



IIBA

Exam Questions CBAP

Cetified business analysis professional (CBAP) appliacion

NEW QUESTION 1

- (Topic 1)

What plan includes the description of the scope of work, the deliverable Work Breakdown Structure, the activity list, and estimates for the business analysis activities?

- A. Project management plan
- B. Implementation plan
- C. Requirements management plan
- D. Business analysis plan

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 2

- (Topic 1)

Donna is leading a brainstorming session for her organization. She has asked the participants in this group to come up with at least ten ideas for possible solutions to an identified problem. What is the problem with setting the goal as ten ideas for possible solutions in this session?

- A. The goal should be to come up with as many solutions as possible, not just ten idea
- B. The goal should be to generate ten ideas within a set time period
- C. The goal should be to come up with the best solution for the problem, not ten idea
- D. The goal should be to include everyone's input to the solution

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 3

- (Topic 1)

Paul is the business analyst for his organization. He is examining a single solution to determine if the solution he and his team have identified carries enough business value to justify its implementation. What business analysis process is Paul performing in this scenario?

- A. Define transition requirements
- B. Assess proposed solution
- C. Assess organizational readiness
- D. Allocate requirements

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 4

- (Topic 1)

The business analysis approach generally defines all of the following attributes except for which one?

- A. Deliverables
- B. Analysis technique
- C. Team roles
- D. Requirements for solutions acceptance

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 5

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are with another business analyst, Steve, on the requirements elicitation for a new solution. You warn Steve that you'll need to be tracing the requirements in an effort to prevent scope creep. What is scope creep?

- A. The scope grows slightly larger as more requirements, often unneeded, are added to the scope
- B. The scope slips on the schedule which in turn delays the project delivery date
- C. Gold plating
- D. The scope shifts from the original intent of the business case

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 6

- (Topic 1)

What does the T in SWOT analysis mean?

- A. Trial
- B. Threats
- C. Test
- D. Time

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 7

- (Topic 1)

Jane is the business analyst for her organization and she is completing passive observation to identify improvement opportunities in the workflow. She notices that some of the employees perform certain customer-facing activities in a different format than the other workers. Is this a problem that can be addressed as part of an improvement opportunity?

- A. It can be a problem as customers could become confused or frustrated because of the different approaches to the work
- B. It is not a problem unless there is a drop in sales so it should be left alone
- C. It can be a problem as the enterprise environmental factors always call for consistency in all processes
- D. It is not a problem unless the customer complains
- E. If Jane has not noticed the customers complaining then the process should be left alone

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 8

- (Topic 1)

Enterprise analysis creates just five outputs. Which one of the following is an output of the enterprise analysis tasks?

- A. Assumptions and constraints
- B. Stakeholder concerns
- C. Solution performance assessment
- D. Solution approach

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 9

- (Topic 1)

What business analysis element tries to identify as many potential options as possible to meet the business objectives and fill identified gaps in capabilities?

- A. Ranking of approaches
- B. Decision analysis
- C. Documentation of assumptions and constraints
- D. Alternative generation

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 10

- (Topic 1)

All of the following stakeholders participate in the prioritization of requirements except for which one?

- A. Implementation subject matter expert
- B. Project team
- C. Domain subject matter expert
- D. Project manager

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 10

- (Topic 1)

Which stakeholder must approve the business analysis approach to ensure that the business analysis approach is compatible with the other project activities?

- A. Project sponsor
- B. Project manager
- C. Project customer
- D. Change control board

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 12

- (Topic 1)

When can changes to requirements occur in a business analysis planning and monitoring assignment?

- A. Change to requirements can occur any time before the project scope statement is created
- B. Changes to requirements can occur at any time
- C. Changes to requirements can occur any time after the project's change control system has been enacted
- D. Change to requirements can occur at any time before the key stakeholders approve the identified requirement

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 13

- (Topic 1)

You have identified a task in your task list that cannot be completed until the inspector for the project signs off on the initial deliverables. The inspector's signoff on the initial deliverables is called what?

- A. Assumption
- B. Dependency
- C. Milestone
- D. Constraint

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 18

- (Topic 1)

You are working with several business analysts to determine the solution approach for an identified problem. All of the following techniques are acceptable for identifying the solution approach except for which one?

- A. Benchmarking
- B. Decision analysis
- C. Risk analysis
- D. Brainstorming

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 19

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization. Management has asked that you create a method to store the project requirements including those under development, under review, and the requirements which have been approved. What is management asking you to create?

- A. A change management system
- B. A repository
- C. A project scope statement
- D. A requirements register

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 22

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are working with Jennifer to conduct stakeholder analysis. You would like to create a RACI chart to help with the roles of the people involved in the stakeholder analysis process. Jennifer is not familiar with this chart and asks what does RACI mean. Which one of the following best describes the RACI chart in the conduct stakeholder analysis process?

- A. It's a matrix that uses the Responsible, Accountable, Consult, and Inform tasks as part of the stakeholder analysis process
- B. It's a role and responsibility chart that identifies when stakeholders are needed in the business analyst duties
- C. It's a matrix that uses Role, Action, Consult, and Inform as part of the conduct stakeholder analysis process
- D. It's a rule that the business analyst can use to identify all of the needed stakeholders: roles, actions, communications, and interests

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 23

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are working on organizing the identified requirements for a new solution. Nancy, your assistant in this process, says that these requirements aren't very complex. You agree but add that it's this thing that makes the overall solution complex. What thing adds to the level of complexity among requirements?

