server.
- C. Verify the blocks using the packet capture tool and create a rule with the action monitor for the traffic.
- D. Download a PCAP of the traffic attempts to verify the blocks and use the flexconfig objects to create a rule that allows only the required traffic to the destination server.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 57

- (Exam Topic 5)

A security engineer must integrate an external feed containing STIX/TAXII data with Cisco FMC. Which feature must be enabled on the Cisco FMC to support this connection?

- A. Cisco Success Network
- B. Cisco Secure Endpoint Integration
- C. Threat Intelligence Director
- D. Security Intelligence Feeds

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 61

- (Exam Topic 5)

A network administrator is configuring a Cisco AMP public cloud instance and wants to capture infections and polymorphic variants of a threat to help detect families of malware. Which detection engine meets this requirement?

- A. RBAC
- B. Tetra
- C. Ethos
- D. Spero

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 66

- (Exam Topic 5)

When using Cisco Threat Response, which phase of the Intelligence Cycle publishes the results of the investigation?

- A. direction
- B. dissemination
- C. processing
- D. analysis

Answer: B

Explanation:

Disseminate: The dissemination phase

publishes the results of the investigation or threat hunt. This

information is disseminated with a focus on the receivers of the information. At the tactical level, this information feeds back into the beginning of the F3EAD model, Find. Figure 3 illustrates the F3EAD model.

NEW QUESTION 71

- (Exam Topic 5)

A network engineer must provide redundancy between two Cisco FTD devices. The redundancy configuration must include automatic configuration, translation, and connection updates. After the initial configuration of the two appliances, which two steps must be taken to proceed with the redundancy configuration? (Choose two.)

- A. Configure the virtual MAC address on the failover link.
- B. Disable hellos on the inside interface.
- C. Configure the standby IP addresses.
- D. Ensure the high availability license is enabled.
- E. Configure the failover link with stateful properties.

Answer: AC

NEW QUESTION 75

- (Exam Topic 5)

A network engineer is extending a user segment through an FTD device for traffic inspection without creating another IP subnet How is this accomplished on an FTD device in routed mode?

- A. by leveraging the ARP to direct traffic through the firewall
- B. by assigning an inline set interface
- C. by using a BVI and create a BVI IP address in the same subnet as the user segment
- D. by bypassing protocol inspection by leveraging pre-filter rules

Answer: C

Explanation:

<https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/firepower/640/configuration/guide/fpmc-config-guide-v64/trans>

NEW QUESTION 76

- (Exam Topic 5)

An engineer wants to connect a single IP subnet through a Cisco FTD firewall and enforce policy. There is a requirement to present the internal IP subnet to the outside as a different IP address. What must be configured to meet these requirements?

- A. Configure the downstream router to perform NAT.
- B. Configure the upstream router to perform NAT.
- C. Configure the Cisco FTD firewall in routed mode with NAT enabled.
- D. Configure the Cisco FTD firewall in transparent mode with NAT enabled.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 78

- (Exam Topic 5)

An engineer is setting up a remote access VPN on a Cisco FTD device and wants to define which traffic gets sent over the VPN tunnel. Which named object type in Cisco FMC must be used to accomplish this task?

- A. split tunnel
- B. crypto map
- C. access list
- D. route map

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 80

- (Exam Topic 5)

An administrator is attempting to remotely log into a switch in the data centre using SSH and is unable to connect. How does the administrator confirm that traffic is reaching the firewall?

- A. by running Wireshark on the administrator's PC
- B. by performing a packet capture on the firewall.
- C. by running a packet tracer on the firewall.
- D. by attempting to access it from a different workstation.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 84

- (Exam Topic 5)

A network administrator needs to create a policy on Cisco Firepower to fast-path traffic to avoid Layer 7 inspection. The rate at which traffic is inspected must be optimized. What must be done to achieve this goal?

