

Exam Questions AZ-305

Designing Microsoft Azure Infrastructure Solutions

<https://www.2passeasy.com/dumps/AZ-305/>



NEW QUESTION 1

- (Exam Topic 1)

You migrate App1 to Azure. You need to ensure that the data storage for App1 meets the security and compliance requirement. What should you do?

- A. Create an access policy for the blob.
- B. Modify the access level of the blob service.
- C. Implement Azure resource locks.
- D. Create Azure RBAC assignments.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Scenario: Once App1 is migrated to Azure, you must ensure that new data can be written to the app, and the modification of new and existing data is prevented for a period of three years.

As an administrator, you can lock a subscription, resource group, or resource to prevent other users in your organization from accidentally deleting or modifying critical resources. The lock overrides any permissions the user might have.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-resource-manager/management/lock-resources>

NEW QUESTION 2

- (Exam Topic 1)

You need to implement the Azure RBAC role assignments for the Network Contributor role. The solution must meet the authentication and authorization requirements.

What is the minimum number of assignments that you must use?

- A. 1
- B. 2
- C. 5
- D. 10
- E. 15

Answer: A

Explanation:

Scenario: The Network Contributor built-in RBAC role must be used to grant permissions to the network administrators for all the virtual networks in all the Azure subscriptions.

RBAC roles must be applied at the highest level possible.

NEW QUESTION 3

- (Exam Topic 2)

You need to recommend a strategy for migrating the database content of WebApp1 to Azure. What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Use Azure Site Recovery to replicate the SQL servers to Azure.
- B. Use SQL Server transactional replication.
- C. Copy the BACPAC file that contains the Azure SQL database file to Azure Blob storage.
- D. Copy the VHD that contains the Azure SQL database files to Azure Blob storage.

Answer: D

Explanation:

Before you upload a Windows virtual machine (VM) from on-premises to Azure, you must prepare the virtual hard disk (VHD or VHDX).

Scenario: WebApp1 has a web tier that uses Microsoft Internet Information Services (IIS) and a database tier that runs Microsoft SQL Server 2016. The web tier and the database tier are deployed to virtual machines that run on Hyper-V.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/virtual-machines/windows/prepare-for-upload-vhd-image>

NEW QUESTION 4

- (Exam Topic 2)

You need to recommend a strategy for the web tier of WebApp1. The solution must minimize What should you recommend?

- A. Create a runbook that resizes virtual machines automatically to a smaller size outside of business hours.
- B. Configure the Scale Up settings for a web app.
- C. Deploy a virtual machine scale set that scales out on a 75 percent CPU threshold.
- D. Configure the Scale Out settings for a web app.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 5

- (Exam Topic 3)

You need to recommend a solution that meets the data requirements for App1.

What should you recommend deploying to each availability zone that contains an instance of App1?

- A. an Azure Cosmos DB that uses multi-region writes
- B. an Azure Storage account that uses geo-zone-redundant storage (GZRS)
- C. an Azure Data Lake store that uses geo-zone-redundant storage (GZRS)
- D. an Azure SQL database that uses active geo-replication

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 6

- (Exam Topic 4)

A company has an on-premises file server cbflserver that runs Windows Server 2019. Windows Admin Center manages this server. The company owns an Azure subscription. You need to provide an Azure solution to prevent data loss if the file server fails.

Solution: You decide to register Windows Admin Center in Azure and then configure Azure Backup. Would this meet the requirement?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 7

- (Exam Topic 4)

A company has an on-premises file server cbflserver that runs Windows Server 2019. Windows Admin Center manages this server. The company owns an Azure subscription. You need to provide an Azure solution to prevent data loss if the file server fails.

Solution: You decide to create an Azure Recovery Services vault. You then decide to install the Azure Backup agent and then schedule the backup. Would this meet the requirement?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 8

- (Exam Topic 4)

What two parameters would you recommend set up to ensure that the new IPSCustomers database will scale to meet the workload demands?

- A. Define the maximum of CPU cores
- B. Define the maximum resource limit per group of databases
- C. Define the maximum of Database Transaction Units
- D. Define the maximum of the allocated storage
- E. Define the maximum size for a database

Answer: CE

NEW QUESTION 9

- (Exam Topic 5)

You need to design a solution that will execute custom C# code in response to an event routed to Azure Event Grid. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- The executed code must be able to access the private IP address of a Microsoft SQL Server instance that runs on an Azure virtual machine.
- Costs must be minimized.

What should you include in the solution?

- A. Azure Logic Apps in the integrated service environment
- B. Azure Functions in the Dedicated plan and the Basic Azure App Service plan
- C. Azure Logic Apps in the Consumption plan
- D. Azure Functions in the Consumption plan

Answer: D

Explanation:

When you create a function app in Azure, you must choose a hosting plan for your app. There are three basic hosting plans available for Azure Functions: Consumption plan, Premium plan, and Dedicated (App Service) plan.

For the Consumption plan, you don't have to pay for idle VMs or reserve capacity in advance. Connect to private endpoints with Azure Functions

As enterprises continue to adopt serverless (and Platform-as-a-Service, or PaaS) solutions, they often need a way to integrate with existing resources on a virtual network. These existing resources could be databases, file storage, message queues or event streams, or REST APIs.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-functions/functions-scale> <https://techcommunity.microsoft.com/t5/azure-functions/connect-to-private-endpoints-with-azure-functions/ba-p>

NEW QUESTION 10

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription that contains the resources shown in the following table.

Name	Type	Description
App1	Azure App Service app	None
Workspace1	Log Analytics workspace	Configured to use a pay-as-you-go pricing tier
App1Logs	Log Analytics table	Hosted in Workspace1 Configured to use the Analytics Logs data plan

Log files from App1 are ingested to App 1 Logs. An average of 120 GB of log data is ingested per day. You configure an Azure Monitor alert that will be triggered if the App1 logs contain error messages.

You need to minimize the Log Analytics costs associated with App1. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Ensure that all the log files from App1 are ingested to App 1 Logs.
- Minimize the impact on the Azure Monitor alert.

Which resource should you modify, and which modification should you perform? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

Resource:
 App1
 App1Logs
 Workspace1

Modification:
 Change to a commitment pricing tier.
 Change to the Basic Logs data plan.
 Set a daily cap.

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

A screenshot of a computer Description automatically generated

NEW QUESTION 10

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to use Azure SQL as a database platform.

You need to recommend an Azure SQL product and service tier that meets the following requirements:

- Automatically scales compute resources based on the workload demand
- Provides per second billing

What should you recommend? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

Azure SQL product:
 An Azure SQL Database elastic pool
 A single Azure SQL database
 An Azure SQL Database elastic pool
 Azure SQL Managed Instance

Service tier:
 Business Critical
 Basic
 Business Critical
 General Purpose
 Hyperscale
 Standard

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

A screenshot of a computer Description automatically generated

"Serverless is a compute tier for single databases in Azure SQL Database that automatically scales compute based on workload demand and bills for the amount of compute used per second. The serverless compute tier is available in the General Purpose service tier and currently in preview in the Hyperscale service tier."

<https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/database/serverless-tier-overview>

NEW QUESTION 13

- (Exam Topic 5)

You are developing an app that will use Azure Functions to process Azure Event Hubs events. Request processing is estimated to take between five and 20 minutes. You need to recommend a hosting solution that meets the following requirements:

- Supports estimates of request processing runtimes
- Supports event-driven autoscaling for the app Which hosting plan should you recommend?

- A. Consumption

- B. App Service
- C. Dedicated
- D. Premium

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 16

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an on-premises Microsoft SQL Server 2008 instance that hosts a 50-GB database.

You need to migrate the database to an Azure SQL managed instance. The solution must minimize downtime. What should you use?

- A. Azure Migrate
- B. WANdisco LiveData Platform for Azure
- C. Azure Data Studio
- D. SQL Server Management Studio (SSMS)

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 17

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription that contains the resources shown in the following table.

Name	Type	Description
VNet1	Virtual network	None
LB1	Public load balancer	Includes a backend pool name BP1
VMSS1	Azure Virtual Machine Scale Sets	Included in BP1 Connected to VNet1
NVA1	Network Virtual Appliance (NVA)	Connected to VNet1 Performs security filtering of traffic for VMSS1
NVA2	Network Virtual Appliance (NVA)	Connected to VNet1 Performs security filtering of traffic for VMSS1

You need to recommend a load balancing solution that will distribute incoming traffic for VMSS1 across NVA1 and NVA2. The solution must minimize administrative effort.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Gateway Load Balancer
- B. Azure Front Door
- C. Azure Application Gateway
- D. Azure Traffic Manager

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 20

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your company plans to deploy various Azure App Service instances that will use Azure SQL databases. The App Service instances will be deployed at the same time as the Azure SQL databases.

The company has a regulatory requirement to deploy the App Service instances only to specific Azure regions. The resources for the App Service instances must reside in the same region.

You need to recommend a solution to meet the regulatory requirement.

Solution: You recommend using an Azure policy to enforce the location of resource groups. Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 22

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have a .NET web service named Service1 that performs the following tasks:

- Reads and writes temporary files to the local file system.
- Writes to the Application event log.