- A. Relationships among the requirements
- B. Management in the project
- C. Stakeholders in the project
- D. Cost and schedule constraints

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 28

- (Topic 1)

Henry is the business analyst for the UUH Organization. Currently Henry is working on several work products as part of the requirements development process. He may need to share these work products with the stakeholders. Which of the following is not an example of a work product?

- A. Requirements documentation
- B. Interview questions and notes
- C. Meeting agendas and minutes
- D. Presentation slides

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 33

- (Topic 1)

Fred's organization is using a plan-driven approach for the business analysis deliverables. In this approach how will the requirements be captured?

- A. Fred will use the appropriate documentation at the discretion of the business analysis team.
- B. Fred will use the project management information system
- C. Fred will use whatever business analysis forms are most appropriate
- D. Fred will use standardized template

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 35

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are to conduct stakeholder analysis. Which of the following statements best describes the conduct stakeholder analysis task?

- A. This task identifies organizations and lines of business that may be affected by a proposed initiative or who share a common business need
- B. This task identifies stakeholders who may be affected by a proposed initiative or who share a common business need
- C. This task identifies the organizations that are likely affected by a problem that a project must solve
- D. This task identifies the people who may be affected by a proposed initiative or who share a common business need

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 38

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization. Management has asked that you create a stakeholder map as part of the conduct stakeholder analysis process. What is a stakeholder map?

- A. A stakeholder map is a visual diagram that shows the connection among positive and negative stakeholder
- B. A stakeholder map is a visual diagram that illustrates where the stakeholders are geographically located
- C. A stakeholder map is a visual diagram that depicts the stakeholders' actions as responsible, accountable, consult, and inform
- D. A stakeholder map is a visual diagram that depicts the relationship of the stakeholders to the solution and to one another

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 40

- (Topic 1)

Some of the requirements in the solution must be completed because of laws and regulations in your industry. Management would like you, the business analyst, to rank the requirements according to the relevant laws. What type of requirements prioritization is management having you complete?

- A. Regulatory ranking
- B. Business value ranking
- C. Constraint ranking
- D. Risk ranking

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 45

- (Topic 1)

Which one of the following terms is not a business analysis planning and monitoring approach?

- A. Structured walkthroughs
- B. Decision analysis
- C. Requirements elicitation
- D. Process modeling

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 46

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization. Gary and Janet, two key stakeholders in the project, are in disagreement over a requirement for the type of software to be installed on the server your solution calls for. What must happen in this instance before formal approval can be offered?

- A. The conflict will need to be resolved through research, resolution, or through a third-party mediation.
- B. Gary and Janet will need to determine who has seniority in the company to determine which requirement takes precedence.
- C. The conflict will need to be removed from the solution scope until Gary and Janet come to a solution.
- D. The business analyst will need to make a decision on which requirement is most appropriate.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 47

- (Topic 1)

Paul is the business analyst for his organization. He is examining a single solution to determine if the solution he and his team have identified carries enough business value to justify its implementation. What business analysis process is Paul performing in this scenario?

- A. Assess organizational readiness
- B. Define transition requirements
- C. Allocate requirements
- D. Assess proposed solution

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 50

- (Topic 1)

You are completing enterprise analysis. Management has asked you to create a document that will help them create a go/no go decision to invest and move forward with a proposed project. What document does management want you to create?

- A. Feasibility study
- B. Project scope
- C. Solution scope
- D. Business case

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 53

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization and working with the stakeholders to prioritize the requirements. The stakeholders are concerned about the financial impact of the requirements should some of them fail during the implementation. You would like to rank the risk tolerance of the stakeholders based on their comments about the solution and the requirements. The following are the three categories of risk tolerance associated with the stakeholders except for which one?

- A. Mitigation
- B. Risk-aversion
- C. Risk-seeking
- D. Neutrality

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 57

- (Topic 1)

Your organization completes software development for other companies as its core business.

Management would like to streamline the requirements gathering processes as many of the projects your company do are similar in nature. What approach could you as a business analyst do to help streamline the requirements gathering process for your organization?

- A. Implement a requirements re-use repository
- B. Implement project template
- C. Implement a requirements gathering form
- D. Implement scope solution models

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 59

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization. Management realizes that a proposed solution has risks that may cause the entire project to fail. They would like you to prioritize the requirements with maximum risks first so that if the project fails, there is little loss of capital in the project implementation. What requirements prioritization approach is management asking you to create in this instance?

- A. Implementation difficulty
- B. Business or technical risk
- C. Likelihood of success
- D. Relationship to other requirements

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 62

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization. You are currently working with Steve on the organize requirements process. You and Steve have elected to use the user stories approach for this process. What is the user stories approach for requirements organization?