- A. Enable the FXOS for multi-instance.
- B. Configure a prefilter policy.
- C. Configure modular policy framework.
- D. Disable TCP inspection.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 89

- (Exam Topic 5)

An engineer is troubleshooting a file that is being blocked by a Cisco FTD device on the network. The user is reporting that the file is not malicious. Which action does the engineer take to identify the file and validate whether or not it is malicious?

- A. identify the file in the intrusion events and submit it to Threat Grid for analysis.
- B. Use FMC file analysis to look for the file and select Analyze to determine its disposition.
- C. Use the context explorer to find the file and download it to the local machine for investigation.
- D. Right click the connection event and send the file to AMP for Endpoints to see if the hash is malicious.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 91

- (Exam Topic 5)

A network engineer is receiving reports of users randomly getting disconnected from their corporate applications which traverses the data center FTD appliance. Network monitoring tools show that the FTD appliance utilization is peaking above 90% of total capacity. What must be done in order to further analyze this issue?

- A. Use the Packet Export feature to save data onto external drives
- B. Use the Packet Capture feature to collect real-time network traffic
- C. Use the Packet Tracer feature for traffic policy analysis
- D. Use the Packet Analysis feature for capturing network data

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 96

- (Exam Topic 5)

A security engineer is configuring an Access Control Policy for multiple branch locations. These locations share a common rule set and utilize a network object called INSIDE_NET which contains the locally significant internal network subnets at each location. Which technique will retain the policy consistency at each location but allow only the locally significant network subnet within the applicable rules?

- A. utilizing a dynamic Access Control Policy that updates from Cisco Talos
- B. utilizing policy inheritance
- C. creating a unique Access Control Policy per device
- D. creating an Access Control Policy with an INSIDE_NET network object and object overrides

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 98

- (Exam Topic 5)

With a recent summer time change, system logs are showing activity that occurred to be an hour behind real time. Which action should be taken to resolve this issue?

- A. Manually adjust the time to the correct hour on all managed devices
- B. Configure the system clock settings to use NTP with Daylight Savings checked
- C. Manually adjust the time to the correct hour on the Cisco FMC.
- D. Configure the system clock settings to use NTP

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 102

- (Exam Topic 5)

Which firewall design will allow It to forward traffic at layers 2 and 3 for the same subnet?

- A. Cisco Firepower Threat Defense mode
- B. routed mode
- C. Integrated routing and bridging
- D. transparent mode

Answer: C

Explanation:

Integrated routing and bridging (IRB) is a feature of Cisco Firepower Threat Defense (FTD) that allows the firewall to forward traffic at both layers 2 and 3 for the same subnet. In this mode, the firewall can act as a switch or a bridge to forward traffic at layer 2 and as a router to forward traffic at layer 3. This allows the firewall to maintain full control over the traffic, while still allowing it to forward traffic at both layers.

<https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/firepower/ftd-config-guide/FTD-Config-Guide-v6/Integrated-Ro>

NEW QUESTION 106

- (Exam Topic 5)

An engineer is setting up a new Firepower deployment and is looking at the default FMC policies to start the implementation During the initial trial phase, the organization wants to test some common Snort rules while still allowing the majority of network traffic to pass Which default policy should be used?

- A. Maximum Detection
- B. Security Over Connectivity
- C. Balanced Security and Connectivity
- D. Connectivity Over Security

Answer: C

Explanation:

<https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/firepower/623/fdm/fptd-fdm-config-guide-623/fptd-fdm-intrusio>

NEW QUESTION 109

- (Exam Topic 5)

A Cisco FTD device is running in transparent firewall mode with a VTEP bridge group member ingress interface. What must be considered by an engineer tasked with specifying a destination MAC address for a packet trace?

- A. Only the UDP packet type is supported.
- B. The output format option for the packet logs is unavailable.
- C. The destination MAC address is optional if a VLAN ID value is entered.
- D. The VLAN ID and destination MAC address are optional.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 111

- (Exam Topic 5)

Drag and drop the configuration steps from the left into the sequence on the right to enable external authentication on Cisco FMC to a RADIUS server.