You need to recommend a solution to host Service1 in Azure. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Minimize maintenance overhead.
- Minimize costs.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. an Azure Functions app
- B. an App Service Environment (ASE)
- C. an Azure virtual machine scale set
- D. an Azure App Service web app

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 25

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an application named App1. App1 generates log files that must be archived for five years. The log files must be readable by App1 but must not be modified.

Which storage solution should you recommend for archiving?

- A. Ingest the log files into an Azure Log Analytics workspace
- B. Use an Azure Blob storage account and a time-based retention policy
- C. Use an Azure Blob storage account configured to use the Archive access tier
- D. Use an Azure file share that has access control enabled

Answer: B

Explanation:

Immutable storage for Azure Blob storage enables users to store business-critical data objects in a WORM (Write Once, Read Many) state.

Immutable storage supports:

Time-based retention policy support: Users can set policies to store data for a specified interval. When a time-based retention policy is set, blobs can be created and read, but not modified or deleted. After the retention period has expired, blobs can be deleted but not overwritten.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/blobs/storage-blob-immutable-storage>

NEW QUESTION 29

- (Exam Topic 5)

You are designing a storage solution that will ingest, store, and analyze petabytes (PBs) of structured, semi-structured and unstructured text data. The analyzed data will be offloaded to Azure Data Lake Storage Gen2 for long-term retention.

You need to recommend a storage and analytics solution that meets the following requirements:

- Stores the processed data
- Provides interactive analytics
- Supports manual scaling, built-in autoscaling, and custom autoscaling

What should you include in the recommendation? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

For storage and interactive analytics:

Query language:

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Answer Area

For storage and interactive analytics:

Query language:

NEW QUESTION 31

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an on-premises Microsoft SQL Server database named SQL1. You plan to migrate SQL 1 to Azure. You need to recommend a hosting solution for SQL1. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Support the deployment of multiple secondary, read-only replicas.
- Support automatic replication between primary and secondary replicas.
- Support failover between primary and secondary replicas within a 15-minute recovery time objective (RTO).

Answer Area

Azure service or service tier:

- Azure SQL Database
- Azure SQL Managed Instance
- The Hyperscale service tier

Replication mechanism:

- Active geo-replication
- Auto-follower groups
- Standard geo-replication

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Answer Area

Azure service or service tier:

- Azure SQL Database
- Azure SQL Managed Instance
- The Hyperscale service tier

Replication mechanism:

- Active geo-replication
- Auto-follower groups
- Standard geo-replication

NEW QUESTION 36

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription that contains 10 web apps. The apps are integrated with Azure AD and are accessed by users on different project teams. The users frequently move between projects.

You need to recommend an access management solution for the web apps. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- The users must only have access to the app of the project to which they are assigned currently.
- Project managers must verify which users have access to their project s app and remove users that are no longer assigned to their project.
- Once every 30 days, the project managers must be prompted automatically to verify which users are assigned to the projects.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Microsoft Defender for Identity
- B. Azure AD Identity Governance
- C. Microsoft Entra Permissions Management
- D. Azure AD Identity Protection

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 41

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan provision a High Performance Computing (HPC) cluster in Azure that will use a third-party scheduler.

You need to recommend a solution to provision and manage the HPC cluster node. What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Azure Lighthouse
- B. Azure CycleCloud
- C. Azure Purview
- D. Azure Automation

Answer: B

Explanation:

You can dynamically provision Azure HPC clusters with Azure CycleCloud. Azure CycleCloud is the simplest way to manage HPC workloads.

Note: Azure CycleCloud is an enterprise-friendly tool for orchestrating and managing High Performance Computing (HPC) environments on Azure. With CycleCloud, users can provision infrastructure for HPC systems, deploy familiar HPC schedulers, and automatically scale the infrastructure to run jobs efficiently at any scale. Through CycleCloud, users can create different types of file systems and mount them to the compute cluster nodes to support HPC workloads.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/cyclecloud/overview>

NEW QUESTION 43

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an on-premises line-of-business (LOB) application that uses a Microsoft SQL Server instance as the backend.

You plan to migrate the on-premises SQL Server instance to Azure virtual machines.

You need to recommend a highly available SQL Server deployment that meets the following requirements:

- Minimizes costs
- Minimizes failover time if a single server fails What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. an Always On availability group that has premium storage disks and a distributed network name (DNN)
- B. an Always On Failover Cluster Instance that has a virtual network name (VNN) and a premium file share
- C. an Always On Failover Cluster Instance that has a virtual network name (VNN) and a standard file share
- D. an Always On availability group that has premium storage disks and a virtual network name (VNN)

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 45

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your company currently has an application that is hosted on their on-premises environment. The application currently connects to two databases in the on-premises environment. The databases are named whizlabdb1 and whizlabdb2.

You have to move the databases onto Azure. The databases have to support server-side transactions across both of the databases.

Solution: You decide to deploy the databases to an Azure SQL database-managed instance. Would this fulfill the requirement?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 48

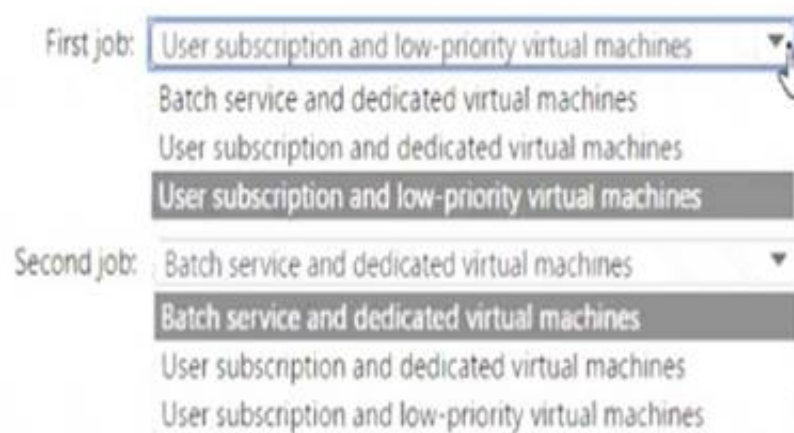
- (Exam Topic 5)

You are designing a cost-optimized solution that uses Azure Batch to run two types of jobs on Linux nodes. The first job type will consist of short-running tasks for a development environment. The second job type will consist of long-running Message Passing Interface (MPI) applications for a production environment that requires timely job completion.

You need to recommend the pool type and node type for each job type. The solution must minimize compute charges and leverage Azure Hybrid Benefit whenever possible.

What should you recommend? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area



- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Graphical user interface, text, application Description automatically generated

NEW QUESTION 49

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your company, named Contoso, Ltd., implements several Azure logic apps that have HTTP triggers. The logic apps provide access to an on-premises web service.

Contoso establishes a partnership with another company named Fabrikam. IncL

Fabrikam does not have an existing Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant and uses third-party OAuth 2.0 identity management to authenticate its users.

I Developers at Fabrikam plan to use a subset of the logic apps to build applications that will integrate with the on-premises web service of Contoso.

You need to design a solution to provide the Fabrikam developers with access to the logic apps. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Requests to the logic apps from the developers must be limited to lower rates than the requests from the users at Contoso.
- The developers must be able to rely on their existing OAuth 2.0 provider to gain access to the logic apps.
- The solution must NOT require changes to the logic apps.
- The solution must NOT use Azure AD guest accounts. What should you include in the solution?

- A. Azure AD business-to-business (B2B)
- B. Azure AD Application Proxy
- C. Azure Front Door

D. Azure API Management

Answer: B

Explanation:

API Management helps organizations publish APIs to external, partner, and internal developers to unlock the potential of their data and services.

You can secure API Management using the OAuth 2.0 client credentials flow. Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/api-management/api-management-key-concepts> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/api-management/api-management-features> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/api-management/api-management-howto-protect-backend-with-aad#ena>

NEW QUESTION 51

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription. The subscription contains an app that is hosted in the East US, Central Europe, and East Asia regions.

You need to recommend a data-tier solution for the app. The solution must meet the following requirements: ➤ Support multiple consistency levels.

- Be able to store at least 1 TB of data.
- Be able to perform read and write operations in the Azure region that is local to the app instance. What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. an Azure Cosmos DB database
- B. a Microsoft SQL Server Always On availability group on Azure virtual machines
- C. an Azure SQL database in an elastic pool
- D. Azure Table storage that uses geo-redundant storage (GRS) replication

Answer: A

Explanation:

Azure Cosmos DB approaches data consistency as a spectrum of choices. This approach includes more options than the two extremes of strong and eventual consistency. You can choose from five well-defined levels on the consistency spectrum.

With Cosmos DB any write into any region must be replicated and committed to all configured regions within the account.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/cosmos-db/consistency-levels-tradeoffs>

NEW QUESTION 53

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your company plans to publish APIs for its services by using Azure API Management. You discover that service responses include the ASP.NET-Version header.

You need to recommend a solution to remove ASP.NET-Version from the response of the published APIs. What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. a new product
- B. a modification to the URL scheme
- C. a new policy
- D. a new revision

Answer: C

Explanation:

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/api-management/transform-api>

NEW QUESTION 58

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription.