- A. Stakeholders' experiences equate to the stakeholder requirement
- B. Stakeholders are interviewed and their experiences are recorded to help identify the requirement
- C. Stakeholders' objectives are described to identify the requirements that the solution will need to support
- D. Stakeholders are interviewed and their stories are recorded as part of the requirement

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 63

- (Topic 1)

You are hosting a collection of stakeholders from across the organization to identify the ideas and attitudes about your company's help desk. You want the stakeholders to honestly share their opinions about the help desk service so you can identify problems, solutions, and take actions to improve the service. What type of requirements elicitation activity is this?

- A. Stakeholder analysis
- B. Focus groups
- C. Workshop
- D. Root cause analysis

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 64

- (Topic 1)

Paul has been asked to complete SWOT analysis for his solution scope. What does SWOT analysis mean?

- A. Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities, Time
- B. Stakeholder Weaknesses, Organizational Threats
- C. Stakeholders Weaknesses, Organization, Threats
- D. Strengths, Weaknesses, Opportunities, Threats

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 67

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization. Management has asked that in the business case you're creating that you also include the projected costs and benefits to be realized and how those and benefits will be assessed and evaluated. What term matches management's request?

- A. Cost-benefits justification
- B. Risk assessment
- C. SWOT analysis
- D. Results measurements

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 70

- (Topic 1)

Henry is the business analyst for his organization. Management has created a pre-determined budget of \$450,000 for his solution. Henry has identified the project requirements but now wants to prioritize them based on timeboxing and budgeting. Henry examines the cost of the requirements and begins removing the requirements from the allowed list in order to meet the \$450,000 budget. What timeboxing or budgeting approach is Henry using?

- A. Parametric
- B. All in
- C. Selective
- D. All out

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 71

- (Topic 1)

Nancy has asked you to trace a particular requirement for her. What does 'to trace a requirement' mean? A. Tracing a requirement means to look at a requirement and the others to which it is related. It links risk, cost, quality, and scope elements to stakeholder and solution requirements to other artifacts created by the team and to solution components.

- A. Tracing a requirement means to look at a requirement and the others to which it is relate
- B. It links business requirements to stakeholder and solution requirements to other artifacts created by the team and to solution component
- C. Tracing a requirement means to look at a requirement and the others to which it is relate
- D. It links business requirements to components in the project's work breakdown structur
- E. Tracing a requirement means to track a requirements from its first identification all the way to its completion to see what issues, risks, costs, quality, and defects have surrounded the requirement

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 74

- (Topic 1)

What two factors must the business analyst consider when conducting stakeholder analysis?

- A. Politics and influence
- B. Influence and attitude
- C. Attitude and position
- D. Position and politics

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 76

- (Topic 1)

You are working with Terry on the conduct stakeholder analysis task as part of the business analysis duties in your company. Terry wants to know why it's so important to identify stakeholders so early in the business analysis duties. Which one of the following statements best addresses the need to identify the stakeholders early on in the business analysis duties?

- A. It's important to identify the stakeholders so the business analyst knows who to report t
- B. It's important to identify the stakeholders so the business analyst knows who to bill for the projec
- C. It's important to identify the stakeholder so the business analyst can help ensure the timely delivery of the requirements deliverable
- D. It's important to identify the stakeholders so the stakeholders know who the business analyst i

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 81

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization and working with Tim to identify the assumptions within the business solution. Which one of the following is an assumption?

- A. The vendor believes the hardware should arrive by December 1
- B. The software must be compatible with Windows Vista
- C. The software must cost less than \$99 per license
- D. The hardware must costs less than \$450 per uni

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 85

- (Topic 1)

Your organization is trying to determine which one of two opportunities they will pursue. The Project A is worth \$235,987 and Project B is worth \$567,000 but carries significant risk. The organization elects to pursue Project B and not Project A. What is the opportunity cost in this scenario?

- A. \$331013
- B. There is not enough information to know as the risk for Project B has not been quantified
- C. \$235,987
- D. \$567,000

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 89

- (Topic 1)

When an organization is using a change-driven approach to business analysis, how are communications managed?

- A. Communications in a change-driven approach to business analysis focus more on the frequency of communication
- B. Communications in a change-driven approach typically use face-to-face channel
- C. Communications in a change-driven approach focus more on formal communication
- D. Communications in a change-driven approach are all ad hoc

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 94

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for your organization and you are preparing the business case for a proposed solution. You need to include the management horizon in your business case. What is the management horizon?

- A. It is the expected deliverables that will be beneficial for the organization
- B. It is the point in time when the solution will be complete
- C. It is the duration of each phase of the project until the solution earns a profit
- D. It is the point in time for the solution to break even on cost and begin earning a profit

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 99

- (Topic 1)

You are the business analyst for a large project in your organization. While your company prefers face-to-face communications there are many stakeholders located in different geographical locations. How can you still effectively serve as a business analyst when the stakeholders are not collocated?

- A. You will need to travel on a regular rotation to each of the geographical locations to complete the business analyst duties
- B. You will need to implement videoconference
- C. Add more business analysts in each of the geographical locations
- D. You will need the stakeholders to periodically gather in one local

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 104

- (Topic 1)

What business analysis process ensures that requirements specifications and models meet the necessary standard of quality to allow them to be used effectively to guide further work?