Select Authentication Method and RADIUS.	step 1
Configure the primary and secondary servers and user roles.	step 2
Select Users and External Authentication.	step 3
Add External Authentication Object.	step 4

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

4, 1, 2, 3

NEW QUESTION 116

- (Exam Topic 5)

Which protocol is needed to exchange threat details in rapid threat containment on Cisco FMC?

- A. SGT
- B. SNMP v3
- C. BFD
- D. pxGrid

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 121

- (Exam Topic 5)

An engainer must add DNS-specific rules to me Cisco FTD intrusion policy. The engineer wants to use the rules currently in the Cisco FTD Snort database that are not already enabled but does not want to enable more than are needed. Which action meets these requirements?

- A. Change the dynamic state of the rule within the policy.
- B. Change the base policy to Security over Connectivity.
- C. Change the rule state within the policy being used.
- D. Change the rules using the Generate and Use Recommendations feature.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 126

- (Exam Topic 5)

The CEO ask a network administrator to present to management a dashboard that shows custom analysis tables for the top DNS queries URL category statistics, and the URL reputation statistics.

Which action must the administrator take to quickly produce this information for management?

- A. Run the Attack report and filter on DNS to show this information.
- B. Create a new dashboard and add three custom analysis widgets that specify the tables needed.
- C. Modify the Connection Events dashboard to display the information in a view for management.
- D. Copy the intrusion events dashboard tab and modify each widget to show the correct charts.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 129

- (Exam Topic 5)

An engineer has been tasked with providing disaster recovery for an organization's primary Cisco FMC. What must be done on the primary and secondary Cisco FMCs to ensure that a copy of the original corporate policy is available if the primary Cisco FMC fails?

- A. Configure high-availability in both the primary and secondary Cisco FMCs
- B. Connect the primary and secondary Cisco FMC devices with Category 6 cables of not more than 10 meters in length.
- C. Place the active Cisco FMC device on the same trusted management network as the standby device
- D. Restore the primary Cisco FMC backup configuration to the secondary Cisco FMC device when the primary device fails

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 130

- (Exam Topic 5)

An engineer is configuring a cisco FTD appliance in IPS-only mode and needs to utilize fail-to-wire interfaces. Which interface mode should be used to meet these requirements?

- A. transparent
- B. routed
- C. passive
- D. inline set

Answer: D

Explanation:

Reference:

<https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/firepower/630/configuration/guide/fpmc-config-guide-v63/inline>

NEW QUESTION 133

- (Exam Topic 5)

An analyst is investigating a potentially compromised endpoint within the network and pulls a host report for the endpoint in question to collect metrics and documentation. What information should be taken from this report for the investigation?

- A. client applications by user, web applications, and user connections
- B. number of attacked machines, sources of the attack, and traffic patterns
- C. intrusion events, host connections, and user sessions
- D. threat detections over time and application protocols transferring malware

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 136

- (Exam Topic 5)

Which feature within the Cisco FMC web interface allows for detecting, analyzing and blocking malware in network traffic?

- A. intrusion and file events

- B. Cisco AMP for Endpoints
- C. Cisco AMP for Networks
- D. file policies

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 141

- (Exam Topic 5)

Which process should be checked when troubleshooting registration issues between Cisco FMC and managed devices to verify that secure communication is occurring?

- A. fpcollect
- B. dhclient
- C. sfmgr
- D. sftunnel

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 146

- (Exam Topic 5)

An engineer runs the command `restore remote-manager-backup location 2.2.2.2 admin /Volume/home/admin FTD408566513.zip` on a Cisco FMC. After connecting to the repository, the Cisco FTD device is unable to accept the backup file. What is the reason for this failure?

- A. The backup file is not in .cfg format.
- B. The wrong IP address is used.
- C. The backup file extension was changed from .tar to .zip.
- D. The directory location is incorrect.