You need to deploy an Azure Kubernetes Service (AKS) solution that will use Windows Server 2019 nodes. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Minimize the time it takes to provision compute resources during scale-out operations.
- Support autoscaling of Windows Server containers. Which scaling option should you recommend?

- A. horizontal pod autoscaler
- B. Kubernetes version 1.20.2 or newer
- C. cluster autoscaler
- D. Virtual nodes
- E. with Virtual Kubelet ACI

Answer: C

Explanation:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/aks/cluster-autoscaler#about-the-cluster-autoscaler>

NEW QUESTION 61

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your on-premises network contains a file server named Server1 that stores 500 GB of data. You need to use Azure Data Factory to copy the data from Server1 to Azure Storage.

You add a new data factory.

What should you do next? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

From Server1:

- Install an Azure File Sync agent
- Install a self-hosted integration runtime
- Install the File Server Resource Manager role service

From the data factory:

- Create a pipeline
- Create an import/export job
- Provision an Azure-SQL Server Integration Services (SSIS) integration runtime

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Graphical user interface, text, application, email Description automatically generated

Box 1: Install a self-hosted integration runtime

The Integration Runtime is a customer-managed data integration infrastructure used by Azure Data Factory to provide data integration capabilities across different network environments.

Box 2: Create a pipeline

With ADF, existing data processing services can be composed into data pipelines that are highly available and managed in the cloud. These data pipelines can be scheduled to ingest, prepare, transform, analyze, and publish data, and ADF manages and orchestrates the complex data and processing dependencies

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/machine-learning/team-data-science-process/move-sql-azure-adf>

NEW QUESTION 66

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an on-premises file server that stores 2 TB of data files.

You plan to move the data files to Azure Blob storage in the Central Europe region.

You need to recommend a storage account type to store the data files and a replication solution for the storage account. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- > Be available if a single Azure datacenter fails.
- > Support storage tiers.
- > Minimize cost.

What should you recommend? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Account type:

- Blob storage
- Storage (general purpose v1)
- StorageV2 (general purpose v2)

Replication solution:

- Geo-redundant storage (GRS)
- Zone-redundant storage (ZRS)
- Locally-redundant storage (LRS)
- Read-access geo-redundant storage (RA-GRS)

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Graphical user interface, text, application, chat or text message Description automatically generated

Account Type: StorageV2

Replication solution: Zone-redundant storage (ZRS)

NEW QUESTION 67

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an app that generates 50,000 events daily.

You plan to Stream the events to an Azure event hub and use Event Hubs Capture to implement cold path processing Of the events Output Of Event Hubs

Capture will be consumed by a reporting system.

You need to identify which type of Azure storage must be provisioned to support Event Hubs Capture, and which inbound data format the reporting system must support.

What should you identify? To answer. select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Storage type:

Data format:

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Storage type:

Data format:

NEW QUESTION 69

- (Exam Topic 5)

You are designing a SQL database solution. The solution will include 20 databases that will be 20 GB each and have varying usage patterns. You need to recommend a database platform to host the databases. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- The compute resources allocated to the databases must scale dynamically.
- The solution must meet an SLA of 99.99% uptime.
- The solution must have reserved capacity.
- Compute charges must be minimized.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. 20 databases on a Microsoft SQL server that runs on an Azure virtual machine
- B. 20 instances of Azure SQL Database serverless
- C. 20 databases on a Microsoft SQL server that runs on an Azure virtual machine in an availability set
- D. an elastic pool that contains 20 Azure SQL databases

Answer: D

Explanation:

Azure SQL Database elastic pools are a simple, cost-effective solution for managing and scaling multiple databases that have varying and unpredictable usage demands. The databases in an elastic pool are on a single server and share a set number of resources at a set price. Elastic pools in Azure SQL Database enable SaaS developers to optimize the price performance for a group of databases within a prescribed budget while delivering performance elasticity for each database. Guaranteed 99.995 percent uptime for SQL Database Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/database/elastic-pool-overview> <https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/pricing/details/sql-database/elastic/>

<https://www.azure.cn/en-us/support/sla/virtual-machines/>

<https://techcommunity.microsoft.com/t5/azure-sql/optimize-price-performance-with-compute-auto-scaling-in-az>

NEW QUESTION 71

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have two on-premises Microsoft SQL Server 2017 instances that host an Always On availability group named AG1. AG1 contains a single database named DB1.

You have an Azure subscription that contains a virtual machine named VM1. VM1 runs Linux and contains a SQL Server 2019 instance.

You need to migrate DB1 to VM1. The solution must minimize downtime on DB1. What should you do? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

Prepare for the migration by:

Adding a secondary replica to AG1

Creating an Always On availability group on VM1

Upgrading the on-premises SQL Server instances

Perform the migration by using:

A distributed availability group

Azure Migrate

Log shipping

- A. Mastered
B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Answer Area

Prepare for the migration by:

Adding a secondary replica to AG1

Creating an Always On availability group on VM1

Upgrading the on-premises SQL Server instances

Perform the migration by using:

A distributed availability group

Azure Migrate

Log shipping

NEW QUESTION 72

- (Exam Topic 5)

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Your company has deployed several virtual machines (VMs) on-premises and to Azure. Azure ExpressRoute has been deployed and configured for on-premises to Azure connectivity.

Several VMs are exhibiting network connectivity issues.

You need to analyze the network traffic to determine whether packets are being allowed or denied to the VMs. Solution: Use the Azure Traffic Analytics solution in Azure Log Analytics to analyze the network traffic. Does the solution meet the goal?

- A. Yes
B. No

Answer: B

Explanation:

Instead use Azure Network Watcher to run IP flow verify to analyze the network traffic. Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/network-watcher/network-watcher-monitoring-overview> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/network-watcher/network-watcher-ip-flow-verify-overview>

NEW QUESTION 76

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription. The subscription contains Azure virtual machines that run Windows Server 2016 and Linux.

You need to use Azure Log Analytics design an alerting strategy for security-related events.

Which Log Analytics tables should you query? To answer, drag the appropriate tables to the correct log types. Each value may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Tables

AzureActivity

AzureDiagnostics

Event

Syslog

Answer Area

Events from Windows event logs:

Events from Linux system logging:

Table

Table

- A. Mastered
B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Graphical user interface, table Description automatically generated with medium confidence

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-monitor/platform/log-analytics-agent>

Windows Event logs --> Information sent to the Windows event logging system. Syslog --> Information sent to the Linux event logging system.

NEW QUESTION 78

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure web app named App1 and an Azure key vault named KV1. App1 stores database connection strings in KV1.

App1 performs the following types of requests to KV1:

- > Get
- > List
- > Wrap
- > Delete
- > Unwrap
- > Backup
- > Decrypt
- > Encrypt

You are evaluating the continuity of service for App1.

You need to identify the following if the Azure region that hosts KV1 becomes unavailable:

- > To where will KV1 fail over?
- > During the failover, which request type will be unavailable?

What should you identify? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

To where will KV1 fail over?

A server in the same Availability Set
A server in the same fault domain
A server in the same paired region
A virtual machine in a scale set

During the failover, which request type will be unavailable?

Backup
Decrypt
Delete
Encrypt
Get
List
Unwrap
Wrap

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Table Description automatically generated

Box 1: A server in the same paired region

The contents of your key vault are replicated within the region and to a secondary region at least 150 miles away, but within the same geography to maintain high durability of your keys and secrets.

Box 2: Delete

During failover, your key vault is in read-only mode. Requests that are supported in this mode are:

- > List certificates
- > Get certificates
- > List secrets
- > Get secrets
- > List keys
- > Get (properties of) keys
- > Encrypt
- > Decrypt

- > Wrap
- > Unwrap
- > Verify
- > Sign
- > Backup

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/key-vault/general/disaster-recovery-guidance>

NEW QUESTION 82

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to move a web application named App1 from an on-premises data center to Azure.

App1 depends on a custom COM component that is installed on the host server.

You need to recommend a solution to host App1 in Azure. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- > App1 must be available to users if an Azure data center becomes unavailable.
- > Costs must be minimized.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. In two Azure regions, deploy a load balancer and a virtual machine scale set.
- B. In two Azure regions, deploy a Traffic Manager profile and a web app.
- C. In two Azure regions, deploy a load balancer and a web app.
- D. Deploy a load balancer and a virtual machine scale set across two availability zones.

Answer: D

Explanation:

(<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/dotnet/azure/migration/app-service#com-and-com-components>)

Azure App Service does not allow the registration of COM components on the platform. If your app makes use of any COM components, these need to be rewritten in managed code and deployed with the site or application. <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/dotnet/azure/migration/app-service>

"Azure App Service with Windows Containers If your app cannot be migrated directly to App Service, consider App Service using Windows Containers, which enables usage of the GAC, COM components, MSIs, full access to .NET FX APIs, DirectX, and more."

NEW QUESTION 85

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have the Free edition of a hybrid Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant. The tenant uses password hash synchronization.