- A. Identify constraints and assumptions
- B. Validate requirements
- C. Verify requirements
- D. Specify and model requirements

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 108

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are coaching Roberta on how business analysis works. Roberta is confused about what a business analysis methodology is during the business analysis planning and monitoring phase of the business analysis duties. What is a methodology?

- A. A methodology is an approach that the business analyst believes will work but it has not been proven to work yet in the business analysis domain
- B. A methodology is a short term endeavor to create a unique product or service
- C. A methodology is a formalized plan that describes how the business analyst will complete the elicitation of requirements
- D. A methodology is a formalized and repeatable business analysis approach

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 110

- (Topic 2)

Robert is the business analyst for his organization and he's working with several stakeholders to identify the business need for an opportunity. Robert needs to identify the stakeholder that will be responsible for authorizing the actions needed in order to meet the identified business need. Which stakeholder does Robert need to identify?

- A. Sponsor

- B. Customer
- C. Implementation Subject Matter Expert
- D. Regulator

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 114

- (Topic 2)

As part of the requirements analysis a business analyst can use the same tools and techniques to model the current state of an organization. All of the following are valid reasons why would a business analyst want to create a current state domain model except for which one?

- A. The current state model can help identify opportunities for improvemen
- B. The current state model can help validate the solution scope with business and technical stakeholder
- C. The current state model can help the business analyst create Pareto charts for process improvemen
- D. The current state model can help assist stakeholders in understanding the current state

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 119

- (Topic 2)

There are just three inputs to the assess proposed solution process. Which of the following is not one of the inputs for the assess proposed solution process?

- A. Decision analysis
- B. Requirements
- C. Assumptions and constraints
- D. Solution options

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 120

- (Topic 2)

You are completing the requirements for vendor selection and need to create a procurement form that will ask the vendor to provide only a price for commercial-off-the-shelf solution. What type of procurement form will you need to provide to the vendor?

- A. Request for proposal
- B. Purchase order
- C. Request for information
- D. Request for quote

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 122

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for a large software development project. There are several issues that must be resolved by certain dates or the problem will prevent the project from advancing.

What technique can you use to track problems with the requirements?

- A. Problem tracking
- B. Issue tracking
- C. RTM
- D. Baselining

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 126

- (Topic 2)

It's often impossible or difficult to prove that the implementation of a solution will change the current state of an organization to the desired future state. The business analyst must document the characteristics and risk of the implementation of a solution in case the belief that the solution will achieve the desired results will prove invalid. What is the belief that the solution will create the desired effect for the organization called?

- A. Project
- B. Risk
- C. Assumption
- D. Model

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 128

- (Topic 2)

What does the T in SWOT analysis mean?

- A. Trial
- B. Time
- C. Test
- D. Threats

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 130

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are coaching Roberta on how business analysis works. Roberta is confused about what a business analysis methodology is during the business analysis planning and monitoring phase of the business analysis duties. What is a methodology?

- A. A methodology is an approach that the business analyst believes will work but it has not been proven to work yet in the business analysis domain
- B. A methodology is a short term endeavor to create a unique product or service
- C. A methodology is a formalized and repeatable business analysis approach
- D. A methodology is a formalized plan that describes how the business analyst will complete the elicitation of requirements

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 131

- (Topic 2)

Enterprise analysis provides many things for an organization. All of the following are tasks included in enterprise analysis except for which one?

- A. Determine solution approach
- B. Define business need
- C. Assess capability gaps
- D. Solution performance assessment

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 133

- (Topic 2)

You have completed the requirements documentation and the stakeholders have signed off on the requirements. Now the requirements are advancing into a project as your organization has chartered a project based on the identified requirements. What stakeholder is now responsible for assessing the solution scope to determine the project scope?

- A. Project sponsor
- B. Project manager
- C. Business analyst
- D. Key stakeholders

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 137

- (Topic 2)

What requirements elicitation technique examines the available information, documentation, records, and history of a solution, organization, or cause to identify relevant information to the current business analysis duties?

- A. Benchmarking
- B. Dataflow diagrams
- C. Document analysis
- D. Requirements elicitation

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 141

- (Topic 2)

You are preparing the business case for a proposed solution in your organization. You need to identify several components for the business case including an assessment of the risks the solution may contain. Which one of the following is the best definition of a risk as it pertains to the business case?

- A. Risk is an uncertain event or condition that may have both positive and negative effects on the solution
- B. Risk is an uncertain event that can cause the organization to lose more money than it invests in the solution
- C. Risk is a potential event that can cause the solution to fail
- D. Risks are threats to the organization's success

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 146

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for THY Organization and you have gathered the requirements. You have presented the requirements to the stakeholders and they have approved your requirements. You are now working with Francie on recording the dependencies and relationships for each of the requirements. Why would you want to record the dependencies and relationships for the requirements?

- A. To help determine the sequence in which requirements are to be addressed
- B. To help determine which requirements carry the most risk
- C. To help determine the total cost for the solution to be implemented
- D. To help determine the total time for the solution to be implemented

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 150

- (Topic 2)

You are creating a model that shows how data moves through a system. Each function that modifies the data in any manner is identified, decomposed to smaller

levels, and the system is completely described from start to storage. What type of a modeling technique are you using in this scenario?