Answer: C

Explanation:

Reference: <https://www.ciscolive.com/c/dam/r/ciscolive/emea/docs/2019/pdf/BRKSEC-3455.pdf>

NEW QUESTION 151

- (Exam Topic 5)

A mid-sized company is experiencing higher network bandwidth utilization due to a recent acquisition. The network operations team is asked to scale up their one Cisco FTD appliance deployment to higher capacities due to the increased network bandwidth. Which design option should be used to accomplish this goal?

- A. Deploy multiple Cisco FTD appliances in firewall clustering mode to increase performance.
- B. Deploy multiple Cisco FTD appliances using VPN load-balancing to scale performance.
- C. Deploy multiple Cisco FTD HA pairs to increase performance.
- D. Deploy multiple Cisco FTD HA pairs in clustering mode to increase performance.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 156

- (Exam Topic 5)

An engineer must investigate a connectivity issue and decides to use the packet capture feature on Cisco FTD. The goal is to see the real packet going through the Cisco FTD device and see the Snort detection actions as a part of the output. After the `capture-traffic` command is issued, only the packets are displayed. Which action resolves this issue?

- A. Use the verbose option as a part of the `capture-traffic` command.
- B. Use the `capture` command and specify the trace option to get the required information.
- C. Specify the trace using the `-T` option after the `capture-traffic` command.
- D. Perform the trace within the Cisco FMC GUI instead of the Cisco FTD CLI.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 160

- (Exam Topic 5)

What is the RTC workflow when the infected endpoint is identified?

- A. Cisco ISE instructs Cisco AMP to contain the infected endpoint.
- B. Cisco ISE instructs Cisco FMC to contain the infected endpoint.
- C. Cisco AMP instructs Cisco FMC to contain the infected endpoint.
- D. Cisco FMC instructs Cisco ISE to contain the infected endpoint.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 162

- (Exam Topic 5)

An engineer attempts to pull the configuration for a Cisco FTD sensor to review with Cisco TAC but does not have direct access to the CU for the device. The CLI for the device is managed by Cisco FMC to which the engineer has access. Which action in Cisco FMC grants access to the CLI for the device?

- A. Export the configuration using the Import/Export tool within Cisco FMC.
- B. Create a backup of the configuration within the Cisco FMC.
- C. Use the `show run all` command in the Cisco FTD CLI feature within Cisco FMC.

D. Download the configuration file within the File Download section of Cisco FMC.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 166

- (Exam Topic 5)

A network administrator is configuring a site-to-site IPsec VPN to a router sitting behind a Cisco FTD. The administrator has configured an access policy to allow traffic to this device on UDP 500, 4500, and ESP VPN traffic is not working. Which action resolves this issue?

- A. Set the allow action in the access policy to trust.
- B. Enable IPsec inspection on the access policy.
- C. Modify the NAT policy to use the interface PAT.
- D. Change the access policy to allow all ports.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 170

- (Exam Topic 5)

An organization has a compliancy requirement to protect servers from clients, however, the clients and servers all reside on the same Layer 3 network Without readdressing IP subnets for clients or servers, how is segmentation achieved?

- A. Deploy a firewall in transparent mode between the clients and servers.
- B. Change the IP addresses of the clients, while remaining on the same subnet.
- C. Deploy a firewall in routed mode between the clients and servers
- D. Change the IP addresses of the servers, while remaining on the same subnet

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 173

- (Exam Topic 5)

An engineer has been asked to show application usages automatically on a monthly basis and send the information to management What mechanism should be used to accomplish this task?

- A. event viewer
- B. reports
- C. dashboards
- D. context explorer

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 175

- (Exam Topic 4)

What is a valid Cisco AMP file disposition?

- A. non-malicious
- B. malware
- C. known-good
- D. pristine

Answer: B

Explanation:

Reference:

https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/firepower/60/configuration/guide/fpmc-config-guide- v60/Reference_a_wrapper_Chapter_topic_here.html

NEW QUESTION 177

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which action should you take when Cisco Threat Response notifies you that AMP has identified a file as malware?