You need to recommend a solution to meet the following requirements:

- > Prevent Active Directory domain user accounts from being locked out as the result of brute force attacks targeting Azure AD user accounts.
- > Block legacy authentication attempts to Azure AD integrated apps.
- > Minimize costs.

What should you recommend for each requirement? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

To protect against brute force attacks:

Azure AD Password Protection

Conditional access policies

Pass-through authentication

Smart lockout

To block legacy authentication attempts:

Azure AD Application Proxy

Azure AD Password Protection

Conditional access policies

Enable Security defaults

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Graphical user interface, text, application Description automatically generated

Box 1: Smart lockout

Smart lockout helps lock out bad actors that try to guess your users' passwords or use brute-force methods to get in. Smart lockout can recognize sign-ins that come from valid users and treat them differently than ones of attackers and other unknown sources. Attackers get locked out, while your users continue to access their accounts and be productive.

Box 2: Conditional access policies

If your environment is ready to block legacy authentication to improve your tenant's protection, you can accomplish this goal with Conditional Access.

How can you prevent apps using legacy authentication from accessing your tenant's resources? The recommendation is to just block them with a Conditional Access policy. If necessary, you allow only certain users and specific network locations to use apps that are based on legacy authentication.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/authentication/howto-password-smart-lockout> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/conditional-access/block-legacy-authentication>

NEW QUESTION 90

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure Functions microservice app named Appl that is hosted in the Consumption plan. App1 uses an Azure Queue Storage trigger.

You plan to migrate App1 to an Azure Kubernetes Service (AKS) cluster.

You need to prepare the AKS cluster to support Appl. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Use the same scaling mechanism as the current deployment.
- Support kubenet and Azure Container Netwoking Interface (CNI) networking.

Which two actions should you perform? Each correct answer presents part of the solution. NOTE: Each correct answer is worth one point.

- A. Configure the horizontal pod autoscaler.
- B. Install Virtual Kubelet.
- C. Configure the AKS cluster autoscaler.
- D. Configure the virtual node add-on.
- E. Install Kubemetes-based Event Driven Autoscaling (KEDA).

Answer: AD

NEW QUESTION 94

- (Exam Topic 5)

You need to recommend a solution to generate a monthly report of all the new Azure Resource Manager resource deployment in your subscription. What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Azure Analysis Services
- B. Application Insights
- C. Azure Monitor action groups
- D. Azure Log Analytics

Answer: D

Explanation:

Activity logs are kept for 90 days. You can query for any range of dates, as long as the starting date isn't more than 90 days in the past.

Through activity logs, you can determine:

- what operations were taken on the resources in your subscription
- who started the operation
- when the operation occurred
- the status of the operation
- the values of other properties that might help you research the operation

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-resource-manager/management/view-activity-logs> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/automation/change-tracking>

NEW QUESTION 99

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your company has two on-premises sites in New York and Los Angeles and Azure virtual networks in the East US Azure region and the West US Azure region. Each on-premises site has Azure ExpressRoute circuits to both regions.

You need to recommend a solution that meets the following requirements:

- Outbound traffic to the Internet from workloads hosted on the virtual networks must be routed through the closest available on-premises site.
- If an on-premises site fails, traffic from the workloads on the virtual networks to the Internet must reroute automatically to the other site.

What should you include in the recommendation? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

Routing from the virtual networks to the on-premises locations must be configured by using:

	▼
Azure default routes	
Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)	
User-defined routes	

The automatic routing configuration following a failover must be handled by using:

	▼
Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)	
Hot Standby Routing Protocol (HSRP)	
Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP)	

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Graphical user interface, text, application, email Description automatically generated

An on-premises network gateway can exchange routes with an Azure virtual network gateway using the border gateway protocol (BGP). Using BGP with an Azure virtual network gateway is dependent on the type you selected when you created the gateway. If the type you selected were: ExpressRoute: You must use BGP to advertise on-premises routes to the Microsoft Edge router. You cannot create user-defined routes to force traffic to the ExpressRoute virtual network gateway if you deploy a virtual network gateway deployed as type: ExpressRoute. You can use user-defined routes for forcing traffic from the Express Route to, for example, a Network Virtual Appliance.

<https://docs.microsoft.com/ja-jp/azure/expressroute/designing-for-disaster-recovery-with-expressroute-privatepe> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/expressroute/expressroute-optimize-routing#suboptimal-routing-from-cu>

NEW QUESTION 100

- (Exam Topic 5)

You are designing an Azure web app.

You plan to deploy the web app to the North Europe Azure region and the West Europe Azure region. You need to recommend a solution for the web app. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- > Users must always access the web app from the North Europe region, unless the region fails.
- > The web app must be available to users if an Azure region is unavailable.
- > Deployment costs must be minimized.

What should you include in the recommendation? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Request routing method:

▼
A Traffic Manager profile
Azure Application Gateway
Azure Load Balancer

Request routing configuration:

▼
Cookie-based session affinity
Performance traffic routing
Priority traffic routing
Weighted traffic routing

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Graphical user interface, text, application, chat or text message Description automatically generated

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/traffic-manager/traffic-manager-routing-methods#priority-traffic-routing>

NEW QUESTION 104

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your network contains an on-premises Active Directory forest.

You discover that when users change jobs within your company, the membership of the user groups are not being updated. As a result, the users can access resources that are no longer relevant to their job.

You plan to integrate Active Directory and Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) by using Azure AD Connect. You need to recommend a solution to ensure that group owners are emailed monthly about the group memberships they manage.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. conditional access policies
- B. Tenant Restrictions
- C. Azure AD access reviews
- D. Azure AD Identity Protection

Answer: C

Explanation:

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/governance/access-reviews-overview>

NEW QUESTION 109

- (Exam Topic 5)

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Your company has deployed several virtual machines (VMs) on-premises and to Azure. Azure ExpressRoute has been deployed and configured for on-premises to Azure connectivity.

Several VMs are exhibiting network connectivity issues.

You need to analyze the network traffic to determine whether packets are being allowed or denied to the VMs. Solution: Install and configure the Microsoft Monitoring Agent and the Dependency Agent on all VMs. Use the Wire Data solution in Azure Monitor to analyze the network traffic.

Does the solution meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

Explanation:

Instead use Azure Network Watcher to run IP flow verify to analyze the network traffic.

Note: Wire Data looks at network data at the application level, not down at the TCP transport layer. The solution doesn't look at individual ACKs and SYNs.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/network-watcher/network-watcher-monitoring-overview> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/network-watcher/network-watcher-ip-flow-verify-overview>

NEW QUESTION 112

- (Exam Topic 5)

You are designing a microservices architecture that will support a web application.

The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Allow independent upgrades to each microservice
- Deploy the solution on-premises and to Azure
- Set policies for performing automatic repairs to the microservices
- Support low-latency and hyper-scale operations

You need to recommend a technology. What should you recommend?

- A. Azure Service Fabric
- B. Azure Container Service
- C. Azure Container Instance
- D. Azure Virtual Machine Scale Set

Answer: A

Explanation:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/service-fabric/service-fabric-overview>

NEW QUESTION 114

- (Exam Topic 5)

The application will host video files that range from 50 MB to 12 GB. The application will use certificate-based authentication and will be available to users on the internet.

You need to recommend a storage option for the video files. The solution must provide the fastest read performance and must minimize storage costs.

What should you recommend?

- A. Azure Files
- B. Azure Data Lake Storage Gen2
- C. Azure Blob Storage
- D. Azure SQL Database

Answer: C

Explanation:

Blob Storage: Stores large amounts of unstructured data, such as text or binary data, that can be accessed from anywhere in the world via HTTP or HTTPS. You can use Blob storage to expose data publicly to the world, or to store application data privately.

Max file in Blob Storage. 4.77 TB. Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/architecture/solution-ideas/articles/digital-media-video>

NEW QUESTION 116

- (Exam Topic 5)

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Your company plans to deploy various Azure App Service instances that will use Azure SQL databases. The App Service instances will be deployed at the same time as the Azure SQL databases.

The company has a regulatory requirement to deploy the App Service instances only to specific Azure regions. The resources for the App Service instances must reside in the same region.

You need to recommend a solution to meet the regulatory requirement.

Solution: You recommend using an Azure policy to enforce the resource group location. Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: A

Explanation:

Azure Resource Policy Definitions can be used which can be applied to a specific Resource Group with the App Service instances.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/governance/policy/overview>

NEW QUESTION 118

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription.

Your on-premises network contains a file server named Server1. Server 1 stores 5 TB of company files that are accessed rarely.

You plan to copy the files to Azure Storage.

You need to implement a storage solution for the files that meets the following requirements:

- The files must be available within 24 hours of being requested.
- Storage costs must be minimized.

Which two possible storage solutions achieve this goal? Each correct answer presents a complete solution. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. Create a general-purpose v1 storage account
- B. Create a blob container and copy the files to the blob container.
- C. Create a general-purpose v2 storage account that is configured for the Hot default access tier
- D. Create a blob container, copy the files to the blob container, and set each file to the Archive access tier.
- E. Create a general-purpose v1 storage account
- F. Create a file share in the storage account and copy the files to the file share.
- G. Create a general-purpose v2 storage account that is configured for the Cool default access tier
- H. Create a file share in the storage account and copy the files to the file share.
- I. Create an Azure Blob storage account that is configured for the Cool default access tier
- J. Create a blob container, copy the files to the blob container, and set each file to the Archive access tier.