- A. Functional decomposition
- B. Data flow diagramming
- C. Organization modeling
- D. Work decomposition

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 151

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are preparing for the conduct elicitation activity. You'll need several stakeholders' roles as you prepare for this activity in your organization. Which one of the following stakeholders may be responsible to dictate that a specific process or technique be followed during your requirements elicitation activities?

- A. Project manager
- B. Regulator
- C. Functional management
- D. Project sponsor

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 153

- (Topic 2)

What two factors must the business analyst consider when conducting stakeholder analysis?

- A. Influence and attitude
- B. Position and politics
- C. Politics and influence
- D. Attitude and position

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 155

- (Topic 2)

Which conduct stakeholder analysis technique is useful for identifying shared characteristics of a stakeholder group?

- A. Surveys
- B. Scope modeling
- C. Brainstorming
- D. Interviews

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 157

- (Topic 2)

The RGQ Organization utilizes a change log. What is a change log?

- A. It is a document that records all change requests for the project
- B. It is a document that tracks all unauthorized changes to the project solution
- C. It is a document that tracks all characteristics and status of changes that have been received
- D. It is a document that tracks the changes that have been received, including their implementation to the project solution

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 158

- (Topic 2)

Marcy is the business analyst for her organization. She is completing the business analysis task of defining the business needs. She has the business goals and objectives and the requirements stated documentation. What must she confirm about the requirements stated documentation before defining the business need based on her analysis?

- A. The requirements must reflect actual business requirements, not a description of the solution
- B. The requirements must contain no or little risk
- C. The requirements must reflect proposed solutions as part of alternative identification
- D. The requirements must be compatible with the refinement of the business goals and objectives

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 163

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for a large project in your organization. You are working with Ben to create requirements packages to present to the stakeholders, the business analyst team, and to the project manager. Ben wants to know why you're creating requirements packages. What's the primary goal of developing a requirements package?

- A. To convey the cost, schedule, and risk information clearly
- B. To convey information clearly and in an understandable fashion
- C. To present the requirements in packages that are easy for the project team to accomplish in their project execution

D. To help the project manager create the work breakdown structure

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 164

- (Topic 2)

All of the following are techniques that can be used to specify or model requirements except for which one?

- A. Organization modeling
- B. Data modeling
- C. Work breakdown structure creation
- D. State diagrams

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 166

- (Topic 2)

Management comes to you and asks you to complete some specifications and models about the current state of the organization. Management wants you to complete this business analysis activity as soon as possible and report back to them with your findings. What is the primary purpose of the specify and model requirements process?

- A. To analyze the processes of an organization to determine what processes can be improved, removed, or added
- B. To analyze the utility function within the organization to determine how risk tolerance may allow for new opportunities
- C. To analyze the roles and responsibilities of users within the organization to determine how the processes may be improved
- D. To analyze the functioning of an organization and to provide an insight into opportunities for improvement

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 169

- (Topic 2)

What type of interview is the most common as part of requirements elicitation?

- A. Many-to-one
- B. Many-to-many
- C. One-to-one
- D. One-to-many

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 171

- (Topic 2)

Henry is the business analyst for his organization and is completing the conduct elicitation activity. Part of this activity is to record the results of the requirements elicitation process. All of the following are acceptable elements for requirements documentation except for which one?

- A. Text message sent via a secured mobile phone
- B. Written documents describing the outcomes
- C. Visual or audio recordings
- D. Whiteboards

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 172

- (Topic 2)

You are currently working on creating the activity list for an initiative in your organization. What characteristic must be assigned to each task in your task list?

- A. Procurement needs
- B. Roles and responsibilities
- C. Unique number
- D. Risk level

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 173

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are about to conduct requirements elicitation for a process to streamline the customer fulfillment system your organization uses. You need to understand how the people, processes, and technology within the customer fulfillment system operates before you begin the elicitation process. What type of analytical thinking are you participating in this scenario?

- A. Problem solving
- B. Creative thinking
- C. Brainstorming
- D. System thinking

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 174

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are working with Sally, a project manager, for your organization. You and Sally are determining the cost of the labor, materials, equipment, and facilities in order to achieve the different solutions that have been proposed for an identified problem. What is this process called?

- A. Cost budgeting
- B. Expert judgment
- C. Rough order of magnitude cost estimating
- D. Scoping the project costs

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 175

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for the NHQ Organization. Management has asked that you examine the workflow and internal processes for order fulfillment. Specifically they'd like you to complete an in-depth analysis and documentation of the business problems and opportunities that may exist for the organization. What business analysis knowledge area does this activity map to?

- A. Requirements elicitation
- B. Solution assessment and validation
- C. Enterprise analysis
- D. Requirements management and communication

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 177

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization. For the past several months you have been completing the business analysis duties for the solution stakeholders. You now have, you believe, the solution requirements identified and documented. What must you now do with the requirements before proceeding?