- A. Add the malicious file to the block list.
- B. Send a snapshot to Cisco for technical support.
- C. Forward the result of the investigation to an external threat-analysis engine.
- D. Wait for Cisco Threat Response to automatically block the malware.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 178

- (Exam Topic 4)

Which connector is used to integrate Cisco ISE with Cisco FMC for Rapid Threat Containment?

- A. pxGrid
- B. FTD RTC
- C. FMC RTC
- D. ISEGrid

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 179

- (Exam Topic 5)

An engineer has been tasked with using Cisco FMC to determine if files being sent through the network are malware. Which two configuration tasks must be performed to achieve this file lookup? (Choose two.)

- A. The Cisco FMC needs to include a SSL decryption policy.
- B. The Cisco FMC needs to connect to the Cisco AMP for Endpoints service.
- C. The Cisco FMC needs to connect to the Cisco ThreatGrid service directly for sandboxing.
- D. The Cisco FMC needs to connect with the FireAMP Cloud.
- E. The Cisco FMC needs to include a file inspection policy for malware lookup.

Answer: DE

NEW QUESTION 181

- (Exam Topic 3)

When do you need the file-size command option during troubleshooting with packet capture?

- A. when capture packets are less than 16 MB
- B. when capture packets are restricted from the secondary memory
- C. when capture packets exceed 10 GB
- D. when capture packets exceed 32 MB

Answer: D

Explanation:

Reference: https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/firepower/620/configuration/guide/fpmc-config-guide-v62/troubleshooting_the_system.html

NEW QUESTION 182

- (Exam Topic 3)

How many report templates does the Cisco Firepower Management Center support?

- A. 20
- B. 10
- C. 5
- D. unlimited

Answer: D

Explanation:

Reference:

https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/firepower/60/configuration/guide/fpmc-config-guide-v60/Working_with_Reports.html

NEW QUESTION 187

- (Exam Topic 3)

What is the benefit of selecting the trace option for packet capture?

- A. The option indicates whether the packet was dropped or successful.
- B. The option indicated whether the destination host responds through a different path.
- C. The option limits the number of packets that are captured.
- D. The option captures details of each packet.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 191

- (Exam Topic 3)

Within Cisco Firepower Management Center, where does a user add or modify widgets?

- A. dashboard
- B. reporting
- C. context explorer
- D. summary tool

Answer: A

Explanation:

Reference:

https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/firepower/60/configuration/guide/fpmc-config-guide-v60/Using_Dashboards.html

NEW QUESTION 195

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which CLI command is used to control special handling of ClientHello messages?

- A. system support ssl-client-hello-tuning
- B. system support ssl-client-hello-display
- C. system support ssl-client-hello-force-reset
- D. system support ssl-client-hello-enabled

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 197

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which report template field format is available in Cisco FMC?

- A. box lever chart
- B. arrow chart
- C. bar chart
- D. benchmark chart

Answer: C

Explanation:

Reference:

https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/firepower/60/configuration/guide/fpmc-config-guide- v60/Working_with_Reports.html

NEW QUESTION 198

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which two statements about deleting and re-adding a device to Cisco FMC are true? (Choose two.)

- A. An option to re-apply NAT and VPN policies during registration is available, so users do not need to re- apply the policies after registration is completed.
- B. Before re-adding the device in Cisco FMC, you must add the manager back in the device.
- C. No option to delete and re-add a device is available in the Cisco FMC web interface.
- D. The Cisco FMC web interface prompts users to re-apply access control policies.
- E. No option to re-apply NAT and VPN policies during registration is available, so users need to re-apply the policies after registration is completed.

Answer: DE

Explanation:

Reference:

https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/firepower/60/configuration/guide/fpmc-config-guide- v60/Device_Management_Basics.html

NEW QUESTION 199

- (Exam Topic 3)

What is a behavior of a Cisco FMC database purge?