Answer: BE

Explanation:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/blobs/manage-access-tier?tabs=portal>

NEW QUESTION 122

- (Exam Topic 5)

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Your company plans to deploy various Azure App Service instances that will use Azure SQL databases. The App Service instances will be deployed at the same time as the Azure SQL databases.

The company has a regulatory requirement to deploy the App Service instances only to specific Azure regions. The resources for the App Service instances must reside in the same region.

You need to recommend a solution to meet the regulatory requirement.

Solution: You recommend creating resource groups based on locations and implementing resource locks on the resource groups.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

Explanation:

Resource locks are not used for compliance purposes. Resource locks prevent changes from being made to resources.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-resource-manager/management/lock-resources>

NEW QUESTION 127

- (Exam Topic 5)

You need to recommend a solution to deploy containers that run an application. The application has two tiers. Each tier is implemented as a separate Docker Linux-based image. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- The front-end tier must be accessible by using a public IP address on port 80.
- The backend tier must be accessible by using port 8080 from the front-end tier only.
- Both containers must be able to access the same Azure file share.
- If a container fails, the application must restart automatically.
- Costs must be minimized.

What should you recommend using to host the application?

- A. Azure Kubernetes Service (AKS)
- B. Azure Service Fabric
- C. Azure Container instances
- D. Azure Container registries

Answer: C

Explanation:

Azure Container Instances enables a layered approach to orchestration, providing all of the scheduling and management capabilities required to run a single container, while allowing orchestrator platforms to manage multi-container tasks on top of it.

Because the underlying infrastructure for container instances is managed by Azure, an orchestrator platform does not need to concern itself with finding an appropriate host machine on which to run a single container.

Azure Container Instances can schedule both Windows and Linux containers with the same API. Orchestration of container instances exclusively

Because they start quickly and bill by the second, an environment based exclusively on Azure Container Instances offers the fastest way to get started and to deal with highly variable workloads.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/container-instances/container-instances-overview> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/container-instances/container-instances-orchestrator-relationship>

NEW QUESTION 130

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have data files in Azure Blob Storage.

You plan to transform the files and move them to Azure Data Lake Storage. You need to transform the data by using mapping data flow.

Which service should you use?

- A. Azure Data Box Gateway
- B. Azure Databricks
- C. Azure Data Factory
- D. Azure Storage Sync

Answer: C

Explanation:

You can use Copy Activity in Azure Data Factory to copy data from and to Azure Data Lake Storage Gen2, and use Data Flow to transform data in Azure Data Lake Storage Gen2.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/data-factory/connector-azure-data-lake-storage>

NEW QUESTION 134

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your company deploys an Azure App Service Web App.

During testing the application fails under load. The application cannot handle more than 100 concurrent user sessions. You enable the Always On feature. You also configure auto-scaling to increase counts from two to 10 based on HTTP queue length.

You need to improve the performance of the application.

Which solution should you use for each application scenario? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Scenario	Solution
Store content close to end users.	<div><div></div><div>Azure Redis Cache</div><div>Azure Traffic Manager</div><div>Azure Content Delivery Network</div><div>Azure Application Gateway</div></div>
Store content close to the application.	<div><div></div><div>Azure Redis Cache</div><div>Azure Traffic Manager</div><div>Azure Content Delivery Network</div><div>Azure Application Gateway</div></div>

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Graphical user interface, text Description automatically generated with medium confidence

Box 1: Content Delivery Network

A content delivery network (CDN) is a distributed network of servers that can efficiently deliver web content to users. CDNs store cached content on edge servers in point-of-presence (POP) locations that are close to end users, to minimize latency.

Azure Content Delivery Network (CDN) offers developers a global solution for rapidly delivering

high-bandwidth content to users by caching their content at strategically placed physical nodes across the world. Azure CDN can also accelerate dynamic content, which cannot be cached, by leveraging various network optimizations using CDN POPs. For example, route optimization to bypass Border Gateway Protocol (BGP).

Box 2: Azure Redis Cache

Azure Cache for Redis is based on the popular software Redis. It is typically used as a cache to improve the performance and scalability of systems that rely heavily on backend data-stores. Performance is improved by temporarily copying frequently accessed data to fast storage located close to the application. With Azure Cache for Redis, this fast storage is located in-memory with Azure Cache for Redis instead of being loaded from disk by a database.

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-cache-for-redis/cache-overview>

NEW QUESTION 137

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to deploy an Azure Databricks Data Science & Engineering workspace and ingest data into the workspace.

Where should you persist the ingested data?

- A. Azure Files
- B. Azure Data Lake
- C. Azure SQL Database
- D. Azure Cosmos DB

Answer: B

Explanation:

The Azure Databricks Data Science & Engineering data lands in a data lake for long term persisted storage, in Azure Blob Storage or Azure Data Lake Storage.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/databricks/scenarios/what-is-azure-databricks-ws>

NEW QUESTION 140

- (Exam Topic 5)

You are designing a data storage solution to support reporting.

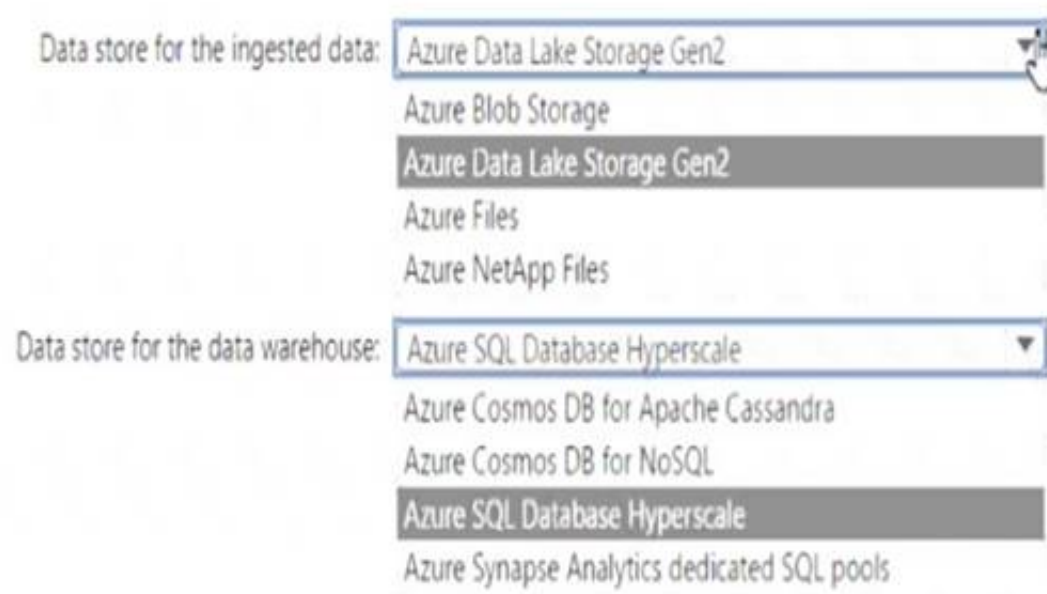
The solution will ingest high volumes of data in the JSON format by using Azure Event Hubs. As the data arrives, Event Hubs will write the data to storage. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Organize data in directories by date and time.
- Allow stored data to be queried directly, transformed into summarized tables, and then stored in a data warehouse.
- Ensure that the data warehouse can store 50 TB of relational data and support between 200 and 300 concurrent read operations.

Which service should you recommend for each type of data store? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area



- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Graphical user interface, text, application, email Description automatically generated

NEW QUESTION 142

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant that syncs with an on-premises Active Directory domain.

You have an internal web app named WebApp1 that is hosted on-premises. WebApp1 uses Integrated Windows authentication.

Some users work remotely and do NOT have VPN access to the on-premises network.

You need to provide the remote users with single sign-on (SSO) access to WebApp1.

Which two features should you include in the solution? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. Azure AD Application Proxy
- B. Azure AD Privileged Identity Management (PIM)
- C. Conditional Access policies
- D. Azure Arc
- E. Azure AD enterprise applications
- F. Azure Application Gateway

Answer: AC

Explanation:

A: Application Proxy is a feature of Azure AD that enables users to access on-premises web applications from a remote client. Application Proxy includes both the Application Proxy service which runs in the cloud, and the Application Proxy connector which runs on an on-premises server. You can configure single sign-on to an Application Proxy application.

C: Microsoft recommends using Application Proxy with pre-authentication and Conditional Access policies for remote access from the internet. An approach to provide Conditional Access for intranet use is to modernize applications so they can directly authenticate with AAD.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/app-proxy/application-proxy-config-sso-how-to> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/app-proxy/application-proxy-deployment-plan>

NEW QUESTION 147

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to automate the deployment of resources to Azure subscriptions.

What is a difference between using Azure Blueprints and Azure Resource Manager (ARM) templates?

- A. ARM templates remain connected to the deployed resources.

- B. Only ARM templates can contain policy definitions.
- C. Blueprints remain connected to the deployed resources.
- D. Only Blueprints can contain policy definitions.