- A. Make certain the stakeholders can pay for the solution and have them sign off on the requirement
- B. Present the solution to the project manager for his input
- C. Get all of the stakeholders to sign off on the requirement
- D. Make certain the stakeholders understand the requirements before they approve the requirements you've gathered

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 179

- (Topic 2)

You have identified several problems that you need to track as the business analysis duties progress. You want to make certain that the identified activities are resolved. What document elicitation technique can help in this scenario?

- A. Brainstorming
- B. Observation
- C. Interviews
- D. Problem tracking

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 184

- (Topic 2)

Martha is observing Sarah complete several complex steps as part of her business analysis requirements elicitation process. In this instance Martha working alongside Sarah is actually helping Sarah complete the work so that Martha can understand all of the steps Sarah must complete. What type of requirements elicitation technique is Martha using?

- A. Progressive elaboration
- B. Shadowing
- C. Cross training requirements elicitation
- D. Active observation

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 189

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are working on prioritizing requirements. What plan should guide you through this process?

- A. Risk management plan
- B. Project management plan
- C. Requirements management plan
- D. Scope management plan

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 193

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization and you are preparing to elicit the requirements for a new business opportunity. Which one of the following statements best describes the prepare for elicitation process?

- A. You need authority granted to you from the sponsor to utilize resources for the elicit requirements proces
- B. You need to determine which elicitation techniques are needed for the requirements gathering techniqu
- C. You need to ensure all needed resources are organized and scheduled for conducting the elicitation activitie
- D. You need to receive permission from functional management to interview and elicit requirements for the stakeholder

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 195

- (Topic 2)

You are coaching Marcy, a new business analyst for your organization, on business analysis processes. Marcy is concerned about the define solution scope process, especially the implementation approach element. Which of the following statements best defines the implementation approach element for Marcy?

- A. The implementation approach describes how the chosen solution approach will deliver the solution scop
- B. The implementation approach defines major business and technical dependencies that impose constraints to the effort to deploy the solutio
- C. The implementation approach is described in terms of the major features and functions that are to be include
- D. The implementation approach describes the new capabilities required to meet the business nee

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 196

- (Topic 2)

There are four inputs to the plan business analysis activities. Which one of the following is not an input to the plan business analysis activities process?

- A. List of identified risks
- B. Organizational process assets
- C. Business analysis approach
- D. Stakeholder list, roles, and responsibilities

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 200

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization and you are working with Bill on creating a model. Bill is a little confused about all the different things a model can do for the stakeholders.

You explain to Bill that a model can do all of the following except for which one?

- A. Define the risk and reward for the requirements
- B. Categorize and create hierarchies of items
- C. Define boundaries for business domains
- D. Show business logic

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 205

- (Topic 2)

Paul is the business analyst for his organization. He is examining a single solution to determine if the solution he and his team have identified carries enough business value to justify its implementation. What business analysis process is Paul performing in this scenario?

- A. Assess organizational readiness
- B. Define transition requirements
- C. Allocate requirements
- D. Assess proposed solution

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 209

- (Topic 2)

There are four inputs to writing the business case as part of enterprise analysis. Which one of the following is not an input to writing the business case process?

- A. Business need
- B. Assumptions and constraints
- C. Requirements verification
- D. Stakeholder concerns

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 213

- (Topic 2)

You are the business analyst for your organization and are working on a solution that will connect several databases to a web application. You are concerned that the databases may not be operable with the software solution a programmer is recommending. What requirements elicitation technique can help you determine the interoperability of the software, the databases, and the web application?

- A. Benchmarking
- B. Interviews

- C. Interface analysis
- D. Usage considerations

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 218

- (Topic 2)

Gina has been asked to provide decision analysis for her solution scope. Which one of the following best describes the decision analysis technique?

- A. Assessed to support benefit management, measurement, and reportin
- B. Used to assess potential risks that may impact the solution and the cost and benefits associated with i
- C. Forecasts the size of the investment required to deploy and operate the proposed solutio
- D. Cost-benefit analysis compares the cost of implementing a solution against the benefits gaine
- E. Financial analysis includes the use of financial models that estimate the market value of an organizational asse

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 222

- (Topic 2)

What type of requirements elicitation technique is the Delphi Technique?

- A. Survey
- B. Workshop
- C. Round table
- D. Prototyping

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 226

- (Topic 2)

Which solution scope technique can help the business analyst understand the scope of the work by breaking down the scope into smaller work products?

- A. Interface analysis
- B. User stories
- C. Functional decomposition
- D. Scope modeling

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 227

- (Topic 2)

A business analyst is helping management determine which solution they should choose. As it happens that the organization can only choose one of the two solutions due to time and resource restrictions. Solution A worths \$456,000 to the organization while solution B worths \$565,000 to the organization. While solution A costs less, it is less risky and takes less time to complete so management elects to seize Solution A. What is the opportunity cost?

- A. \$565,000
- B. There is not enough information to know how much the solution will cost the organizatio
- C. \$109,000
- D. \$456,000

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 228

- (Topic 2)

Martha is observing Gary complete several activities as part of her requirements elicitation process. Martha is simply observing the steps Gary takes to complete his work and she is taking notes. In this instance Martha does not ask Gary any questions. What type of observation technique is Martha completing?

- A. Shadowing
- B. Active
- C. Passive
- D. Usage consideration

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 233

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following chart shows the correlation between project team members and the work they've been assigned to complete?