- A. User login and history data are removed from the database if the User Activity check box is selected.
- B. Data can be recovered from the device.
- C. The appropriate process is restarted.
- D. The specified data is removed from Cisco FMC and kept for two weeks.

Answer: C

Explanation:

Reference: https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/firepower/620/configuration/guide/fpmc-config- guide-v62/management_center_database_purge.pdf

NEW QUESTION 204

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which CLI command is used to generate firewall debug messages on a Cisco Firepower?

- A. system support firewall-engine-debug
- B. system support ssl-debug
- C. system support platform
- D. system support dump-table

Answer: A

Explanation:

Reference: <https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/docs/security/firepower-ngfw/212330-firepower- management-center-display-acc.html>

NEW QUESTION 207

- (Exam Topic 3)

Which two packet captures does the FTD LINA engine support? (Choose two.)

- A. Layer 7 network ID
- B. source IP
- C. application ID
- D. dynamic firewall importing
- E. protocol

Answer: BE

Explanation:

Reference: <https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/support/docs/security/firepower-ngfw/212474-working-with- firepower-threat-defense-f.html>

NEW QUESTION 212

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which two routing options are valid with Cisco Firepower Threat Defense? (Choose two.)

- A. BGPv6
- B. ECMP with up to three equal cost paths across multiple interfaces
- C. ECMP with up to three equal cost paths across a single interface
- D. BGPv4 in transparent firewall mode
- E. BGPv4 with nonstop forwarding

Answer: AC

Explanation:

Reference: https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/firepower/601/configuration/guide/fpmc-config-guide-v601/fpmc-config-guide-v601_chapter_01100011.html#ID-2101-0000000e

NEW QUESTION 215

- (Exam Topic 2)

An engineer is using the configure manager add <FMC IP> Cisc402098527 command to add a new Cisco FTD device to the Cisco FMC; however, the device is not being added. Why is this occurring?

- A. The NAT ID is required since the Cisco FMC is behind a NAT device.
- B. The IP address used should be that of the Cisco FT
- C. not the Cisco FMC.
- D. DONOTRESOLVE must be added to the command
- E. The registration key is missing from the command

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 218

- (Exam Topic 2)

In which two ways do access control policies operate on a Cisco Firepower system? (Choose two.)

- A. Traffic inspection can be interrupted temporarily when configuration changes are deployed.
- B. The system performs intrusion inspection followed by file inspection.
- C. They can block traffic based on Security Intelligence data.
- D. File policies use an associated variable set to perform intrusion prevention.
- E. The system performs a preliminary inspection on trusted traffic to validate that it matches the trusted parameters.

Answer: AC

Explanation:

Reference:

<https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/firepower/60/configuration/guide/fpmc-config-guide-v60/Access>

NEW QUESTION 223

- (Exam Topic 2)

What is the disadvantage of setting up a site-to-site VPN in a clustered-units environment?

- A. VPN connections can be re-established only if the failed master unit recovers.
- B. Smart License is required to maintain VPN connections simultaneously across all cluster units.
- C. VPN connections must be re-established when a new master unit is elected.
- D. Only established VPN connections are maintained when a new master unit is elected.

Answer: C

Explanation:

Reference: https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/firepower/pxos/clustering/ftd-cluster-solution.html#concept_g32_yml_y2b

NEW QUESTION 224

- (Exam Topic 2)

An organization does not want to use the default Cisco Firepower block page when blocking HTTP traffic. The organization wants to include information about its policies and procedures to help educate the users whenever a block occurs. Which two steps must be taken to meet these requirements? (Choose two.)

- A. Modify the system-provided block page result using Python.
- B. Create HTML code with the information for the policies and procedures.
- C. Edit the HTTP request handling in the access control policy to customized block.
- D. Write CSS code with the information for the policies and procedures.
- E. Change the HTTP response in the access control policy to custom.

Answer: BE

NEW QUESTION 225

- (Exam Topic 2)

What is the result of specifying a QoS rule that has a rate limit that is greater than the maximum throughput of an interface?