Answer: C

Explanation:

With Azure Blueprints, the relationship between the blueprint definition (what should be deployed) and the blueprint assignment (what was deployed) is preserved. This connection supports improved tracking and auditing of deployments. Azure Blueprints can also upgrade several subscriptions at once that are governed by the same blueprint.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/answers/questions/26851/how-is-azure-blue-prints-different-from-resource-m.h>

NEW QUESTION 152

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure App Service web app named Webapp1 that connects to an Azure SQL database named DB1. Webapp1 and DB1 are deployed to the East US Azure region.

You need to ensure that all the traffic between Webapp1 and DB1 is sent via a private connection. What should you do? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

Create a virtual network that contains at least:

- 1 subnet
- 2 subnets
- 3 subnets

From the virtual network, configure name resolution to use:

- A private DNS zone
- A public DNS zone
- The Azure DNS Private Resolver

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Answer Area

Create a virtual network that contains at least:

- 1 subnet
- 2 subnets
- 3 subnets

From the virtual network, configure name resolution to use:

- A private DNS zone
- A public DNS zone
- The Azure DNS Private Resolver

NEW QUESTION 155

- (Exam Topic 5)

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Your company plans to deploy various Azure App Service instances that will use Azure SQL databases. The App Service instances will be deployed at the same time as the Azure SQL databases.

The company has a regulatory requirement to deploy the App Service instances only to specific Azure regions. The resources for the App Service instances must reside in the same region.

You need to recommend a solution to meet the regulatory requirement.

Solution: You recommend using an Azure Policy initiative to enforce the location of resource groups. Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

Explanation:

This solution does not meet the goal because an Azure Policy initiative can only enforce the location of resources, not resource groups. Resource groups are not a resource type that can be targeted by Azure Policy1. To enforce the location of resource groups, you need to use Azure Resource Manager templates2 or Azure PowerShell3 to create them in the desired regions.

References:

1: Understand scope in Azure Policy 2: Create resource groups with Azure Resource Manager templates 3: Create resource groups with Azure PowerShell

NEW QUESTION 157

- (Exam Topic 5)

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Your company has deployed several virtual machines (VMs) on-premises and to Azure. Azure ExpressRoute has been deployed and configured for on-premises to Azure connectivity.

Several VMs are exhibiting network connectivity issues.

You need to analyze the network traffic to determine whether packets are being allowed or denied to the VMs. Solution: Use the Azure Advisor to analyze the network traffic.

Does the solution meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

Explanation:

Instead use Azure Network Watcher to run IP flow verify to analyze the network traffic.

Note: Advisor is a personalized cloud consultant that helps you follow best practices to optimize your Azure deployments. It analyzes your resource configuration and usage telemetry and then recommends solutions that can help you improve the cost effectiveness, performance, high availability, and security of your Azure resources.

With Advisor, you can:

Get proactive, actionable, and personalized best practices recommendations.

Improve the performance, security, and high availability of your resources, as you identify opportunities to reduce your overall Azure spend.

Get recommendations with proposed actions inline. Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/advisor/advisor-overview>

NEW QUESTION 159

- (Exam Topic 5)

You are designing a SQL database solution. The solution will include 20 databases that will be 20 GB each and have varying usage patterns. You need to recommend a database platform to host the databases. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- The compute resources allocated to the databases must scale dynamically.
- The solution must meet an SLA of 99.99% uptime.
- The solution must have reserved capacity.
- Compute charges must be minimized.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. 20 databases on a Microsoft SQL server that runs on an Azure virtual machine
- B. 20 instances of Azure SQL Database serverless
- C. 20 databases on a Microsoft SQL server that runs on an Azure virtual machine in an availability set
- D. an elastic pool that contains 20 Azure SQL databases

Answer: D

Explanation:

Azure SQL Database elastic pools are a simple, cost-effective solution for managing and scaling multiple databases that have varying and unpredictable usage demands. The databases in an elastic pool are on a single server and share a set number of resources at a set price. Elastic pools in Azure SQL Database enable SaaS developers to optimize the price performance for a group of databases within a prescribed budget while delivering performance elasticity for each database.

Guaranteed 99.995 percent uptime for SQL Database Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-sql/database/elastic-pool-overview> <https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/pricing/details/sql-database/elastic/>

<https://www.azure.cn/en-us/support/sla/virtual-machines/>

<https://techcommunity.microsoft.com/t5/azure-sql/optimize-price-performance-with-compute-auto-scaling-in-az>

NEW QUESTION 163

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to deploy the backup policy shown in the following exhibit.

Policy1

Associated items

Delete

Save

Discard

Backup frequency

Daily

6:00 PM

(UTC) Coordinated Universal Time

Retention range

☒ Retention of daily backup point.

* At

For

Day(s)

6:00 PM

90

☒ Retention of weekly backup point.

* On

* At

For

Week(s)

Sunday

6:00 PM

26

☒ Retention of monthly backup point.

Week Based

Day Based

* On

* Day

* At

For

Month(s)

First

Sunday

6:00 PM

36

☐ Retention of yearly backup point.

Not Configured

Use the drop-down menus to select the answer choice that completes each statement based on the information presented in the graphic.
NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Virtual machines that are backed up using the policy can be recovered for up to a maximum of [answer choice].

▼

90 days

26 weeks

36 months

45 months

The minimum recovery point objective (RPO) for virtual machines that are backed up by using the policy is [answer choice].

▼

1 hour

1 day

1 week

1 month

1 year

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/backup/backup-azure-vm-backup-faq#what-s-the-minimum-rpo-and-rto>

NEW QUESTION 164

- (Exam Topic 5)

The developers at your company are building a containerized Python Django app.

You need to recommend platform to host the app. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Support autoscaling.
- Support continuous deployment from an Azure Container Registry.
- Provide built-in functionality to authenticate app users by using Azure Active Directory (Azure AD). Which platform should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Azure Container instances
- B. an Azure App Service instance that uses containers

C. Azure Kubernetes Service (AKS)

Answer: C

Explanation:

To keep up with application demands in Azure Kubernetes Service (AKS), you may need to adjust the number of nodes that run your workloads. The cluster autoscaler component can watch for pods in your cluster that can't be scheduled because of resource constraints. When issues are detected, the number of nodes in a node pool is increased to meet the application demand.

Azure Container Registry is a private registry for hosting container images. It integrates well with orchestrators like Azure Container Service, including Docker Swarm, DC/OS, and the new Azure Kubernetes service.

Moreover, ACR provides capabilities such as Azure Active Directory-based authentication, webhook support, and delete operations.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/aks/cluster-autoscaler>

<https://medium.com/velotio-perspectives/continuous-deployment-with-azure-kubernetes-service-azurecontainer-registry-jenkins-ca337940151b>

NEW QUESTION 165

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to migrate on-premises MySQL databases to Azure Database for MySQL Flexible Server.

You need to recommend a solution for the Azure Database for MySQL Flexible Server configuration. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- The databases must be accessible if a datacenter fails.
- Costs must be minimized.

Which compute tier should you recommend?

- A. Burstable
- B. General Purpose
- C. Memory Optimized

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 166

- (Exam Topic 5)

Note: This question is part of a series of questions that present the same scenario. Each question in the series contains a unique solution that might meet the stated goals. Some question sets might have more than one correct solution, while others might not have a correct solution.

After you answer a question in this section, you will NOT be able to return to it. As a result, these questions will not appear in the review screen.

Your company has deployed several virtual machines (VMs) on-premises and to Azure. Azure ExpressRoute has been deployed and configured for on-premises to Azure connectivity.

Several VMs are exhibiting network connectivity issues.

You need to analyze the network traffic to determine whether packets are being allowed or denied to the VMs. Solution: Use Azure Network Watcher to run IP flow verify to analyze the network traffic

Does the solution meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: A

Explanation:

The Network Watcher Network performance monitor is a cloud-based hybrid network monitoring solution that helps you monitor network performance between various points in your network infrastructure. It also helps you monitor network connectivity to service and application endpoints and monitor the performance of Azure ExpressRoute.

Note:

IP flow verify checks if a packet is allowed or denied to or from a virtual machine. The information consists of direction, protocol, local IP, remote IP, local port, and remote port. If the packet is denied by a security group, the name of the rule that denied the packet is returned. While any source or destination IP can be chosen, IP flow verify helps administrators quickly diagnose connectivity issues from or to the internet and from or to the on-premises environment.

IP flow verify looks at the rules for all Network Security Groups (NSGs) applied to the network interface, such as a subnet or virtual machine NIC. Traffic flow is then verified based on the configured settings to or from that network interface. IP flow verify is useful in confirming if a rule in a Network Security Group is blocking ingress or egress traffic to or from a virtual machine.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/network-watcher/network-watcher-monitoring-overview> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/network-watcher/network-watcher-ip-flow-verify-overview>

NEW QUESTION 168

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an on-premises network and an Azure subscription. The on-premises network has several branch offices.

A branch office in Toronto contains a virtual machine named VM1 that is configured as a file server. Users access the shared files on VM1 from all the offices.