- A. Pie chart
- B. Responsibility Assignment Matrix (RAM) chart
- C. Gantt chart
- D. RACI chart

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 238

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following charts is a quality control tool to show categories of defects?

- A. Pareto chart
- B. RACI chart
- C. Gantt chart
- D. RAM chart

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 241

- (Topic 3)

Which one of the following diagrams visualize the result of the root cause analysis study?

- A. Activity diagrams
- B. State diagrams
- C. Tornado diagrams
- D. Cause-and effect diagrams

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 242

- (Topic 3)

As a milestone is reached, the project is funded for enough capital to reach the next milestone.

This approach is called _____.

- A. Step funding
- B. Phase funding
- C. Stakeholders funding
- D. Milestone funding

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 246

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following processes includes tasks and roles, risk categories, schedules for risk management activities, definitions of probability and impact, and the stakeholders' tolerances?

- A. Risk management plan
- B. Risk register
- C. Risk analysis
- D. Risk response plan

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 248

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following establishes organizational checks and balances with a proper segregation of front, back, and middle office functions for effective risk management?

- A. Risk response plan
- B. Risk analysis
- C. Risk management plan
- D. Risk governance

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 250

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following techniques is used to test customer acceptance of the solution and to measure marketplace demand?

- A. Interviews
- B. Market Survey
- C. Technology Assessment
- D. Prototyping

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 255

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following models defines the name of the data, data aliases, and description of system data?

- A. Class model
- B. Entity relationship
- C. Data dictionary
- D. CRUD matrix

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 259

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following involves defining the various threats, determining the extent of vulnerabilities, and devising countermeasures against a possible attack?

- A. Qualitative risk analysis
- B. Risk analysis
- C. Risk assessment
- D. Quantitative risk analysis

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 263

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following graphical presentations of a project plan is most appropriate for presenting to upper management?

- A. Pie chart
- B. Pareto Chat
- C. Critical Path Method
- D. Scatter chart

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 265

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following software development life cycles is a methodology that divides the project into phases, and the project manager focuses on control of time, cost, and scope?

- A. Spiral
- B. Agile
- C. Waterfall
- D. Incremental

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 266

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following is responsible for preparing the business architecture, feasibility studies, and business cases?

- A. Security Administrator
- B. Developer
- C. Business analyst
- D. Project leader

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 268

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following is a narrative description of the work required for the project?

- A. Contract work breakdown structure (CWBS)
- B. Work breakdown structure (WBS)
- C. Contract statement of work (CSOW)
- D. Statement of work (SOW)

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 273

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following is a visual decomposition of the program scope and the resources needed in order to create the things defined within the program scope?

- A. Resource breakdown structure (RBS)
- B. product breakdown structure (PBS)
- C. Budgeted Cost of Work Scheduled (BCWS)
- D. Work Breakdown Structure (WBS)

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 278

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following is concerned with determining whether the information used for risk analysis is probable, of high class, or accurate?

- A. Risk Urgency Assessment
- B. Risk Probability and Impact Assessment

- C. Risk Categorization
- D. Risk Data Quality Assessment

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 283

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following process models needs to complete each set of tasks in one phase before moving into the next phase in a project development life cycle?

- A. Procedural model
- B. Evolutionary model
- C. Spiral model
- D. Waterfall model

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 284

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following roles approves the project scope statement, phase gate reviews, solution validations, scope changes, and project success criteria?

- A. Project manager
- B. Subject matter expert
- C. Solution owner
- D. Stakeholder

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 288

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following documents is described in the statement below?

"It is a type of procurement document used to request proposals from prospective sellers of products or services."

- A. Request for quote
- B. Request for information
- C. Request for bid
- D. Request for proposal

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 293

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following component of the communication model is responsible for transferring the message between two or more entities?

- A. Sender
- B. Medium
- C. Decoder
- D. Receiver

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 296

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following meeting brings all of the potential vendors together to discuss the statement of work and the request for proposal?

- A. Contract bidding meeting
- B. Status meeting
- C. Qualified vendors meeting
- D. Bidders conference

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 297

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following is NOT a component of flowchart?

- A. Forks
- B. Attributes
- C. Activities
- D. Joins

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 302

- (Topic 3)

When does the lessons learned document is updated?

- A. At planning phase.
- B. At execution phase.
- C. At closing phase.
- D. Throughout the project lifecycle.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 306

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following charts is important to ensure that the roles and responsibilities of those involved in a task are tracked?

- A. Pie chart
- B. Line chart
- C. RACI chart
- D. Gantt chart

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 310

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following is a table of all stakeholders showing the mapping of which stakeholders will contribute information to other stakeholders?

- A. RACI Chart
- B. Communications Requirements Matrix
- C. Project scope statement
- D. Organizational Breakdown Structure

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 311

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following is the process of defining and analyzing the dangers to individuals, businesses, and government agencies posed by potential natural and human-caused adverse events?

- A. Risk analysis
- B. Risk identification
- C. Risk management
- D. Risk communication

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 313

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following represents the duration of activities against a calendar?