- A. The rate-limiting rule is disabled.

- B. Matching traffic is not rate limited.
- C. The system rate-limits all traffic.
- D. The system repeatedly generates warnings.

Answer: B

Explanation:

Reference: https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/firepower/620/configuration/guide/fpmc-config-guide-v62/quality_of_service_qos.pdf

NEW QUESTION 229

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which two types of objects are reusable and supported by Cisco FMC? (Choose two.)

- A. dynamic key mapping objects that help link HTTP and HTTPS GET requests to Layer 7 application protocols.
- B. reputation-based objects that represent Security Intelligence feeds and lists, application filters based on category and reputation, and file lists
- C. network-based objects that represent IP address and networks, port/protocols pairs, VLAN tags, security zones, and origin/destination country
- D. network-based objects that represent FQDN mappings and networks, port/protocol pairs, VXLAN tags, security zones and origin/destination country
- E. reputation-based objects, such as URL categories

Answer: BC

Explanation:

Reference: https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/firepower/620/configuration/guide/fpmc-config-guide-v62/reusable_objects.html#ID-2243-00000414

NEW QUESTION 230

- (Exam Topic 2)

Which two statements about bridge-group interfaces in Cisco FTD are true? (Choose two.)

- A. The BVI IP address must be in a separate subnet from the connected network.
- B. Bridge groups are supported in both transparent and routed firewall modes.
- C. Bridge groups are supported only in transparent firewall mode.
- D. Bidirectional Forwarding Detection echo packets are allowed through the FTD when using bridge-group members.
- E. Each directly connected network must be on the same subnet.

Answer: BE

Explanation:

Reference: https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/firepower/620/configuration/guide/fpmc-config-guide-v62/transparent_or_routed_firewall_mode_for_firepower_threat_defense.html

NEW QUESTION 233

- (Exam Topic 1)

An organization has a Cisco FTD that uses bridge groups to pass traffic from the inside interfaces to the outside interfaces. They are unable to gather information about neighbouring Cisco devices or use multicast in their environment. What must be done to resolve this issue?

- A. Create a firewall rule to allow CDP traffic.
- B. Create a bridge group with the firewall interfaces.
- C. Change the firewall mode to transparent.
- D. Change the firewall mode to routed.

Answer: C

Explanation:

"In routed firewall mode, broadcast and multicast traffic is blocked even if you allow it in an access rule..." "The bridge group does not pass CDP packets packets..." <https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/asa/asa913/configuration/general/asa-913-general-config/intro-f>

Passing Traffic Not Allowed in Routed Mode

In routed mode, some types of traffic cannot pass through the ASA even if you allow it in an access rule. The bridge group, however, can allow almost any traffic through using either an access rule (for IP traffic) or an EtherType rule (for non-IP traffic):

IP traffic—In routed firewall mode, broadcast and "multicast traffic is blocked even if you allow it in an access rule," including unsupported dynamic routing protocols and DHCP (unless you configure DHCP relay). Within a bridge group, you can allow this traffic with an access rule (using an extended ACL).

Non-IP traffic—AppleTalk, IPX, BPDUs, and MPLS, for example, can be configured to go through using an EtherType rule.

Note

"The bridge group does not pass CDP packets packets, or any packets that do not have a valid EtherType greater than or equal to 0x600. An exception is made for BPDUs and IS-IS, which are supported. "

NEW QUESTION 235

- (Exam Topic 1)

What is the difference between inline and inline tap on Cisco Firepower?

- A. Inline tap mode can send a copy of the traffic to another device.
- B. Inline tap mode does full packet capture.
- C. Inline mode cannot do SSL decryption.
- D. Inline mode can drop malicious traffic.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 239

- (Exam Topic 1)

An engineer is tasked with deploying an internal perimeter firewall that will support multiple DMZs Each DMZ has a unique private IP subnet range. How is this requirement satisfied?