You need to recommend a solution to ensure that the users can access the shares files as quickly as possible if

the Toronto branch office is inaccessible.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. a Recovery Services vault and Azure Backup
- B. an Azure file share and Azure File Sync
- C. Azure blob containers and Azure File Sync
- D. a Recovery Services vault and Windows Server Backup

Answer: B

Explanation:

Use Azure File Sync to centralize your organization's file shares in Azure Files, while keeping the flexibility, performance, and compatibility of an on-premises file server. Azure File Sync transforms Windows Server into a quick cache of your Azure file share.

You need an Azure file share in the same region that you want to deploy Azure File Sync. Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/files/storage-sync-files-deployment-guide>

NEW QUESTION 169

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to deploy Azure Databricks to support a machine learning application. Data engineers will mount an Azure Data Lake Storage account to the Databricks file system. Permissions to folders are granted directly to the data engineers.

You need to recommend a design for the planned Databrick deployment. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- > Ensure that the data engineers can only access folders to which they have permissions.
- > Minimize development effort.
- > Minimize costs.

What should you include in the recommendation? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

Databricks SKU:

	▼
Premium	
Standard	

Cluster configuration:

	▼
Credential passthrough	
Managed identities	
MLflow	
A runtime that contains Photon	
Secret scope	

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Box 1: Standard

Choose Standard to minimize costs. Box 2: Credential passthrough

Athenticate automatically to Azure Data Lake Storage Gen1 (ADLS Gen1) and Azure Data Lake Storage Gen2 (ADLS Gen2) from Azure Databricks clusters using the same Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) identity that you use to log into Azure Databricks. When you enable Azure Data Lake Storage credential passthrough for your cluster, commands that you run on that cluster can read and write data in Azure Data Lake Storage without requiring you to configure service principal credentials for access to storage.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/databricks/security/credential-passthrough/adls-passthrough>

NEW QUESTION 171

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have the resources shown in the following table.

Name	Type	Resource group
VM1	Azure virtual machine	RG1
VM2	On-premises virtual machine	Not applicable

You create a new resource group in Azure named RG2. You need to move the virtual machines to RG2.

What should you use to move each virtual machine? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

VM1:

Azure Arc
Azure Lighthouse
Azure Migrate
Azure Resource Mover
The Data Migration Assistant (DMA)

VM2:

Azure Arc
Azure Lighthouse
Azure Migrate
Azure Resource Mover
The Data Migration Assistant (DMA)

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

VM1:

Azure Arc

Azure Lighthouse

Azure Migrate

Azure Resource Mover

The Data Migration Assistant (DMA)

VM2:

Azure Arc

Azure Lighthouse

Azure Migrate

Azure Resource Mover

The Data Migration Assistant (DMA)

NEW QUESTION 174

- (Exam Topic 5)

Your company has the divisions shown in the following table.

Division	Azure subscription	Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant
East	Sub1, Sub2	East.contoso.com
West	Sub3, Sub4	West.contoso.com

You plan to deploy a custom application to each subscription. The application will contain the following: ➤ A resource group

- An Azure web app
- Custom role assignments
- An Azure Cosmos DB account

You need to use Azure Blueprints to deploy the application to each subscription.

What is the minimum number of objects required to deploy the application? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Management groups:

1

2

3

4

Blueprint definitions:

1

2

3

4

Blueprint assignments:

1

2

3

4

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Box 1: 2

One management group for East, and one for West.

When creating a blueprint definition, you'll define where the blueprint is saved. Blueprints can be saved to a management group or subscription that you have Contributor access to. If the location is a management group, the blueprint is available to assign to any child subscription of that management group.

Box 2: 2

Box 3: 4

One assignment for each subscription.

"Assigning a blueprint definition to a management group means the assignment object exists at the management group. The deployment of artifacts still targets a subscription. To perform a management group assignment, the Create Or Update REST API must be used and the request body must include a value for properties.scope to define the target subscription."

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/governance/blueprints/overview#blueprint-assignment>

NEW QUESTION 175

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription. The subscription has a blob container that contains multiple blobs. Ten users in the finance department of your company plan to access the blobs during the month of April. You need to recommend a solution to enable access to the blobs during the month of April only. Which security solution should you include in the recommendation?

- A. shared access signatures (SAS)
- B. access keys
- C. conditional access policies
- D. certificates

Answer: A

Explanation:

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/common/storage-sas-overview>

NEW QUESTION 177

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to move a web application named App1 from an on-premises data center to Azure. App1 depends on a custom COM component that is installed on the host server.

You need to recommend a solution to host App1 in Azure. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- App1 must be available to users if an Azure data center becomes unavailable.
- Costs must be minimized.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. In two Azure regions, deploy a load balancer and a virtual machine scale set.
- B. In two Azure regions, deploy a Traffic Manager profile and a web app.
- C. In two Azure regions, deploy a load balancer and a web app.
- D. Deploy a load balancer and a virtual machine scale set across two availability zones.

Answer: D

Explanation:

(<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/dotnet/azure/migration/app-service#com-and-com-components>)

Azure App Service does not allow the registration of COM components on the platform. If your app makes use of any COM components, these need to be rewritten in managed code and deployed with the site or application. <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/dotnet/azure/migration/app-service>

"Azure App Service with Windows Containers If your app cannot be migrated directly to App Service, consider App Service using Windows Containers, which enables usage of the GAC, COM components, MSIs, full access to .NET FX APIs, DirectX, and more."

NEW QUESTION 178

- (Exam Topic 5)

You are planning an Azure IoT Hub solution that will include 50,000 IoT devices.

Each device will stream data, including temperature, device ID, and time data. Approximately 50,000 records will be written every second. The data will be visualized in near real time.

You need to recommend a service to store and query the data.

Which two services can you recommend? Each correct answer presents a complete solution.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

- A. Azure Table Storage
- B. Azure Event Grid
- C. Azure Cosmos DB SQL API
- D. Azure Time Series Insights

Answer: CD

Explanation:

D: Time Series Insights is a fully managed service for time series data. In this architecture, Time Series Insights performs the roles of stream processing, data store, and analytics and reporting. It accepts streaming data from either IoT Hub or Event Hubs and stores, processes, analyzes, and displays the data in near real time.

C: The processed data is stored in an analytical data store, such as Azure Data Explorer, HBase, Azure Cosmos DB, Azure Data Lake, or Blob Storage.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/architecture/data-guide/scenarios/time-series>

NEW QUESTION 179

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription that contains a custom application named Application was developed by an external company named fabric, Ltd. Developers at Fabrikam were assigned role-based access control (RBAC) permissions to the Application components. All users are licensed for the Microsoft 365 E5 plan.

You need to recommend a solution to verify whether the Faricak developers still require permissions to Application1. The solution must meet the following requirements.

- * To the manager of the developers, send a monthly email message that lists the access permissions to Application1.
- * If the manager does not verify access permission, automatically revoke that permission.
- * Minimize development effort. What should you recommend?

- A. In Azure Active Directory (AD) Privileged Identity Management, create a custom role assignment for the Application1 resources
- B. Create an Azure Automation runbook that runs the Get-AzureADUserAppRoleAssignment cmdlet
- C. Create an Azure Automation runbook that runs the Get-AzureRmRoleAssignment cmdlet
- D. In Azure Active Directory (Azure AD), create an access review of Application1

Answer: D

Explanation:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/governance/manage-user-access-with-access-reviews> Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) access reviews enable organizations to efficiently manage group memberships, access to enterprise applications, and role assignments. User's access can be reviewed on a regular basis to make sure only the right people have continued access. Have reviews recur periodically: You can set up recurring access reviews of users at set frequencies such as weekly, monthly, quarterly or annually, and the reviewers will be notified at the start of each review. Reviewers can approve or deny access with a friendly interface and with the help of smart recommendations.

Why are access reviews important?

"Azure AD enables you to collaborate with users from inside your organization and with external users. Users can join groups, invite guests, connect to cloud apps, and work remotely from their work or personal devices. The convenience of using self-service has led to a need for better access management capabilities."

NEW QUESTION 182

- (Exam Topic 5)

You are designing an Azure governance solution.

All Azure resources must be easily identifiable based on the following operational information environment, owner, department and cost center

You need to ensure that you can use the operational information when you generate reports for the Azure resources.

What should you include in the solution?

- A. Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) administrative units
- B. an Azure data catalog that uses the Azure REST API as a data source
- C. an Azure policy that enforces tagging rules
- D. an Azure management group that uses parent groups to create a hierarchy

Answer: C

Explanation:

You use Azure Policy to enforce tagging rules and conventions. By creating a policy, you avoid the scenario of resources being deployed to your subscription that don't have the expected tags for your organization. Instead of manually applying tags or searching for resources that aren't compliant, you create a policy that automatically applies the needed tags during deployment.

Note: Organizing cloud-based resources is a crucial task for IT, unless you only have simple deployments. Use naming and tagging standards to organize your resources for these reasons:

Resource management: Your IT teams will need to quickly locate resources associated with specific workloads, environments, ownership groups, or other important information. Organizing resources is critical to assigning organizational roles and access permissions for resource management.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/cloud-adoption-framework/decision-guides/resource-tagging> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/azure-resource-manager/management/tag-policies>

NEW QUESTION 185

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure Data Lake Storage account that contains 1,000 10-MB CSV files and an Azure Synapse Analytics dedicated SQL pool named sql1. You need to load the files to sql1. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- > Maximize data load performance.
- > Eliminate the need to define external tables before the data loads.