- A. Scatter chart
- B. Gantt chart
- C. Pie chart
- D. Pareto chart

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 314

- (Topic 3)

You are completing the prepare for elicitation process for an identified problem in your organization. The prepare for elicitation process requires three inputs for this process. Which one of the following is not an input that will help you prepare for the elicitation activities?

- A. Stakeholder list
- B. Stakeholder concerns
- C. Business need
- D. Solution scope

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 317

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following directs the improvement efforts to those areas that will have the biggest impact?

- A. Flowchart
- B. Gantt chart
- C. Pareto diagram
- D. User Documentation

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 320

- (Topic 3)

What portion of the communications model could be defined as the translator?

- A. Receiver
- B. Medium
- C. Translator
- D. Sender

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 324

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following roles helps assess the data requirements of a project, identifies data assets, and helps the project team complete data modeling requirements?

- A. Database analyst
- B. End user
- C. Subject matter expert
- D. Information architect

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 326

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following tasks does not rely on other activities, and no other activities rely on this task completing?

- A. Analysis task
- B. Independent task
- C. Predecessor task
- D. Dependent task

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 328

- (Topic 3)

The business process model is also known as _____.

- A. Organization model
- B. Activity model
- C. Relational model
- D. Data flow model

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 329

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following is a method of displaying the timelines of all the various subtasks that are involved in any project?

- A. Pie chart
- B. Scatter chart
- C. Activity network diagram
- D. Cost-benefit analysis

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 333

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following captures all of the activities within a business, the inputs and outputs of each activity, and the required resources to complete each activity?

- A. Business scenario
- B. Business process model
- C. Business architecture
- D. Business case

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 336

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following authorizes the project to exist within the organization?

- A. Project charter
- B. Project network diagram
- C. Project integration management
- D. Project boundaries

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 338

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following charts is described in the statement below?

"It shows the causes of a certain event. A common use of this diagram is to identify potential factors causing an overall effect. It helps identify causal factors and contributing causes."

- A. Ishikawa
- B. Flowchart
- C. Process configuration chart
- D. Control chart

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 340

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following is the comparison of planned project results with actual project results?

- A. Variance analysis
- B. Cost-benefit analysis
- C. Statistical Sampling
- D. Trend analysis

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 341

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following techniques involves attempting to make and numerically determine the probability of various adverse events and measuring the likely extent of the losses?

- A. Risk analysis
- B. Qualitative risk analysis
- C. Risk assessment
- D. Quantitative risk analysis

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 342

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following qualitative techniques involves a disciplined analysis of the event sequences that could transform a potential hazard into an accident?

- A. Failure mode and effects criticality analysis
- B. HAZOP technique
- C. Failure mode and effects analysis
- D. Preliminary Risk Analysis

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 343

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following terms is used to describe a major deliverable or key even in the project used to measure project progress?

- A. Project life cycle
- B. Phase
- C. Achievement
- D. Milestone

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 344

- (Topic 3)

You have identified several stakeholders that you believe are kinesthetic learners. Which statement best describes the kinesthetic learning approach?

- A. The learners learn best by reading and ponderin
- B. The learners learn best by experiencing the topi
- C. The learners learn best by seeing the topic in a model or through storyboard
- D. The learners are not interested in the topic unless they can immediately apply it to their lives or job

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 349

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following is NOT a component of an entity relationship diagram?

- A. Attributes
- B. Relationships
- C. Forks
- D. Entities

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 352

- (Topic 3)

Which one of the following diagrams when properly laid out is always laid in a left to right display to properly reflect the chronology of all project work?

- A. Influence diagram
- B. Project schedule network diagram
- C. Arrow diagramming method
- D. Time-scaled schedule network diagram

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 354

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following techniques involves determining and documenting the variance between business requirements and current capabilities?

- A. Risk analysis
- B. Schedule analysis
- C. GAP analysis
- D. Cost benefit analysis

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 359

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following is a graphical representation of roles and responsibilities of different project team members?

- A. RACI chart
- B. Pareto chart
- C. Resource histogram chart
- D. Organization chart

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 363

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following stages of a project defines the number of risks and opportunities, including intense planning and anticipation of risk events?

- A. Planning
- B. Executing
- C. Initiation
- D. Closing

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 366

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following phases is the first step towards creating a business continuity plan?

- A. Business Continuity Plan Development
- B. Scope and Plan Initiation
- C. Business Impact Assessment
- D. Plan Approval and Implementation

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 369

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following can be used in root cause analysis?

- A. Pareto chart
- B. Data-flow diagram
- C. Gantt chart
- D. Fishbone diagram

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 372

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following requires that all parties in the conflict must give up something?

- A. Barrier
- B. Problem solving
- C. Withdrawal

D. Compromising

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 377

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following processes can start with the source of problems or with the problem itself?

- A. Risk estimation
- B. Risk analysis
- C. Risk management
- D. Risk identification

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 378

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following is a process of adding labor to a project to reduce the project duration?

- A. Forming
- B. Storming
- C. Rolling wave planning
- D. Crashing

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION 382

- (Topic 3)

Which of the following is mandatory in most software development projects?

- A. Communication Management plan
- B. Disaster recovery plan
- C. Test plan
- D. Procurement plan

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION 387

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