- A. Deploy the firewall in transparent mode with access control policies.
- B. Deploy the firewall in routed mode with access control policies.
- C. Deploy the firewall in routed mode with NAT configured.
- D. Deploy the firewall in transparent mode with NAT configured.

Answer: C

Explanation:

Reference:

<https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/asa/asa96/configuration/general/asa-96-general-config/intro-fw>.

NEW QUESTION 241

- (Exam Topic 1)

What are two application layer preprocessors? (Choose two.)

- A. CIFS
- B. IMAP
- C. SSL
- D. DNP3
- E. ICMP

Answer: BC

Explanation:

Reference:

<https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/firepower/60/configuration/guide/fpmc-config-guide-v60/Applic>

NEW QUESTION 244

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which protocol establishes network redundancy in a switched Firepower device deployment?

- A. STP
- B. HSRP
- C. GLBP
- D. VRRP

Answer: A

Explanation:

Reference: https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/firepower/620/configuration/guide/fpmc-config-guide-v62/firepower_threat_defense_high_availability.html

NEW QUESTION 246

- (Exam Topic 1)

A network engineer implements a new Cisco Firepower device on the network to take advantage of its intrusion detection functionality. There is a requirement to analyze the traffic going across the device, alert on any malicious traffic, and appear as a bump in the wire How should this be implemented?

- A. Specify the BVI IP address as the default gateway for connected devices.
- B. Enable routing on the Cisco Firepower
- C. Add an IP address to the physical Cisco Firepower interfaces.
- D. Configure a bridge group in transparent mode.

Answer: D

Explanation:

Traditionally, a firewall is a routed hop and acts as a default gateway for hosts that connect to one of its screened subnets. A transparent firewall, on the other hand, is a Layer 2 firewall that acts like a “bump in the wire,” or a “stealth firewall,” and is not seen as a router hop to connected devices. However, like any other firewall, access control between interfaces is controlled, and all of the usual firewall checks are in place. Layer 2 connectivity is achieved by using a "bridge group" where you group together the inside and outside interfaces for a network, and the ASA uses bridging techniques to pass traffic between the interfaces. Each bridge group includes a Bridge Virtual Interface (BVI) to which you assign an IP address on the network. You can have multiple bridge groups for multiple networks. In transparent mode, these bridge groups cannot communicate with each other.

<https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/asa/asa97/configuration/general/asa-97-general-config/intro-fw>.

NEW QUESTION 247

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which two deployment types support high availability? (Choose two.)

- A. transparent
- B. routed
- C. clustered
- D. intra-chassis multi-instance
- E. virtual appliance in public cloud

Answer: AB

Explanation:

Reference: https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/firepower/610/configuration/guide/fpmc-config-guide-v61/firepower_threat_defense_high_availability.html

NEW QUESTION 250

- (Exam Topic 1)

With Cisco Firepower Threat Defense software, which interface mode must be configured to passively receive traffic that passes through the appliance?

- A. inline set
- B. passive
- C. routed
- D. inline tap

Answer: B

Explanation:

Reference: https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/firepower/640/configuration/guide/fpmc-config-guide-v64/interface_overview_for_firepower_threat_defense.html

NEW QUESTION 254

- (Exam Topic 1)

Which two dynamic routing protocols are supported in Firepower Threat Defense without using FlexConfig? (Choose two.)

- A. EIGRP
- B. OSPF
- C. static routing
- D. IS-IS
- E. BGP

Answer: BE

Explanation:

Reference:

<https://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/security/firepower/660/fdm/fptd-fdm-config-guide-660/fptd-fdm-routing.html>

NEW QUESTION 258

.....

Thank You for Trying Our Product

* 100% Pass or Money Back

All our products come with a 90-day Money Back Guarantee.

* One year free update

You can enjoy free update one year. 24x7 online support.

* Trusted by Millions

We currently serve more than 30,000,000 customers.

* Shop Securely

All transactions are protected by VeriSign!

100% Pass Your 300-710 Exam with Our Prep Materials Via below:

<https://www.certleader.com/300-710-dumps.html>