What should you use?

- A. the copy statement
- B. PolyBase
- C. BCP
- D. the sqlBulkcopy object

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 189

- (Exam Topic 5)

You deploy two instances of an Azure web app. One instance is in the East US Azure region and the other instance is in the West US Azure region. The web app uses Azure Blob storage to deliver large files to end users.

You need to recommend a solution for delivering the files to the users. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- > Ensure that the users receive files from the same region as the web app that they access.
- > Ensure that the files only need to be updated once.
- > Minimize costs.

What should you include in the recommendation?

- A. Azure File Sync
- B. Distributed File System (DFS)
- C. read-access geo-redundant storage (RA-GRS)

D. geo-redundant storage (GRS)

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 192

- (Exam Topic 5)

You need to design a highly available Azure SQL database that meets the following requirements:

- Failover between replicas of the database must occur without any data loss.
- The database must remain available in the event of a zone outage.
- Costs must be minimized

Which deployment option should you use?

- A. Azure SQL Database Standard
- B. Azure SQL Database Serverless
- C. Azure SQL Managed Instance General Purpose
- D. Azure SQL Database Premium

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 197

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an on-premises network to which you deploy a virtual appliance.

You plan to deploy several Azure virtual machines and connect the on-premises network to Azure by using a Site-to-Site connection.

All network traffic that will be directed from the Azure virtual machines to a specific subnet must flow through the virtual appliance.

You need to recommend solutions to manage network traffic.

Which two options should you recommend? Each correct answer presents a complete solution.

- A. Configure Azure Traffic Manager.
- B. Implement an Azure virtual network.
- C. Implement Azure ExpressRoute.
- D. Configure a routing table.

Answer: CD

Explanation:

Connectivity can be from an any-to-any (IP VPN) network, a point-to-point Ethernet network, or a virtual cross-connection through a connectivity provider at a co-location facility. ExpressRoute connections do not go over the public Internet. This allows ExpressRoute connections to offer more reliability, faster speeds, lower latencies, and higher security than typical connections over the Internet.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/vpn-gateway/vpn-gateway-forced-tunneling-rm> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/expressroute/expressroute-introduction>

NEW QUESTION 202

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to deploy a custom database solution that will have multiple instances as shown in the following table.

Host virtual machine	Azure Availability Zone	Azure region
USDB1	1	US East
USDB2	2	US East
USDB3	3	US East
EUDB1	1	West Europe
EUDB2	2	West Europe
EUDB3	3	West Europe

Client applications will access database servers by using db.contoso.com.

You need to recommend load balancing services for the planned deployment. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Access to at least one database server must be maintained in the event of a regional outage.
- The virtual machines must not connect to the internet directly.

What should you include in the recommendation? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Global load balancing service:

▼

Azure Application Gateway

Azure Front Door

Azure Load Balancer

Azure Traffic Manager

Availability Zone load balancing service:

▼

Azure Application Gateway

Azure Front Door

Azure Load Balancer

Azure Traffic Manager

- A. Mastered
 B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Graphical user interface, text, application Description automatically generated

Box 1: Azure Traffic Manager

Traffic Manager is a DNS-based traffic load balancer that enables you to distribute traffic optimally to services across global Azure regions, while providing high availability and responsiveness. Because Traffic Manager is a DNS-based load-balancing service, it load balances only at the domain level. For that reason, it can't fail over as quickly as Front Door, because of common challenges around DNS caching and systems not honoring DNS TTLs.

Service	Global/regional	Recommended traffic
Azure Front Door	Global	HTTP(S)
Traffic Manager	Global	non-HTTP(S)
Application Gateway	Regional	HTTP(S)
Azure Load Balancer	Regional	non-HTTP(S)

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/architecture/guide/technology-choices/load-balancing-overview>

NEW QUESTION 204

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to create an Azure Storage account that will host file shares. The shares will be accessed from on-premises applications that are transaction-intensive. You need to recommend a solution to minimize latency when accessing the file shares. The solution must provide the highest-level of resiliency for the selected storage tier.

What should you include in the recommendation? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Storage tier:

Hot

Premium

Transaction optimized

Resiliency:

Geo-redundant storage (GRS)

Zone-redundant storage (ZRS)

Locally-redundant storage (LRS)

- A. Mastered
 B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Box 1: Premium

Premium: Premium file shares are backed by solid-state drives (SSDs) and provide consistent high performance and low latency, within single-digit milliseconds for most IO operations, for IO-intensive workloads.

Box 2: Zone-redundant storage (ZRS):

Premium Azure file shares only support LRS and ZRS.

Zone-redundant storage (ZRS): With ZRS, three copies of each file stored, however these copies are physically isolated in three distinct storage clusters in different Azure availability zones.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/files/storage-files-planning>

NEW QUESTION 206

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription that contains an Azure Blob storage account named store1.

You have an on-premises file server named Setver1 that runs Windows Server 2016. Server1 stores 500 GB of company files.

You need to store a copy of the company files from Server 1 in store1.

Which two possible Azure services achieve this goal? Each correct answer presents a complete solution. NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point

- A. an Azure Batch account
- B. an integration account
- C. an On-premises data gateway
- D. an Azure Import/Export job
- E. Azure Data factory

Answer: DE

Explanation:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/common/storage-import-export-data-from-blobs> <https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/answers/questions/311113/fastest-method-to-copy-500gb-table-from-on-premise>

NEW QUESTION 208

- (Exam Topic 5)

You have an Azure subscription that contains the SQL servers shown in the following table.

Name	Resource group	Location
SQLsvr1	RG1	East US
SQLsvr2	RG2	West US

The subscription contains the storage accounts shown in the following table.

Name	Resource group	Location	Account kind
storage1	RG1	East US	StorageV2 (general purposev2)
storage2	RG2	Central US	BlobStorage

You create the Azure SQL databases shown in the following table.

Name	Resource group	Server	Pricing tier
SQLdb1	RG1	SQLsvr1	Standard
SQLdb2	RG1	SQLsvr1	Standard
SQLdb3	RG2	SQLsvr2	Premium

Answer Area

Statements

Yes No

When you enable auditing for SQLdb1, you can store the audit information to storage1.

☐
☐

When you enable auditing for SQLdb2, you can store the audit information to storage2.

☐
☐

When you enable auditing for SQLdb3, you can store the audit information to storage2.

☐
☐

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Box 1: Yes

Be sure that the destination is in the same region as your database and server. Box 2: No

Box 3: Yes

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/sql-database/sql-database-auditing> Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/sql-database/sql-database-auditing>

[https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/previous-versions/azure/dn741340\(v=azure.100\)?redirectedfrom=MSDN](https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/previous-versions/azure/dn741340(v=azure.100)?redirectedfrom=MSDN)

NEW QUESTION 210

- (Exam Topic 5)

You need to design a storage solution for an app that will store large amounts of frequently used data. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Maximize data throughput.
- Prevent the modification of data for one year.
- Minimize latency for read and write operations.

Which Azure Storage account type and storage service should you recommend? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

Storage account type:

	▼
BlobStorage	
BlockBlobStorage	
FileStorage	
StorageV2 with Premium performance	
StorageV2 with Standard performance	

Storage service:

	▼
Blob	
File	
Table	

- A. Mastered
- B. Not Mastered

Answer: A

Explanation:

Box 1: BlockBlobStorage

Block Blob is a premium storage account type for block blobs and append blobs. Recommended for scenarios with high transactions rates, or scenarios that use smaller objects or require consistently low storage latency.

Box 2: Blob

The Archive tier is an offline tier for storing blob data that is rarely accessed. The Archive tier offers the lowest storage costs, but higher data retrieval costs and latency compared to the online tiers (Hot and Cool). Data must remain in the Archive tier for at least 180 days or be subject to an early deletion charge.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/blobs/archive-blob>

NEW QUESTION 211

- (Exam Topic 5)

You plan to deploy an application named App1 that will run on five Azure virtual machines. Additional virtual machines will be deployed later to run App1.

You need to recommend a solution to meet the following requirements for the virtual machines that will run App1:

- Ensure that the virtual machines can authenticate to Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) to gain access to
- an Azure key vault, Azure Logic Apps instances, and an Azure SQL database.
- Avoid assigning new roles and permissions for Azure services when you deploy additional virtual machines.
- Avoid storing secrets and certificates on the virtual machines. Which type of identity should you include in the recommendation?

- A. a service principal that is configured to use a certificate
- B. a system-assigned managed identity
- C. a service principal that is configured to use a client secret
- D. a user-assigned managed identity

Answer: D

Explanation:

Managed identities for Azure resources is a feature of Azure Active Directory.

User-assigned managed identity can be shared. The same user-assigned managed identity can be associated with more than one Azure resource.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/managed-identities-azure-resources/overview>

NEW QUESTION 215

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